The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

Beginning of the Great Strikes in Paris.

Over Fifteen Thousand Workmen in the Streets.

Adoption of the Senatus Consultum by the French Senate.

Recent Successes of the Cuban Insurgents.

The Freshet in the New-England and Middle States.

EUROPE.

The French Strikes Begun—Appointment of the Day for the Vote on the Plebiscitum—The Debates in the Senate.

PARIS, April 20.—The long-threatened strikes have begun in earnest. The foundrymen and moulders, about fifteen thousand strong, struck today, as did also the tailors. The house painters are expected to strike to-morrow. The sugar refiners and hatters have joined the strike. ....The trial of M. BARBENET, the director of HENRY ROCHEFORT'S journal, the *Marseillaise*, has been concluded. His offense was the publication in that journal of a congratulatory address from the women of Lyons to the women of La Creuzot. He was convicted, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of 4,000 francs....The political excitement on account of the *plebiscitum* is increasing throughout the country, and the journals complain that it has a bad effect on commerce. The *Moniteur* announces that the *Journal Officiel* will publish on Friday next a decree appointing the 8th of May as the day for taking the vote of the nation on the *plebiscitum*, and limiting the voting to one day....In the Senate today debate was continued on the Senatus Consultum. M. OLLIVIER closed the discussion with a long and brilliant speech. Referring to the *plebiscitum*, he said the Government did not wish to extend the question; they only desired to submit certain liberal modifications to the people. They had no intention of submitting the principle on which the State was founded, and of converting the hereditary Empire into an elective Empire. But the revolutionary party, obeying evil passions, had given another complexion to the debate. If the revolutionary party wished to combat the Government, the Government would accept the challenge. If the desire was to take revolutionary grounds, the Government would follow and outstrip its enemies. M. OLLIVIER assured the Senate that whatever might be the result of the struggle, the Government would not place itself on the track of reaction. He continued: "The Government and the Emperor will remain what they now are—always generous, liberal, and magnanimous. It is peculiar to the Emperor to be always advancing, never receding. The Government, in pursuing its work of conciliation, will always hold out its hands to honest men. Let them remember that democracy and liberty are not incompatible with the Empire. The triumph of liberty through Government will be, for the Sovereign, glory complete, and for the nation, security without a cloud. This passage called from the Senators a salvo of applause, which was twice repeated. M. OLLIVIER, concluding, said the Emperor still had the exclusive right to prepare the formula of the *plebiscitum*. The debate then closed, and the Senatus Consultum was adopted by the Senate.

A Nunnery Case in England Dismissed—Prosecution for Libeling the Prince of Wales—The Cortes—Austrian Politics.

LONDON, April 20.—The nunnery case of SAURIN *vs.* STARR has been struck from the calendar of the Court, having been finally settled. ....Legal proceedings have been instituted against the Sheffield *Daily Telegraph* for asserting that the Prince of WALES would soon reappear in the Divorce Court as a co-respondent in the case of the Earl *vs.* the Countess of SEFTON....The ship *Castle Rock*, of Quebec, is loading at Woolwich with powder for Canada. ....The *Times*, this morning, has a leading article on American affairs. It affirms that the American political system is faulty, but free trade is gaining rapidly. The courage of the protectionists begins to fail, as is shown in the cool reception that has met the President's advocacy of protection to the American shipping. Other proofs are also cited in support of these statements.

MADRID, April 20.—In the Cortes a fierce attack was made by the Republican Deputies on PRIM and RIVERO, who were accused of causing the recent outbreak at Barcelona.

VIENNA, April 20.—The Ministry have decided to dissolve the Provincial Diets of Western Austria. The measure is bitterly opposed by the Radicals.

The Turf in England—Newmarket Races—Craven Meeting.

LONDON, April 20.—At the Newmarket races, Craven meeting, the Column Stakes of 50 sovereigns each, for three-year olds, colts to carry 122 pounds, fillies 119 pounds, one mile and seventeen yards, (nine subscribers,) was won by Lord STAMFORD'S ch. c. *Roderick Dhu*, by *Citadel*, out of *Donna del Lago*, beating the Duke of BEAUFORT'S br. c. *Pibroch*, by *Trumpeter*, out of *Palm*, and Sir R. BULKELEY'S b. f. *Carfax*, by *Oxford*, out of *Curacoa*. The Subscription Plate of 50 sovereigns, 1,240 yards, was won by Baron ROTHSCHILD'S b. c. *Suffolk*, by *North Lincoln*, out of *Protection*, beating the *Amaranth* colt, and Mr. SKIRVEN'S b. c. *Elferon*, by *Weatherbit*, out of *Fayaway*. A sweepstakes over the two-year old course, 1,240 yards, was won by Mr. J. V. MORGAN'S b. c. *Filon*, by *Trumpeter*, out of *Sharp Practice*, three years old; beating Mr. T. HUGHES' b. h. *Seringapatam*, by *Arthur Wellesley*, out of *Beauty*, six years old, and Mr. THOMAS' b. c. *Prince Arthur*, by *King John*, out of *Elspeth*. A handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovereigns each, for three-year olds and upward, 1,750 yards, was won by Mr. PRICE'S br. c. *Woodford*, by *Dundee*, out of *Lady Elcho*, three years old; Mr. E. C. CLAYTON'S ch. c. *The Little Drum*, by *Rataplan*, out of *Idle Girl*, three years old, second; Mr. JOSEPH RADCLIFF'S b. c. *Etruscan*, by *Trumpeter*, out of *Nutpuhr*, three years old, third. The Newmarket handicap of 25 sovereigns each, with 200 sovereigns added, for three-year-olds and upward, second horse to save his stake, one mile and a half, (sixty-nine subscribers,) was won by Mr. E. POTTER'S br. f. *Miss Sheppard*, by *Dollar*, out of *Miss Birch*, three years old, carrying 117 pounds, and beating Count F. DE LAGRANGE'S b. h. *Nelusko*, by *Monarque*, out of *Margaret*, five years, carrying 120 pounds; Mr. NAYLOR'S b. f. *Cherie*, by *Flying Dutchman*, out of *Meriette*, four years old, carrying 104 pounds, third. At the Punchestown races, *Rufus* won the Prince of Wales' plate.... A rumor has been circulating on the continent that President GRANT proposed to visit Europe; and it is reported that preparations were commenced in St. Petersburg for his reception before the rumor was pronounced false.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Great Storm at Buenos Ayres—Men and Horses Drowned in the Streets.

LISBON, April 20.—Later advices from the Argentine Republic contain more particulars of the frightful storm which occurred at the City of Buenos Ayres on the 9th of March. The wind blew a hurricane, and the water in the Rio de la Plata rose so high as to flood a great portion of the city. So sudden was the overflow that men and horses were drowned in the streets, and many people barely escaped with their lives. A great number of buildings were undermined, which were subsequently broken down and entirely destroyed by the weight of goods in them. Ships were driven ashore and wrecked, or sunk at their anchorage. Many sailors were drowned. The damage was immense.

CUBA.

Insurgent Successes in the Bayamo District and at Other Points—Operations at Canto Abajo.

HAVANA, April 20.—Gen. VALMASEDA has issued two proclamations announcing the entrance of the insurgent forces, commanded by MADESTO DIAZ, in the Bayamo District, after a fight. The Canto Abajo insurgents attacked, captured and burnt Capitama del Horno, after a severe engagement, during which thirty-five volunteers and forty insurgents are reported to have been killed. The Spanish wounded escaped miraculously. Six Spanish battalions are pursuing the insurgents to prevent them entering the Sierra. Another body of insurgents are operating this side of Canto.

The amount subscribed by citizens of Havana and other cities for the family of the late ISAAC GREENWALDT, the American who was murdered by a Spaniard in this city, has reached the sum of $6,500.

CANADA.

The Soil and Climate of Red River—An Expedition by Way of Hudson Bay—The Purchase of the Company's Claims—Welland Canal—Pilot-Boat Lost.

OTTAWA, Ontario, April 20.—In the Senate Committee on the North-west Territory, Dr. SCHULTZ, the Canadian who recently escaped from Fort Garry, was examined at considerable length in regard to the climate, resources, &c., of the Red River Territory. The doctor said it was a wonder that any emigrants could be induced to remain here while such fine territory was available at Fort Garry. He described the Indians as friendly in the country between Red River and Lake Superior. It is stated that the Imperial Government will send a vessel with troops for the Red River by way of Hudson's Bay, the vessel to reach Fort York about the 1st of July. It is stated that the Canadian Government has paid over £300,000 agreed upon as payment to the Hudson's Bay Company on the surrender of their title. The payment is a necessary preliminary step to the actual commencement of the forcible proceedings in the Northwest.

ST. CATHARINES, April 20.—The Welland Canal is ready for business, and will be opened today. Vessels are arriving at both ends.

OWEN SOUND, Canada, April 20.—The steamer *Francis Smith* left here last evening for Collingwood, and when off Vail's Point was compelled to keep rather close to the shore by the press of ice. After in vain endeavoring to get out into deep water she went on shore on the reef. The steamers *Wanbuna* and *Okonora* have gone to her assistance.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 20.—Hon. JAMES BROWN died yesterday at St. Stephen, from the effects of the wound in his throat inflicted by himself during a fit of temporary insanity....The report of the safety of the pilot-boat *John Mullin* proves untrue. Portions of a wreck have been picked up in the bay, which leaves but little doubt of her fate. All hands probably perished.

THE FRESHET.

Great Rise of Water in the East—The Water Ten Feet Above the Piers at Albany—Villages and Cities in the Mohawk Valley Inundated—The Rise in the Chemung River.

LEWISTON, Me., April 20.—The rain which commenced on Sunday, increased in violence during yesterday, and still continues. All the streams are very high. The water in the Androscoggin is within eight inches of the point reached in the great freshet last Fall and is still rising, and is now two feet higher than last night.

SACO, Me., April 20.—The greatest freshet since 1843 now prevails here, and the river is probably higher now than it was then. Four bridges and several of the principal streets, are impassable. A large number of houses have been vacated, the occupants leaving in boats. The water-power machine shop is shut down, and only part of Laconia Corporation can run. Hobson has forty acres of logs held by one boom, which thus far holds. If it breaks, nothing can save the bridges, saw-mills and heavy houses along the river. The storm still continues, and the river is rising.

CONCORD, N. H., April 20.—Superintendent KENDRICK reports a heavy wash of the Concord Road below this city, and says that no train can pass over the road before Thursday afternoon, and if the river continues to rise, travel will be delayed longer. The water now rises about an inch an hour, and it is now raining. It is reported that ALLEN'S three million drive of logs are on their way between Franklin and this city. Serious damage to bridges is anticipated.

CONCORD, N. H., April 20—Evening.—The afternoon mail train over the Northern and Vermont Central Roads arrived at 7½—about four hours late—having four car loads of Canadians on board, who will be obliged to stop here until communication is opened below.

BOSTON, Mass., April 20.—The Bristol train is the only one that has arrived from the North. The train over the Montreal road came as far North as Concord, where the passengers were carried over the river to the Northern road. The up train on the Northern road left Concord, and, it is hoped, will be able to carry by at Andover, which they were unable to do on Tuesday on account of the highway bridges being carried away. There have been no trains over the Hillsboro', Bradford, Pittsfield or North Weare roads. The Concord Road is uninterrupted on its trunk, although about a foot of water covers the track at Thornton's, and no through freights have left. On the Boston, Lowell and Nashua road the water covers the track for about a quarter of a mile, and at Tynsboro' the water is up to the axles of the cars, and the afternoon trains will carry by. The trains on the Vermont and Massachusetts, and Cheshire and Fitchburg are reported all right. The water is now nine inches below the October freshet, and is rising one and a half inches an hour.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 20.—The freshet here is increasing. The water this morning covers Broadway, from Hudson to South Ferry streets, and hundreds of basements and cellars are flooded. The entire lumber district is inundated. The water on the docks is from seven to ten feet deep. Great difficulty is experienced by the People's line of steamers in effecting a landing. A bridge erected for the purpose was carried away by the steadily-rising water. The flats above the city are all flooded, as also those below the city. No heavy losses are yet reported. The Hudson River morning train is detained by the freshet.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 20—Evening.—The freshet in the river here is subsiding rapidly.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., April 20.—The freshet in the Mohawk Valley was never so great before. The valley was flooded from bank to bank yesterday, inundating the lower portions of villages and cities and doing more or less damage. At this city the water rose to twenty feet above low water-mark, submerging several streets and flooding a large number of residences. The rise was mostly Tuesday during the day, so that the people had time to prepare for it. The water here was fifteen inches higher than during the great freshet last Fall. Many families were taken out of the second-story windows of their residences. The water was two feet deep on the flooring of the old Mohawk bridge. Little or no damage was done to the railroad, and the trains have been nearly on time. The flood rushed into the canal at a few points and did considerable damage. The feeder at the aqueduct, four miles east from this city, has washed away. The water has fallen ten feet today.

WAVERLY, N. Y., April 20.—The Chemung River has fallen eight feet. Twenty rods of track were washed out just west of the bridge at Chemung Village. The road is now ready for trains to pass. The break in the Pennsylvania and New-York Railroad is at Milan, eight miles below this place. A portion of the waters of the Chemung broke into the canal at Athens, and running down four miles, broke out again, washing out about fifteen rods of the track which is on the old towing path. Passengers are now transferred. The road will be repaired and trains running again regularly to-morrow. The breaks on the Erie Railway, caused by the high water in the Chemung River, have all been repaired, and trains are running through from New-York to Buffalo and Dunkirk today as usual.

EASTON, Penn., April 20.—Ten days at the most will put the canals in this section in order. The guard bank at this place is not injured further than was reported yesterday. The water is still very high, but is steadily falling.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., April 20.—The rise in the river on Monday night carried away 4,000,000 feet of logs from the dam at Tobyhanna Station, on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad. The bridge was also damaged and trains are delayed. Travel on the Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroad is interrupted by a land slide. On Monday night a passenger train from New-York was delayed seven hours. The Susquehanna is now falling slowly.

Recovery of Stolen Money—The Country Aroused in Pursuit of the Robbers.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 20.—Sixteen thousand dollars of the money stolen from the office of the Treasurer of Vermillion County has been recovered. A farmer living near Clinton saw two suspicious men last evening, and called to them to stop. Upon this they ran. The farmer gave chase, and a large gang of railroad laborers joined in pursuit. The fugitives fled to the Wabash River, pulled off most of their clothing, jumped in and swam toward the other shore. One of them threw from his possession a package to enable him to swim faster. Some of the pursuing party swam out and secured the package, and found it to contain $16,000 of the missing money. When the thieves reached the shore a man tried to stop them, and succeeded in knocking one of them down with a rail. The other thief drew a revolver and drove their antagonist off. The robbers then took to the bush with no clothing except their shirts and drawers. The whole country is stirred up, and hundreds of men are after the robbers, and in their present condition they can hardly escape capture.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

BOSTON, Mass., April 20.—The child, NELLIE BURNS, whose disappearance since March 31, has caused much painful anxiety on the part of her friends, was found alive and well in a house in the northern part of the city. A man named CHASE, with whom the child has been living, has been arrested for the abduction, and PATRICK MURRAY, as an accomplice.

BEEFORD, Penn., April 20.—Gen. GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN and a number of leading iron manufacturers arrived here yesterday for the purpose of examining recent discoveries of vast iron-ore deposits in this vicinity. The location of extensive iron manufactories is in contemplation. The party will spend several days in the country.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 20.—GEORGE MULLINER, a respectable citizen of Fairport, in this county, committed suicide last night at the Clinton House, in this city, by taking laudanum. He was suffering from a nervous trouble, which brought on temporary aberration of mind.

MAUCH CHUNK, April 20.—It is reported that the miners at Audenried have struck, demanding $3, while the operators offer but $2 50.

WILKESBARRE, April 20.—The miners at Plymouth still refuse to load the railroad cars.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 20.—JAMES ATKINSON, Democrat, was re-elected Mayor of Newport today by 259 majority.

The National Baptist Educational Convention.

Before the National Baptist Convention in Brooklyn, yesterday, Dr. OLMSTEAD, of Boston, read a paper on "The Relation of our Denominational Papers to the Educational Interests of the Denomination."

Dr. JETER delivered an address on the powers of the Press.

Dr. MOSS, of Philadelphia, read the next paper on "The Methods by which Education may be made a Specialty, and a Paramount Organization in our Denominational Activity." He gave the following statistics of the Baptist denomination: Number of church associations, 728; number of churches, 15,143; number of ministers, 8,787; church membership, 1,221,349; colleges, 26; theological seminaries, 14. He recommended that some method should be adopted of concentrating this vast body for the better employment of its powers in the work of education. He favored national co-operation in education, and urged the formation of a bureau for the administration of the institutions of learning belonging to the denomination.

After some discussion the paper was referred to the Committee on Denominational Work in Education.

The next paper was read by Dr. G. W. SAMPSON, of Columbia College, on "Jesuit Collegiate Instruction, as Affecting Present Questions of Education and Society." The paper was referred to the Committee upon University Education.

In the afternoon J. L. L. CURRY, LL. D., of Richmond College, was introduced, and addressed the Convention on the condition and prospects of education in the South.

The remainder of the session was occupied with the reading of a paper on the kind and extent of ministerial culture demanded in our time, and especially in our denomination, by E. G. ROBINSON, D. D., Rochester Theological Seminary.

At the evening session, Dr. G. DODGE, of Madison University, read a paper on "The most advanced ministerial culture, as illustrated and vindicated in the actual work of preacher and pastor."

Hamilton College Commencement.

The fifty-eighth Commencement of Hamilton College will be held July 21. President D. H. COCHRAN, of the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, will preside at the annual meeting of Alumni. Prof. AVERY will be the Annalist, and Prof. NORTH the Necrologist. The oration before the Alumni will be by Hon. FRANK H. HEAD, of San Francisco, and the poem by Prof. OREN ROOT, Jr., of the University of Missouri. The "Chi Psi" fraternity will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary with an oration by CHARLES A. HAWLEY, of Seneca Falls, and a poem by AUSBURN TOWNER, of Elmira.

Extensive Fire.

Last evening a fire occurred in the frame building No. 505 West Seventeenth-street, which was destroyed, and flames communicated to a number of sheds belonging to the Manhattan Gas Company, extending through to Sixteenth-street, all of which were of little value and about to be torn down. The fire, however, reached the dwelling of W. P. FARRELL, No. 505 West Sixteenth-street, where the damage to furniture and building is estimated at $1,200, on which there is no insurance. The origin of the disaster has not been ascertained.

The Ship-Calkers' Strike.

The ship-calkers' strike promises to terminate in a victory for the men. At the meeting held yesterday, at No. 88 Burling-slip, it was announced that over 100 of the strikers had returned to work at the old rate of wages. The best and friendliest feelings exist between the "bosses" and the men, and the strike may be regarded as virtually ended.

WASHINGTON.

The Louisiana Election Cases—Sypher at First Admitted and Then Rejected in the House—Disposition of the Senate Georgia Bill—The Northern Pacific Railroad Bill in the Senate—Miscellaneous.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The House was further occupied today for three hours with the Louisiana contested election case of SYPHER *vs.* ST. MARTIN, and after a most remarkable course, and several remarkable scenes, the result was reached which was predicted in these dispatches of yesterday, to wit: The House declared that neither of the applicants was entitled to the seat. The first vote was on the resolution to admit Mr. SYPHER, which was actually carried—yeas 78, nays 73. SYPHER came down to the Speaker's desk to be sworn in, when Mr. MOORE, of Illinois, moved to reconsider the vote, and Mr. STEVENSON moved to lay the motion on the table; but the House refused, by yeas 79, nays 83, to table the motion, and the vote was reconsidered—yeas, 85; nays, 79. Mr. FITCH, of Nevada, then struck the right principle by offering a substitute for the Committee's resolution, declaring that there was no legal or valid election in that district on that occasion, and that the case be referred back to the people of that district for further action. The House eagerly seized this way of escape from the troublesome question, and settled not only this case, but all the other Louisiana cases, by agreeing to the substitute—yeas 100, nays 69. The resolution, as amended, was then agreed to—yeas 95, nays 68. Out of this case grew a further complication of a personal nature. Mr. KELLEY stated that it had been charged in private conversation that he had said he should vote for admitting SYPHER because it would give the tariff men another vote on iron. He called on several gentlemen with whom he had conversed on the case to say whether he had made such a remark. Their testimony was conflicting, but the general judgment seemed to be that Mr. KELLEY would not stoop to such a means of helping the cause he has at heart. He is one of the few men in the House who are thoroughly wedded to the high tariff principle, and his action, however open to criticism as a matter of policy, has always been consistent therewith. This affair came near leading to several other personal explanations, but there was so much bad blood on the surface that the House refused to let the matter go on, Mr. STEVENSON, of Ohio, with much indignation thundering his objections from his seat in tones that made the corridors echo.

THE GEORGIA BILL IN THE HOUSE.

The Georgia bill was returned to the House today from the Senate, and after a brief colloquy it was referred to the Reconstruction Committee. The sentiment in the House is one of much dissatisfaction with the action of the Senate, and it is impossible to say what the result will be, for a final settlement now seems as far in the future as ever. The action of the Senate is very surprising, and the effect is to put the State back under military rule as completely as she was two years ago, and just as far from representation in Congress as she was then. This does not suit the very large party who wish to see an end to reconstruction, and it is safe to predict that there will yet be some other compromise between the two Houses than that proposed by the Senate last night. The amendment of Senator WILLIAMS, which was lost by only one vote, affords the best means of escape from the embarrassment, and may yet be accepted as the ground of compromise. It does not change the terms of the State officers, but provides that an election shall be held in 1872, and that the present Legislature may hold over until that time. Several amendments were sent with the Senate bill to the Committee today; one by Gen. LOGAN which Mr. BINGHAM fathers, and which provides for the immediate admission of the State and an election in the Fall. Mr. CESSNA also offered an amendment which combines at once the unobjectionable portion of the Bingham amendment, Mr. MORTON'S amendment providing for the calling out of the militia, together with Mr. SHERMAN'S amendment authorizing the President to suppress domestic violence the same as in a case of rebellion or invasion, and the amendment of Mr. WILLIAMS. It is understood that this is acceptable to Gen. BUTLER, the Chairman of the Reconstruction Committee. The probabilities are that he will endeavor to make it stronger; but on the whole, to-night, it is regarded by those who have canvassed and discussed it, as possibly the best solution of the difficulty. The Democratic members of Congress held a caucus this evening to determine on the course they should pursue in reference to the bill.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL.

The Senate remained in session until 6 o'clock this evening on the Northern Pacific Railroad bill, and finally adjourned without final action on it, but with the understanding, however, that it will be voted on to-morrow evening. The bill has been amended, principally by its friends, however, all the efforts of its opponents having failed so far, and they are very likely to fail to-morrow. Mr. HOWELL, Mr. HARLAN, Mr. THURMAN and Mr. CASSERLY have been very strong in opposition. The Democrats appear to be following out the instructions of their last national platform, and are making points evidently with an eye to future campaigns. There is very little doubt, however, that the bill will be passed substantially as it came from the Committee. All amendments today to decrease the amount of land or to lessen the value of the franchise failed by votes of nearly four to one.

IMPORTANT ACTION IN THE SUPREME COURT.

The result in the Supreme Court today was a complete surprise. The effect is to temporarily, if not finally, defeat the effort to have the Legal-tender cases reopened. The withdrawal of the cases appealed from the Court of Claims was wholly unexpected, as was the further announcement of the Chief-Justice that the Hepburn-Griswold case could not be reopened without the consent of one of the Judges who had concurred in the opinion of the Court. The result was communicated to the President by the Attorney-General this afternoon. The latter says that the decision of the upper Court is at direct variance with that of the lower, and that thus it must stand until the next session of the Supreme Court. The President gave no opinion in the matter, but expressed his regret that the important question could not now be permanently settled.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The tariff got no consideration in the House today, the election case and other privileged questions occupying the entire day, and no night session was ordered in consequence of the presence here of the visitors of the Ohio Legislature, who are engrossing the attention of Gen. SCHENCK and other prominent Ohio members. The bill will come up to-morrow and iron will again be the bone of contention.

THE "LITTLE CENSUS BILL."

Gen. GARFIELD secured a Committee of Conference today on the "Little Census bill," as it is called, and for which Gen. WALKER has been waiting so long. This will probably result in something practical on this subject, in a small way, though almost too late to be of service.

THE GEORGIA BRIBERY CASE.

The Senate Judiciary Committee, today, examined W. L. AVERY, attorney for the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company, in the Georgia bribery case, also the correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette*. The character of their testimony has not transpired. It appeared in the evidence that the bonds sent here to Gov. BULLOCK were merely to obtain his signature, as required by law, and were immediately forwarded to New-York to be negotiated. This is regarded as the explosion of the entire rumor.

HELL GATE.

Certain parties from New-York, and their agents here, are making an effort to have the appropriation for the Hell Gate improvement, which is now it is understood as set down at $250,000, increased at least $100,000 additional. There is not much probability that this will be done, however, by the Committee. The entire amount which will be recommended by the Committee will be about $3,000,000, or the revenue of the Government for two days.

DINNER PARTY AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President gave a dinner party this evening in honor of the new Judges of the United States Supreme Court. There were present the members of the Cabinet, Judges NELSON, STRONG and BRADLEY, of the Supreme Court; and Messrs. CURTIS, THOMAS and BARTLETT, three well-known lawyers from Boston; Senators ROSS, SPENCER and SPRAGUE, and Representatives NEGLEY and STILES.

BILLS SIGNED.

Today the President signed the following bills: The Deficiency bill for the year ending June 30, 1870; the act authorizing the Corporation of Buffalo to construct a tunnel under Niagara River, and to erect and maintain an inlet pier therefrom; an act removing the political disabilities of C. B. SABIN, of Harris County, Texas.

NOMINATIONS.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate today:

Pinckney Ross, to be Collector of Customs at Pearl River, Miss; George A. Deering, to be Assistant Paymaster in the Navy.

Postmasters.—Lewis Holmes, Bridgewater, Mass.; Edward W. Downey, Brownsville, Texas; Clifford L. Thompson, Charlottesville, Va.; Wm. A. Pattie, Warrenton, Va.; James Taylor, University of Virginia; Mrs. Elisabeth Brown, Logansport, Ind.

The Georgia Bill as Passed.

The following is the Georgia bill as it passed the Senate at an early hour this morning:

An Act relating to the State of Georgia.

Whereas, Great irregularities have been practiced in the organization of the Legislature in the State of Georgia, both in its first organization and in the expulsion of certain members, as well also as in its reorganization since the act of December last;

Therefore, be it enacted, &c., That the existing Government in the State of Georgia is hereby declared to be provisional, and the same shall continue, subject to the provisions of the acts of Congress of March 2, 1867, and March 23, 1867, and of July 19, 1867, until the admission of said State, by law, to representation in Congress, and for this purpose the State of Georgia shall constitute the Third Military District.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in accordance with the provisions of and under the powers and limitations provided in said acts, an election shall be held in said State, commencing on the 15th of November, 1870, and continuing, as the President may designate, for all the members of the General Assembly of said State, provided for in the Constitution of said State, adopted by its Convention on the 11th day of March, 1868, at which election, all persons who by said Constitution are electors shall be entitled to vote, and said General Assembly so elected shall assemble at the capital of said State on Tuesday, the 13th day of December, 1870, and organize preparatory to representation in Congress, and the powers and functions of the members of the existing General Assembly shall cease and determine on the said 13th day of December, 1870.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever it shall appear to the President, from an application by the Legislature of any State, or by the Governor of such State when the Legislature cannot be convened, that domestic violence prevails in any city, county or municipal organization in such State, that cannot be suppressed by the local authorities, it shall be the duty of the President to suppress such domestic violence, and for that purpose he is hereby authorized to employ the military force of the United States, and any portion of the militia of any State he may deem necessary, and so exercise all such powers and inflict such punishment as may by the laws or rules and articles of war be exercised or inflicted in case of insurrection or invasion.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending June 30, 1868, and for other purposes" approved March 2, 1867, as prohibits the organization, arming, or calling into service, of the militia forces in the State of Georgia, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

THE LEGAL-TENDER DECISION.

Withdrawal of the Appeal in the Latham and Deming Cases—Motion for a Rehearing Denied.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—In the Supreme Court of the United States this morning Mr. CHATFIELD, of the counsel for the appellants in the cases of LATHAM and DEMING *vs.* the United States, declared the appellants had determined their own appeals in these cases, and, therefore, moved to dismiss them, and filed notice of withdrawal. There were present Attorney-General HOAR, for the United States, and Messrs. CHATFIELD, MCPHERSON and MERRIMAN for the appellants. Hon. CLARKSON N. POTTER was also in Court by leave, to discuss the legal-tender question if heard. After the motion was made to dismiss, Attorney-Gen. HOAR expressed his opposition to it, but desired, in case the Court concluded to dismiss these appeals, to grant the motion he made last week to rehear Mr. POTTER'S HEPBURN *vs.* GRISWOLD, which was still undecided. He urged the argument ought to be heard, involving so many important interests, and especially in view of the fact that the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution has ratified the Legal-tender act of Congress, and the validity of this issue of the public debt to the full measure of its statutory qualities could no longer be questioned in the Courts. Justices MILLER and BRADLEY suggested doubts as to the rights of the appellants to withdraw the appeals, and asked for a conference. After a brief conversation among the Judges the Chief-Justice announced that the Court would retire for consultation, which they accordingly did. They returned in a few minutes, when the Chief-Justice said the motion to dismiss the appeal was unanimously concurred in by the Court as the absolute right of the parties, and he at the same time announced that the Court had determined to deny the motion of the Attorney-General for a rehearing in the Hepburn and Griswold case. This is the case in which the Court heretofore decided that the Legal-tender act is invalid as to contracts made before its passage. The Chief-Justice said the reason why the rehearing was denied was that none of the four Judges now on the bench who concurred in the opinion in that case, desired to have the case reheard, and, under the rule of the Court, without the consent of some one of the Judges who concurred in the decision of a case, it could not be reheard. Justice BRADLEY said according to the practice to which he had been accustomed, an appeal on a writ of error could not be dismissed without the consent of the other party; but as the practice of the Supreme Court was otherwise, he had yielded a cheerful concurrence. The refusal to rehear leaves the decision as it was heretofore made in the Hepburn and Griswold case. In one of these two appeal cases withdrawn, (that of O. B. & O. S. LATHAM *vs.* The United States,) the Court of Claims had ruled as a conclusion of law, that the United States notes offered to and received by the claimants were a legal tender in payment of any debt due the claimant in the premises, whether due under the special contracts set forth in the petition or in any other manner whatever. The special contracts above referred to were contracts in which the Secretary of the Treasury, in the years 1855 and 1856, agreed on behalf of the United States to pay to the LATHAMS good and lawful money of the coin of the United States, as above stated. Upon the calling of these cases this morning the counsel for the appellants, instead of proceeding to argue in support of their appeals, moved to dismiss the same, and the motion was allowed, so that the judgment of the Court of Claims, including the point above stated, remains undisturbed as a valid judgment and the law of the land.

Strange Disappearance of an Errand Boy with $350.

On Thursday last FREDERICK BENNETT, a boy residing with his parents in Whiton-street, Lafayette, disappeared from the store of his employers, in Water-street, New-York, with $350, which was given him to be deposited in the Manhattan Bank. He was not again heard from, and his whereabouts are still unknown. It is stated that the boy had often been intrusted with thousands of dollars, and that he had always been faithful and honorable; it is thought, therefore, that he has been kidnapped and robbed. A Jersey City paper says a letter has been received by his employers from the lad, in which he implores them to come for him, and take him from the prison in which he is held. The letter states that he has been robbed of everything by a man who sponged his face in the street, and carried him away to a dungeon, the situation of which he does not know. The letter was mailed, it is stated, at the New-York Post-office.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

ARRIVAL OF THE HAVANA STEAM-SHIP COLUMBIA.

The steam-ship *Columbia*, from Havana April 16, reached this port yesterday. By the courtesy of Purser MAGNA our highly interesting Cuban correspondence, printed below, was promptly at hand.

The Situation—Matters at Puerto Principe—"The Truth, and Nothing but the Truth"—A Gloomy Picture—The Cholera's First Visit.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAVANA, Saturday, April 16, 1870.

Holy week has come and gone, accompanied by the usual religious processions and temporary lull in business circles. The streets were crowded with the entire population of Havana, which on these days comes out to visit the different churches. The change between last and the present year was noteworthy, the people moving about unconcerned and without the least care; while last year the city was so disturbed as to frighten almost everybody into staying at home. The war, however, continues, and it appears as if the Spaniards were beginning to learn the fact that it is far more advantageous for them to let out the truth and state facts as they really are, instead of sugar-coating them. I have now especial reference to a document just published in the Havana *Diario* and signed by Mr. JOSE OLANO, a Cuban, the Captain of the *Guias*, who accompanied the Captain-General to Puerto Principe, and who has returned from that city. The document in question is entirely Spanish, but, nevertheless, bears the imprint of frankness and veracity, although some of the paragraphs appear to have originated either from personal feelings or a misunderstanding. The document is edited in the shape of a review, the most striking paragraph being the following:

"When Gen. RODAS arrived at Puerto Principe on the 23d ult., that City was merely a vast-centary, enclosing a disorganized camp. Counting the sick, fighting-men, stragglers and officers, servants, the town contained about 3,000 men. The battalions went into the field with a great abundance of horses, even the sub-lieutenants and their servants being mounted, some having even relays."

Here Capt. OLANO proves what was asserted so many times by your correspondent, that the rose-colored accounts published from the City of Puerto Principe were very much exaggerated, and that the regulation puffs of the Spanish commanders amounted to the paper they were printed on, OLANO stating:

"So grave was the situation, that we found the Spanish residents very down-hearted, I not knowing whether this arose from the sterility of such a prolonged war, or fearful that sound judgment was not always prevalent in the official regions, thus making their efforts fruitless. At 8 in the evening there were no lights in the city excepting the few lamps around the Plaza de Armas, and between 8 and 9, while the military band performed, only a few soldiers were seen lolling in its vicinity. (The local journal of Puerto Principe often mentioned crowds of ladies, not counting the men.) All was desolate and sad. Everybody remained at home and distrustful, and if the present appeared clouded, the future looked dark and forbidding to every heart. The streets solitary, entire wards unoccupied—tears, mourning, misery, and a multitude of poor people, who, instead of money, asked only for bread—this was the picture which Puerto Principe, the once flourishing capital of the Camaguey, presented. Military operations were carried out with great leniency and like effect. The warfare of columns of small size, sufficiently strong to meet those of the enemy, had converted themselves into the movements of grand divisions which went out and returned without obtaining any decisive results, and nearly always with a great many sick. The insurgents emboldened, had their camps all over the department, pillaged at the very gates of the town, skirmishing daily with the small parties who went out to forage, of whom they killed a few. The spies and mail-carriers came into town at all hours of the night to bring and carry away correspondence and to find out the plans of the Government. This news was acquired with great ease, as three days previous to the departure of a column, it appears even the street boys knew where it was going to and how, who commanded it, and all other particulars important for the enemy to know."

So far Capt. OLANO seems to lay the blame on Gen. PUELLO, and it was reported yesterday that a duel would take place between these personages; this I doubt, however, as the Spanish element would hardly permit it. Capt. OLANO in his article tries to smooth matters over a little; but the praise of Gen. PUELLO, and the intended apology, is worse than the attack, as will be seen from the following paragraph:

"Gen. PUELLO, a valiant man and true to the flag of Spain, did not possess the military knowledge such a campaign required. We ought not to be astonished at this, considering the honorable motives which made him a General among us, without the practice or necessary studies."

The honorable motives which Capt. OLANO mentions are simply that PUELLO was a traitor to his native country, and notwithstanding the fact that he turned over to the Spanish cause, this will not be considered proof that such a course was honorable, except perhaps among Spaniards, who seem to have such a holy horror of traitors. Nevertheless it must be confessed that PUELLO has the reputation of being an honest man; at least he was such a one in St. Domingo, and he may perhaps have changed since he joined the Spaniards.

Therefore OLANO confesses, or rather reads a severe lecture, to the effect that the many items of news and predictions, or the fulsome war bulletins have been mere "bosh," and that the officers must do something else besides writing proclamations and dispatches glorifying themselves at the expense of the private soldier. Confirmation to leave no doubt of JORDAN'S leaving the island is still wanting; surrendered insurgents report it, but that does not prove it. There is a report current that JORDAN was wounded near Sancti Spiritus, and that he cannot be moved. Another report states that he was near Holguin organizing an army corps of three thousand in order to attack some of the Spanish columns, move on the Nuevitas Railroad and destroy communication with Puerto Principe, while a third report states that he was drowned crossing the bay at La Guanaja during a heavy norther. But all there are merely unconfirmed statements, and I give them for what they are worth. Regarding the duel between O'RYAN and SANGUILI, nothing further has been reported, and your correspondent is inclined to doubt the truth of the report, originating, probably, in the story current about a week ago that SANGUILI and BEAUVILLIERS had quarreled and would fight a duel. There is also a statement published in the *Prensa* that the insurgent Gen. PORRO had left the country; later advices than those of the *Prensa* announce PORRO in the neighborhood of Nuevitas with about seven hundred men. PORRO is one of the most notable and gentlemanly officers in the Cuban army, not possessing any of those sanguinary instincts so common to many leaders on the Spanish or Cuban side; he is, besides, a disinterested and brave soldier. He is not a great military genius, but he is honest and enthusiastic, and a gentleman.

THE CHOLERA

makes its trips from camp to camp with the utmost security and regularity. For several days the troops at Cascorro had been living on vegetables, bread and meat having given out. The yuka yam and sweet potato, and these not plentiful, were the only food of officers and soldiers, when on the 19th the visitor from the Ganges made its appearance. Three officers and nineteen men died that day, and a number more on the succeeding days. The troops were divided into small detachments and scattered along the line, when the cholera began to decrease immediately, and disappeared altogether from that portion of the army on the 1st inst. But other corps have not been equally fortunate. Reports have been current stating that in some localities the cholera took off fully one-half of the people, the insurgents in the mountains having also suffered terribly from it. Generally the cholera appears where provisions are scarce. A letter from Los Perros gives a very lugubrious account of affairs there.

QUASIMODO.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Political Situation of the Second Empire.

The Question of Autonomy in the Austrian Parliament.

English University Sports—The College Boat-Race.

Perils of the Sea—The Case of the "City of Boston."

By the recent arrivals at this port, and the latest steam-ship, the *St. Laurent*, from Havre April 8, and Brest April 9, our European correspondents' letters were received with unusual dispatch. A part of our package, relating specially to the situation of France and of Austria, and to the University contest in England, is given below, together with extracts from our files, the freshest Continental supplies of which were at hand, as heretofore, through the courtesy of Capt. LEMARIE, of the *St. Laurent*.

CONTINENTAL SUMMARY.

Affairs in France—The Question of the Plebiscitum—Disorganization of the Ministry—Tidings from Rome—Scandalous Scenes in the Streets—Doings of the Council—The Troubles of Austria—Gossip from Russia—A Convert to the Greek Church.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Monday, April 4, 1870.

The prophets who predicted that a Ministerial crisis was approaching were in the right. Now, even the Government organs admit that the crisis exists. Its cause has been the *Plebiscitum*. Shall the Senatus Consultum laid before the Senate, and which, by refashioning the Constitution of 1852, establishes definitely the Constitution of the Empire, be submitted to the people or not? This question divides the Government, the Ministry, the Senate, the Chamber of Deputies and parties generally, into two hostile factions. They who favor the *Plebiscitum* are they who would give to the definite Constitution of the Empire a firm basis, and would maintain the Napoleonic dynasty; while they who oppose it, wishing for no change of dynasty so long as NAPOLEON lives, desire, however, to keep the future open, some approving the selection of an Orleans for the throne, and others hoping for a republic. Yet a change has lately occurred which, if it be not reversed, may prevent the complete reorganization of the Cabinet. The change took place in the Cabinet itself. Several [illegible] Ministry have modified their views, and the objections to the *Plebiscitum* are no longer so positive. The Ministry, they say, reflects, hearkens to different opinions, and, to be brief, hesitates. Since Friday last MM. EMILE OLLIVIER and DARU have met the Emperor several times daily, and Saturday a council of protracted duration in relation to the same subject was held at the Tuileries, under the presidency of NAPOLEON. The Ministers are to meet again today. On the other hand, the two important fractions of the Right and the Left Center met Saturday and yesterday. The meeting of the first fraction was not very momentous, the majority of the Right Center, much reduced in numbers, having decided to sustain the project of the Ministry, whatever the nature of that project. The meeting of the Left Center was far more significant. A very animated discussion was had, and all the speakers declared themselves energetically against the appeal to the people. The Left Center finally agreed to appoint a deputation to wait upon M. OLLIVIER and learn what plan the Ministry were agreed upon accepting. M. THIERS had been invited to this meeting and spoke energetically against the *Plebiscitum*. [M. THIERS' remarks appeared in the TIMES of Sunday.] After the discussion ended, the meeting was adjourned until evening, when the reply of the deputation to M. OLLIVIER was listened to. The Committee reported the following answers: Firstly—the Ministry had taken no definite resolution in relation to the *plebiscitum*, but probably would be obliged "resign themselves" to its acceptance. Secondly—as for the interpellation to the Legislative Body concerning the Senatus Consultum, they would probably be compelled to postpone the discussion for about two months. As you may imagine, the meeting was ill satisfied with these two answers. The impression made, indeed, was so unfavorable to the Ministry that M. THIERS, fearing for his friends, MM. DARU and BUFFET, whose adviser he is, sought to calm the excitement of the Deputies by the statement that he intended to offer in the Legislative Body, when the interpellation should be presented, an order of the day *motivé*, providing that no *plebiscitum* should be presented to the people before its discussion and adoption by the Senate and the Legislative Body. As you see, the actual meaning of all this is a struggle between the Crown and the Orleans Party, the Crown wishing to hold the final power, that of an appeal to the people, and the party seeking to wrest it from the Crown and to dispose, at a future day, of the diadem at its will. The whole crisis is within this struggle, and hence its vast importance. According to the Constitution, which is still in force, and must be adhered to until altered by legal process, the Senate must pronounce in the matter. The action of the Ministry can only be subsequent to this decision. Everything indicates that the Senate will exact the appeal to the people. At least, the composition of the Committee just appointed to examine the Senatus Consultum foreshadows this. The Committee is thus constituted: First Bureau, MM. Baroche and Boudet; Second Bureau, MM. Drouyn de Lhuys and Béhic; Third Bureau, MM. Devienne and De Maupas; Fourth Bureau, MM. Mayne and Chasseloup Laubat; Fifth Bureau, MM. Rouher and Quentin Bauchart. With the exception of the last-named gentleman, all the members of this Committee are Ex-Ministers of the Emperor, and, therefore, sharers of his views, which incline altogether toward an appeal to the people. So not until after the Senate shall have spoken will the Ministry make known its opinions and resolve. At least a fortnight will go by ere the Committee of the Senate reports and its report is discussed in open session, and so for a full fortnight, the Right Center, the Left Center and the public at large will be quite in the dark. The crisis will endure meantime.

FURTHER CAUSES OF DISORGANIZATION.

The crisis is the more likely to continue as there are other causes of ministerial disorganization, relating directly to certain ministers whose incapacity has been clearly proven, and whom numerous committees outside of the Legislature have repeatedly confounded. It is currently reported that M. CHEVANDIER DE VALDROME, Minister of the Interior, will yield up his portfolio and be appointed a Senator; that his place will be filled by M. BUFFET, Minister of Finance; and that M. LOUVET, Minister of Commerce, is also about to have a successor. I think it superfluous to acquaint you with a tithe even of the ten thousand additional rumors that greet the Parisian ear; all have a similar burden. Certain it is, that an accidental crisis has been grafted in consequence of the question of the *plebiscitum* on the old and personal crisis of the Ministry. Assuredly, M.

ROUHER is not wholly unconnected with this new crisis; and, in all probability, the Orleanist Daru-Buffet fraction of the Ministry will have to withdraw from the Cabinet. From this fraction springs the main hostility to the *plebiscitum*. M. OLLIVIER is silent, and M. ROUHER is altogether in favor of it. M. ROUHER, after his protracted subsidence, is becoming more and more conspicuous. Evidence of his increased influence in affairs generally, and with the Emperor, is furnished by the mere fact that his salons, forsaken after his downfall, are now crowded. Day before yesterday, his reception at the Luxembourg was attended by an assemblage that filled the place to overflowing. A portion of the Ministry was present. This alone would bear testimony to the correctness of the assertion I venture to make, that he will soon return to power. At all events, it shows that he is in good odor, as the saying goes, and when so skillful a man as M. ROUHER is in good odor, some political result is assured.

TIDINGS FROM ROME.

Advices from Rome apprise us that the sittings of the Council are becoming more and more violent. The day is not distant, indeed, if this state of affairs lasts, when the pious prelates may come to blows. A very curious incident took place recently, and was recounted to me. It is worth rehearsal for your benefit. The Vicar-General of Mgr. BAHTIARIAN, Archbishop of Diarbekir, in Mesopotamia, is reported to have made insulting remarks in relation to Mgr. HASSOUN, the Armenian Primate in Constantinople, whose conduct gave birth to the division in Constantinople between the Catholic Armenians. The Jesuits persuaded the Pope to punish him for it. But Archbishop BAHTIARIAN replied that he recognized no one as possessed of the right to present to his Vicar-General an order of punishment, and that he would await an order signed by the Pope. One fine day, soon afterward, while the Vicar-General and another Armenian priest, in full canonicals and with chalice in hand, were on their way to say mass in a neighboring church, seven *gendarmes* surrounded them and directed them to march to prison. The two priests resisted, and were fighting gallantly, with garments torn to shreds, when Archbishop BAHTIARIAN appeared and rescued his Vicar-General from the *gendarmes*, shouting, "Ah, *canaille!* See how in Rome holy books and vestments are respected! Rome is not the holy city, but the devil's abiding place! Depart, *canaille!*" Similar scenes are witnessed daily, and give evidence of the degree of exasperation the temper of the anti-infallibility party and party of Jesuits have attained to. A correspondent, writing from Rome on March 31, says that

> The first part of the constitution *De Fide* was carried in the Council by 650 votes against 26. After the scandalous scene of the 22d, the infallibilists received an intimation that they must be more temperate in their demeanor, and, accordingly, they listened without interruption to a violent speech from an American Bishop, denouncing the Court of Rome, and defending Protestants in terms even stronger than those of Mgr. STROSSMAYER. Nor was the orator called to order by the Cardinal-Legates. As to the scheme itself, the Opposition took exception more to the form than its substance, and the Commission on Dogma has now withdrawn from the preamble and conclusion all mention of Protestants and Protestantism, though it previously ignored the objections of of the Liberal Bishops. In consequence of this concession many prelates who had opposed the scheme during the debate gave their votes in its favor, considering they had carried their point. The minority of twenty-six included the Archbishops and Bishops of Rennes, Paris, Orleans, Prague, (SCHWARZENBERG,) Diakover, (STROSSMAYER,) Grenoble, (GINOULHIAC,) Roloiza, Marseilles, Breslau, Damascus and Chatham, (DR. ROGERS;) also another English bishop and four German, one Austro-Hungarian, one Portuguese, three American and five Oriental Bishops. The Italian and Spanish Bishops voted in a body with the majority.

AUSTRIAN MATTERS.

The incident which ended, in Vienna, by the withdrawal from the sitting of the Reichsrath of the Polish, Tcheque and Illyrian deputies, has increased the intensity of the Ministerial crisis existing in Austria. The Emperor FRANCIS JOSEPH was to have returned in hot haste yesterday, from Pesth to Vienna, to preside over a Council of Ministers, called to take into consideration the situation of the interior, which presents a serious aspect, to say the least. We now behold the dual Austro-Hungarian Constitution battered by the deputies of other nationalities, who refuse to lend their co-operation in the management of public affairs, so long as the demands of other nationalties for autonomy are not acceded to. Everything tends to indicate that the opinions of Chancellor BEUST will prevail. They have ever advocated the concession of all liberties not incompatible with the present Constitution. As a consequence of these events, great revolutionary movements among the Slavonians, Tcheques, &c., are spoken of. As for the Polish deputies who withdrew, their return to Lemberg, in Gallicia, was made the occasion of an ovation, and the town was illuminated. As another consequence of this excitement, troubles in Dalmatia may recommence; they were ended but recently.

GOSSIP FROM RUSSIA.

A St. Petersburg letter informs me that the Moscow Synod has received a letter from a fervent Catholic in the United States, a Mr. BRING, who declares that in consequence of the events in the Council, at Rome, he has resolved upon forsaking Catholicism. He seeks to be ordained a priest of the Greek Church, that he may preach the orthodox faith in America.

ENGLAND.

University Sports—The Boat-Race Between Oxford and Cambridge—Press Reflections on the Contest and its Fruits.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Saturday, April 9, 1870.

The University boat-race has come to be nearly as much a national holiday as the Derby. There is not so much gambling, rascality and blackguardism mixed up in it, but there is a keener and higher personal interest. Oxford and Cambridge come to town *en masse*, and the Alumni of both, and all their relations. London breaks out in dark blue and light blue, the colors of the two clubs. For weeks before the race the newspapers have their daily columns on the form and practice of the crews. The river banks are daily lined with enthusiastic amateurs. The photographs of the Oxford and Cambridge muscularities are in the shop windows.

For nine years Oxford has beaten; but it became evident some days before the race this year that this luck was about to change. The betting was even—a great change from former years; and Cambridge was the victor. The weather has been for a fortnight as fine as possible, and as high tide was at 5 P. M. the crowd was almost unprecedented. London and a large part of England went up with the flood tide on the Thames, or on either side of it, and crowded banks and bridges. Nine out of ten, it must be said, did not care twopence for the race, but they cared a great deal for a holiday—the excitement of a crowd—the chance to spend or get something. All along the banks of the river were bands of negro minstrels, harps and violins, German bands, organs and monkeys, gymnasts, cheap jacks, sharpers, hawkers of all sorts and a confused bedlam of sounds. Then a wave of excitement and cheering ran along, slowly enough for everybody to take part in it; a rush to the water-side, a scramble for places to see, wet feet or more for the foremost, huzzas for dark blue and light blue, waving of hats and handkerchiefs and all is over. The miles of sight-seers finish up their recreations on land and water, beer and gin flow like the tide down thousands of thirsty throats and the day is ended.

The night before the race is a queer sort of Saturnalia. The undergraduates of both Universities go the rounds of the music halls, winding up at EVANS', in Covent Garden. Elsewhere they are strangers—here they make themselves at home. As the two crews are on strict diet, their friends refrain from eating and drinking in their presence, and the whole public is compelled to come into the same sympathetic arrangement, and fast with those who fast. If a waiter brings a glass of ale for the thirstiest mortal, smash goes the glass. No more of those wonderful steaks and chops; no big potato rolled in a napkin until it falls upon the plate a mound of snow. Every dish and glass—everything breakable—is banished. Finally, Oxford and Cambridge take possession of the stage, sing their own songs, and have a boisterous and merry time, as is the manner of collegians in both hemispheres.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* holds that the love of athletic sports in the schools and universities of England, so written up by KINGSLEY and THOS. HUGHES, "is, in fact, one symptom of a disease from which our higher education is suffering very seriously." The great mass of students, it says, will be intellectually torpid, but the British parent is to be blamed for the prevailing tone. Boys are sent to the great schools, not to learn, but to be made gentlemen of the accepted type, and get the conventional polish. Belonging to the rich and idle classes, they must be hearty, vigorous, but not too learned. Why learn to do nothing? What need has a fox-hunter or horse-breeder of Greek? Then, learning, where it is pursued, is only for success in competitive examinations. In the class, or cricket ground, or on the river, they go in to win glory or a scholarship, or an appointment in the public service. The many come from school and university skillful and muscular—the few cram for examinations. The excitement and exhaustion of these annual rowing-matches are an injury to both classes. The *Daily News* thinks muscle has had its day, and it is time to give some attention to brains. It says:

> "Considering the boat-race carefully and in all its bearings, we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that it has grown to exaggerated dimensions. As a matter of fact, if a man's boating career is to be at all successful, his University career must be *pro tanto* sacrificed. No amount of special pleading will for a moment make us believe that an oarsman who is in training for Putney can give his mind to anything much beyond his training. Beefsteaks and beer, and a long paddle of twenty miles every day, thoroughly benumb the brain and are absolutely incompatible with any genuine course of study. The acme of physical health is one thing, and the acme of intellectual effort is another, and the two cannot possibly be combined. The mania of athleticism taints the whole University. One good oar at Putney represents some hundred men who have spent the best years of their life in trying to become good oars, and who have failed. If all that Oxford and Cambridge can do is to turn out any number of young gentlemen with broad shoulders, big biceps, and faultless wind—if such men, or rather boys, are to be made into little heroes for three months—are to be mobbed, cheered, feasted, toasted, photographed, and almost 'interviewed'—then a University career can do but little real good."

It is time for "Guy Livingstone" and "Ouida" to come to the rescue.

The *Times*, I am happy to say, does not take this gloomy view of the matter.

> "The truth is," it says, "an Englishman is born to fight, and nothing stirs his blood like a race. The struggle of a boat-race calls out more of this spirit than almost any peaceful contest, and everybody knows that the Oxford and Cambridge boat-race is fought out manfully and fairly to the last."

They were tickled some at Cambridge, you may be sure. An immense crowd assembled in front of the Government Telegraph office, and when the result was posted great cheering was heard over the eastern counties. Up went the bunting on every flag-staff in Cambridge, the bells were rung, cannon were fired. After nine years of defeat they may well be demonstrative over the victory. Oxford rather likes the change, I think. It had got to be monotonous, and they wanted a new sensation. Then Oxford beat on Thursday in the Athletics at West Brompton—won in putting the weight, the one-hundred yard race, the three-mile race, quarter-mile race, hammer-throwing, broad-jump, high-jump and mile race. The whole force of Cambridge went into the rowing-match, and the hurdle-race was their only other victory.

PERILS OF THE DEEP.

The Case of the Steam-ship City of Boston.

From Mitchell's Marine Register, April 2.

The steam-ship *City of Boston* left New-York on the 25th of January, and was off Halifax on the 28th, since which time nothing has been heard of her. She has been out sixty-seven days, and looking to the large number of steamers now plying between Europe and America, and to other circumstances, we fear it is hoping against hope to expect any tidings from her. Had the *City of Boston* been a vessel whose length exceeded her breadth by more than ten to one, we might have still looked for her. With her proportions she would be a manageable vessel under canvas, and, being full-rigged as a ship, with square yards on all three masts, she ought to have worked her way into the tracks of ships weeks ago, unless dismasted; and, even in this disabled state, she could not have knocked about the Atlantic so long without being seen by those on board some of the hundreds of vessels navigating that ocean. A strongly-built ship like the *City of Boston*, whose length was but equal to eight breadths moulded, if her lower masts only were left standing, and her rudder not carried away, should have got on the lines of Transatlantic steam navigation and received assistance before this. Without masts, rudder or screw propeller, the gales would have drifted her where she must have been fallen in with, unless she foundered from the violence of the winds and waves, by heavy and continuous laboring in the trough of the seas. In this case her boats would be afloat, and—if they lived in the sea—picked up. The Atlantic is traversed by so many steam lines that it is almost impossible for a large steamship to knock about for more than two months without being reported. The owners sent out their fine steam-ship *City of Durham*, but nothing could be seen of the missing vessel. This looking for a ship on the surface of the sea, when the probabilities are all against her being afloat, exhibits a most praiseworthy spirit; but the renewed search will, we fear, be in vain. The *Smidt*, from Bremen for New-York, which sailed about the same time as the *City of Boston*, was seen by several vessels, and reported by one in our columns before she reached New-York. She got into a port of safety before three vessels that saw her had time to make the fact known. The *Samaria*, also, was spoken in lat. 51 N., lon. 21 W., and her Master told the Captain of the *Madge Wildfire* that he did not want assistance. The *Samaria* broke down when two-thirds of her voyage across, and was driven to the south-west; but she was passed by several vessels, and eventually reached the coast of Ireland under sail. The *City of Boston*, in like manner, if afloat, would, in our opinion, have been signaled at sea and reported before this. Looking upon her, therefore, as a lost ship, the cause must be looked for, and we think it is easily found. The *City of Boston*, on the 20th of January, was off Nova Scotia, and on that night a hurricane set in from south-east to south-west. As already mentioned in this journal, Capt. BULMER, of the *Helene Marion*, on arrival at Spithead, reported that he left New-York with the *City of Boston*, that his ship fell in with the hurricane, and while hove to, lost his ship's foretopmast and jibboom, although no canvas was on her at the time, and his new sails were blown away out of the gaskets. This hurricane was felt more or less severely in that part of the Atlantic for several days, so that the *City of Boston* could not have escaped it. In the *Shipping and Mercantile Gazette* of Feb. 23 the following appeared in the maritime intelligence:

> "HALIFAX, Feb. 11.—The Master (Hackett) of the *Charles Tupper* schooner, arrived here, has just reported that on the 31st of January he saw to the southward of Sable Island a steamer, which threw up rockets three times, and shifted her position round all points of the compass, so that he could not make out her position; at 8 P. M. it was lat. 43 30."

On the 11th of February the *City of Boston* was then behind time, but the terrific weather alone was enough to account for a few days over-due. When fears began to be entertained, the paragraph just quoted was canvassed; and so confident were all parties that the steamer in distress could not have been the *City of Boston*, that the report was discredited. It was stated that search had been made for wreck between Sable Island and the main land, but none could be discovered. Capt. HACKETT, however, it will be seen, speaks of the southward, which would be to seaward of the island. Bearing in view the fact that the gale veered round to north-west, the steamer in distress would be about where the *City of Boston* might have been expected to be fallen in with on the 31st, particularly if the machinery broke down, and the Captain determined to put back. We have not seen any statement tending to clear up the doubts as to the steam-ship in distress seen by the Master of the *Charles Tupper*; and to discredit is not to disprove. The Master of this schooner, we must suppose, did not invent the tale, and his crew could confirm or contradict the report. If this steamship from which rockets were thrown up was the *City of Boston*, she, no doubt, foundered on the night of the 31st January; and if no tidings are heard of any of the crew, it will be owing to her boats having been destroyed by the fury of the elements previous to her sinking. This is the only incident reported in any way bearing on her loss. If we discard it, we must speculate upon other causes. The first is—was she in a seaworthy state? The ships of this line are uninsured, and have the reputation of being well found, and kept in a sound state of repair. What the waves might do during a hurricane it is beyond any human power to predict. Machinery is liable to break from excessive strains, and it is a common occurrence for the blades of screws to break off, or the shaft to meet with accident. Granted, therefore, that her hull and equipment were in an efficient state, we come to the question of her lading. The *City of Boston* called at Halifax after leaving New-York, and Mr. INMAN'S agent there wrote to say that, on steaming out of that port, she drew twenty-one feet seven inches. This, it is said, is less by seven to ten inches than she had been loaded on previous voyages; and the professional Officers of the Board of Trade have pronounced an opinion that it was quite impossible that, with the declared weights of the cargo put on board, and the great accommodation set apart for passengers, she could have been overloaded. There is, after this authoritative opinion, but one theory left to discuss. We discard altogether fire and ordinary leakage; when either of these takes place there is usually time to get boats into the water. The *Glasgow*, steam-ship, and *Austria*, steam-ship, on the New-York line, were burnt at sea, but there were survivors from both ships. The *Hibernia*, steamship, sank in 1869 from the water entering by the screw-aperture. We [illegible] of steamers, [illegible] which have sprung a leak and yet [illegible] time to save some, or all, of the passengers and crews. There are missing Transatlantic steam-ships of whose loss there is no record. The *United Kingdom*, steam-ship, left New-York for Glasgow on the 19th of April last, and has not since been heard of. This was the latest, if we except the *City of Boston*. The only theory, therefore, that we can revert to as a last resort, is that of collision with ice in heavy weather. Larger quantities of drift ice and bergs have been encountered in the Atlantic this season than for many years past, and the ice has got detached, and thus fetched away to the southward and westward much earlier than usual. The steam-ship *Aleppo*, which arrived at Boston on the 20th of February from Liverpool, reported that "on the 15th she passed south of some immense fields and bergs of ice, the fields extending about 100 miles east and west; her position at noon that day was, by dead reckoning, latitude 45°, longitude 46°." The *City of Baltimore*, (steam-ship,) from New-York on Feb. 19, "passed several small icebergs on Feb. 22, in lat. 44 N., lon. 49 W., and subsequently spoke the *Busano*, (ship,) bound East, lat. 51 N., lon. 14 W." There were a few arrivals, also, of sailing ships, during February, which brought still earlier intelligence of the disruption of ice from the Polar regions. The *America*, (steam-ship,) which arrived at New-York on the 13th of March, reported passing, in lat. 40 05 N., and lon. 48 W., two immense icebergs; and the *Nebraska*, (steam-ship,) which reached New-York about the same time, reported heavy ice in lat. 44 N., lon. 48 W. The Master of the *Etna*, (steam-ship,) on his last voyage, also reported that a considerable amount of field ice was seen. We could extend this list to the reports of between seventy and eighty vessels arriving in Europe or America during the past two months. The *New-York* steam-ship had much difficulty in working out of the mass of ice, and for security the steamers are ordered to be kept to the southward of their tracks. There is no great stretch of imagination required to conceive that the *City of Boston* may have received such injury from the ice as to cause her to founder rapidly. She was certainly one of the first vessels this season to cross when the ice appeared, and may have been caught in a dangerous position for ships and boats. As to the ship being in such a high latitude as to be out of the drift or eastward recurvation of the Gulf Stream and where she would find but little if any current to carry her toward Ireland or the Azores, we give no credence to it. If the *City of Boston* did not go down in the hurricane of the 31st of January, or founder from contact with ice, she would have been heard of before this; and her passengers and crew are, we fear, beyond human aid.

CURRENT NOTES.

Fort Scott, Kansas, has a new paper entitled the *Evening Footlight*.

Raw ham and trichina killed four persons in Ballard County, Ky., last week.

Little HENRY WOLFF, of Commerce, Mo., shot his little three-year old sister last week, because she would not eat her supper.

Massachusetts complains that its legislators are liable to home-sickness, and that the attack (a sort of relapsing fever) carries them off.

Mr. THURLOW WEED'S account of stage-coach traveling forty-six years ago, published in the *Galaxy*, is having a great run through the papers.

A Nashville man publishes a "card" six columns long. Qu.—Why do politicians and people whose names get into the papers always feel called upon to speak by the card?

Mr. ENGLISH is to be inaugurated as Governor of Connecticut on the 4th of May, and it is promised that the military display shall be the finest ever seen in the State.

The will of Miss MARY P. LOXLEY, late of West Philadelphia, which disposes of property valued at between $700,000 and $800,000, is to be contested.

The Montreal *Gazette* remarks that Lord GRANVILLE'S curt and rather unceremonious reply to the Council of Prince Edward Island is almost rude in its arrogance, and certainly will not add to his reputation as a statesman.

Two enterprising citizens of Wilmington, Del., who recently erected two fine brick houses, have made the awkward and unpleasant discovery that they have made a mistake in the location and placed them upon another man's lots, adjoining theirs.

A Lansingburg youth who eighteen years ago abandoned his betrothed and went to California, has recently sent for her to join him. She goes, but under another name from that he once spoke so fondly, for she is a widow. In whom the constancy?

The radical temperance men of Maine, in view of the ill-success of their independent party movement last year, have decided to support the Republican candidate for Governor this year, if he shall be an earnest temperance man.

A former citizen of Ellicott Mills, Md., having been elected Mayor of Dayton, Ohio, the *Herald* of that city remarks that "Ellicott Mills grind slowly but exceedingly fine"—a quotation very inaccurate, but, perhaps, near enough to the point.

Massachusetts proposes to appoint a Commissioner of Lunacy and Pauperism, to have a general supervision of persons confined for either of these causes in the State institutions. He is to make visits at least once a month to the hospitals, without notice.

The body of Mr. ROBERT HARPER, of Albany, who disappeared on the 22d of January, was found on Tuesday evening in the Hudson River, at Coeymans. His money and valuables were safe, and no marks of violence were found on the body. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

A Newburg clergyman suddenly stopped in the midst of his sermon on Sunday and sat down. This aroused the sleepers, and he then arose and said he did not propose to preach to persons who were sleeping under his sermon, and he had taken this course to secure a wide-awake audience. He had it.

The special election for a successor of Mr. GOLLADAY in Congress takes place in the Third District of Kentucky on Monday next. Gen. JOSEPH H. LEWIS, an ex-rebel, whose disabilities have been removed, is the Democratic nominee. J. H. LOWRY, who has announced himself, is generally accepted as the Republican candidate.

The Chicago *Times* thinks that the Illinois Constitutional Convention ought to have submitted the question of woman suffrage to the women, with a provision that those women who refused to go to the polls should be counted among the negatives. Ah, but who shall count the women who refuse, and how shall they do it?

The Savannah firemen are all on their heads, metaphorically speaking, and merely because Gen. LEE has written a letter accepting an honorary membership in one of the companies. One of the local journals says: "Such exultation on the part of individuals, such enthusiasm of firemen, when the news was announced to the company, only found vent in a terrific 'aye!' for a handsome frame for the precious letter which will be hung in the meeting-room."

In a letter printed in the Springfield *Republican*, Gen. ROSECRANS says he is not endeavoring to open Mexico to commerce for his own schemes and speculations, and that it is not simply, nor chiefly, an "act of incorporation," —if the right to incorporate can be so called—which is sought from our Government, as all the "incorporation" contemplated in his memorial could be had under the laws of the State of New-York, at a cost of $10. Congress is applied to for it, "because business men and capitalists want—the interests of the country demand—that our Government should declare a policy toward Mexico, in accordance with our interests, convictions, and the spirit of the age."

The Hartford *Courant* has employed a special commissioner to investigate the subject of politeness in street-cars, and the result of his observations is stated thus: A car starts off down the street, having within ten ladies on one side, sitting closely, yet comfortably, together, and ten men on the opposite side. Presently one lady gets out; the other nine unconsciously rise a trifle, shake their skirts, and the seat is full again. Further on another lady departs; the eight remaining go through the same process of rising, and, in a twinkling, the seat is still full. A short ride beyond, another lady steps out, leaving seven only, who, by the same sort of spreading, fill the seat again completely. Now enters a lady. On the ladies' side there are three persons less than when the car started, yet not one of the seven remaining moves. And so one of the men on the opposite side gives his seat to the new-comer and stands during the rest of the journey.

THE McFARLAND TRIAL.

Adjournment in Consequence of the Recorder's Serious Illness.

Testimony on the Twelfth Day—Important Documentary Evidence Offered, but Excluded—What Witnesses are yet to be Examined.

The McFarland case entered upon its twelfth day yesterday, with a fair prospect that all the testimony for the defense would be in, and that the prosecution would make an announcement respecting the extent to which rebutting testimony would be presented—thus indicating definitely when the trial would close. Owing, however, to the illness of Recorder Hackett, counsel on both sides joined in a request that the Court be adjourned for the day at least, in order that the Judge might have an opportunity for rest. Accordingly, about 12½ o'clock, after six witnesses had been examined for the defense, the Court adjourned for the day.

Recorder Hackett has been ill for two or three weeks. Indeed, when the trial commenced he was unfit, from physical inability, to preside, but felt it to be his duty to do so, and sacrificed his personal convenience in order that the trial might proceed at the time appointed. He succeeded, by a rigid regimen and taking frequent exercise, in arresting the progress of the disease to some extent, and began to hope that he might fully recover. But a few days ago he was seized with dizziness in his office, and was obliged to go home and seek repose. The respite which the adjournment from Thursday until Monday gave him was very beneficial, and if the rest from labor could have continued he would, doubtless, have fully recovered. But he was obliged to continue the trial, and did so, though severely suffering under indisposition. On Tuesday it was observed that he entered the Court-room fifteen minutes after the usual time—a circumstance which was more noticeable from the fact that he had always been so punctual. He labored under depression all day on Tuesday, and when he entered the trial-chamber yesterday it was observed that he was very ill. He made no complaint, however, but proceeded with the trial until Judge Garvin and Mr. Graham, noticing his sufferings, and feeling that there was no necessity for such a sacrifice on his part, insisted that the case should be adjourned until morning, when, it is hoped, the Recorder will be able to proceed. If, however, he should not then be in condition to continue the case a further, adjournment will doubtless be had, for at this stage of the trial neither the interests of the people nor of the defendant will materially suffer by a further postponement. even if the Court should not reassemble until Monday.

There were six witnesses examined yesterday. The first, Mr. F. B. Carpenter, the artist, testified to a visit made to his studio in this City in February, 1867, by Richardson, Mrs. McFarland and "Molly" Gilbert; Augustus J. Oliver, a clerk in the Surrogate's Office, was called to show that there had been no administration upon Richardson's property in this county since his death, but the evidence was excluded; John C. Chadsey swore that he had searched for property standing in the name of McFarland, and found that in 1858 and 1859 he owned houses in Greenwich-street and in East Fourteenth-street, for which he paid $40,000, and assumed two mortgages of $27,500; an attempt was then made by Mr. Gerry to put in evidence a number of documents relating to influence which Horace Greeley, Samuel Sinclair, Ex-Justice White and David Dudley Field exerted to procure positions of trust and profit for McFarland from 1863 down to 1869, but the papers were excluded, though the evidence showing these appointments having been made was admitted; Albert R. Matthes, a livery-stable keeper, testified to furnishing a carriage for Richardson on the 21st of February to go to the New-Haven Railroad depot, and in the evening of that day to go to Winter Garden from No. 8 West Washington-place; Mr. Graham put in evidence an almanac showing the time the sun set on Nov. 25, 1869; evidence was produced showing McFarland's standing in Dartmouth College, his course as a law student in Worcester, Massachusetts, and his admission to practice in that State, in New-York and Wisconsin; Dr. Flint, Professor of Medicine in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, testified to examining McFarland on April 3, inst., at the Tombs, and finding rapid action of the heart caused by prolonged mental anxiety. Dr. Flint is considered authority on diseases of the heart, and lungs, as is Dr. Hammond, who accompanied him, on insanity. This concluded the evidence for the day, and the Court adjourned as above noted.

Counsel for defense state that they have a few more witnesses to examine, and hope to close their case to-day—if the Court sits. These witnesses are, it is presumed, chiefly experts, of whom Dr. Hammond is one; Dr. Vance, who has been in attendance every day of the trial, is another, and probably Dr. Chadsey is a third. Then the prosecution will submit some testimony in rebuttal, but how much is not known. Could the trial have proceeded yesterday, the defense would doubtless have closed. In that event the case would have been given to the jury by Friday evening. But the illness of the Recorder renders this dispatch impossible, and it is not thought probable that the trial will conclude before Monday or Tuesday of next week.

The attention of Mr. Graham has been called to the fact that the wife of defendant—who now calls herself Abby S. Richardson—has offered for sale, as special guardian of Leander P., Maude L. and Albert D. Richardson, minors, on June 20, next, the interest of these children in the Woodside property in New-Jersey. This notice of sale is dated April 18.

Detailed Report of the Twelfth Day's Proceedings—Documentary Evidence Offered but Excluded—Adjournment in Consequence of the Illness of Recorder Hackett.

The first witness placed on the stand yesterday was Francis B. Carpenter, the artist, who testified as follows:

I am an artist by profession; I knew Mr. Richardson in 1867, having first made his acquaintance about January or February, 1865; I also knew Mrs. McFarland, but never saw her at my house at any entertainment; Mr. Richardson was there on one occasion, but Mrs. McFarland never was; I saw them together once; I think it was in February, 1867, but do not remember the day; it was not far from the 23d, I should think; it was at my studio, at about twelve o'clock in the middle of the day; they called on an invitation from me to Mr. Richardson; I invited him, and he asked if he could bring one or more friends with him; I said certainly, and he came, but remained only a short time.

To Mr. Davis—There were others there at the same time; the studio was at the corner of Twenty-third-street and Broadway; they came there to look at a large picture of Lincoln and his Cabinet, nine feet by fourteen feet and six inches, painted by myself.

To Mr. Gerry—The picture had been on exhibition, and had been lately retouched; it was then on public exhibition; I think Miss Gilbert was with Mr. Richardson and Mrs. McFarland, but Mr. McFarland was not present; the picture was on public exhibition for a time prior to being sent to Washington; it was not announced as a public exhibition; this was a special invitation to Mr. Richardson, who had expressed a desire to see the picture.

AUGUSTUS W. OLIVER.

The next witness was called for the purpose of showing that the estate of Richardson, in this City, had not been administered upon. He said: Am the administration clerk in the Surrogate's office of this county; witness was asked whether letters testamentory or letters of administration had been taken on the estate of Albert D. Richardson. This question was objected to, and the counsel for the defense stated that their object was to show that although Mr. Richardson left assets in this county, no one had presumed to come forward to take any action on his estate as administrator or executor. The evidence was excluded.

JOHN H. CHATSEY.

This gentleman made searches for McFarland's property in this City. He stated that he had recently made searches in the Register's office for conveyances of real estate to Daniel McFarland, and had found a deed from Thos. D. Storms to Daniel McFarland, dated June 3, 1858, conveying a house and lot No. 389 Greenwich-street, in consideration of $20,000; also a deed dated April 2, 1859, conveying to McFarland four lots on East Fourteenth-street, for the sum of $20,000. On cross-examination the witness stated that there were incumbrances of $10,000 on the first property, and $17,500 on the other, which were assumed by the purchaser. He did not search for any later incumbrances.

DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

An agreement to convey certain property in Brooklyn to Gilbert O. Paise was offered in evidence but excluded. An exemplified copy of a deed of Richardson's property at Woodside, N. J., dated April 15, 1869, and conveying the property from Miles J. Anson to Richardson, in consideration of the sum of $9,000, was also offered and excluded. A mortgage on the same property was disposed of in the same way. A diploma under seal of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin, dated Dec. 9, 1850, certifying to the admission of Daniel McFarland to practice at the Bar of that State, was offered and excluded. Mr. Graham claimed that it was important, as showing the respectable standing of the defendant as a lawyer. He had been through the threefold ordeal of admission to the Bar of Massachusetts, Wisconsin and New-York. The Recorder, however, checked the argument with the remark that it was useless to press the point. Letters from George Opdyke, Mayor of New-York; Ex-Judge White, Horace Greeley and D. D. Field, to President Lincoln, dated March, 1863, and recommending the appointment of McFarland as Commissioner of Enrollment, were then produced. These were objected to, and Mr. Graham urged their admission on the ground that the writers were men of the highest standing and influence at the time, and the position to which they recommended Mr. McFarland was one requiring a man whose loyalty and fidelity were unquestioned. Mr. Greeley's letter also showed the estimation in which McFarland was held at the *Tribune* office, and that he was at liberty to go and come there whenever he pleased. If any change in his feelings had been produced it had grown out of the circumstances of this trial. This was a case of life and death, and this high indorsement of the character of the defendant might have some little weight, and he was entitled to the benefit of it. The Recorder suggested that if they wished the evidence of Mr. Greeley as to the character of the defendant, he might be called as a witness, but the letters could not be admitted.

ALBERT DAGGETT.

This witness identified the signatures of officials in Washington. He recognized those of Edwin M. Stanton, E. A. Rollins and C. Delano, attached to certain documents then to be offered in evidence. Mr. Daggett is now a Deputy Collector in the Fourth District, and formerly held the same position in the Thirty-second. A letter from Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War at that time, dated April 17, 1863, was offered, but excluded. This was simply an official notification to Mr. McFarland that he had been appointed Commissioner of Enrolment, directing him to report to the Provost-Marshal for duty. Mr. Greeley's letter to McFarland, enclosing his letter of recommendation, was also excluded. A diploma of the Supreme Court of New-York, dated Nov. 10, 1865, admitting McFarland to practice here, was offered and admitted.

MORE DOCUMENTS OFFERED.

A letter from Horace Greeley to Thomas McElrath, dated Jan. 11, 1867, was then produced, recommending the appointment of McFarland in the Appraiser's office of the Custom-house, which was followed by a similar letter from Samuel Sinclair, dated Jan. 14, 1867. Mr. Greeley's letter was excluded, but that of Mr. Sinclair admitted on the ground that it showed that an intimacy existed between him and the defendant, and it was claimed on the part of the defense that McFarland went to the *Tribune* office on the day of the shooting for the purpose of seeing Mr. Sinclair. The letter spoke of the ability and integrity of Mr. McFarland in the highest terms, and asked that the appointment be made. A second letter from Mr. Sinclair, addressed to Chief-Justice Chase, and recommending the appointment of Mr. McFarland as a Register in Bankruptcy, was then produced, but objected to by the prosecution.

MR. GRAHAM ARGUES THE POINT.

Mr. Graham said he wished to follow the matter up and show the intimate friendship which existed between Mr. Sinclair and the defendant. He believed that but for the very ties for whose sacredness the defense were now contending Mr. Sinclair would be with the prisoner in his sympathies today. But husband and wife must keep together right or wrong, and Mr. Sinclair was perfectly right in taking part with his wife as against his friend. The position of Register in Bankruptcy was a very important and responsible one, and the opportunities which it affords for peculation and corruption make it necessary to appoint to it men of the highest integrity. A recommendation to this office from Mr. Sinclair was very strong evidence of the confidence and deep personal regard which he had for Mr. McFarland at that time, and being made in March, 1867, after these domestic troubles arose and Mrs. McFarland had taken up her abode in his house, it shows that his sympathies then at least were not on her side. On the suggestion of the Recorder that if they wished Mr. Sinclair's evidence they should call him as a witness, Mr. Graham said that, as lawyers, they knew better than to go to the camp of the enemy for a friend.

M'FARLAND'S APPOINTMENTS.

The original appointment of Mr. McFarland as Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Ninth Division of the Sixth District, over the signature of E. A. Rollins, dated March 17, 1868, was then produced.

Recorder—This was not a whisky appointment, was it?

Mr. Graham—No, Sir; he had such an aversion for whisky that when it was recommended to him medicinally he wouldn't take it, and of course he would not wish to be officially connected with it. This document was admitted in evidence, as was the reappointment and the same position under the reorganization in September, 1868, and his appointment by Commissioner Delano as Assistant Assessor of the First Division of the Thirty-second District, on the 8th of June, 1869. A document from office of Internal Revenue of the Treasury Department, assigning and authorizing Daniel McFarland to make assessment on shares and legacies in estates of deceased persons, was also produced and put in evidence.

ALBERT R. MATHEWS.

This witness was a livery-stable keeper and furnished carriages for Richardson. He testified that he was not now engaged in any business; was formerly proprietor of an extensive livery-stable at No. 114 Clinton-place; I have the books containing entries of carriages sent from my stables, on order, in the month of February, 1867; these entries (producing the book) were made by me; [the witness here identified an entry of Feb. 21, 1867, as being in his handwriting;] it is an entry of a carriage ordered by Albert D. Richardson, charged to him (subsequently paid for) and ordered to be sent to No. 8 West Washington-place, whence it was to take some one to the Winter Garden Theater; on the same day there is another entry of a carriage (charge $2 50) ordered by Richardson, to be sent to No. 8 West Washington-place, to take some one from there to the New-Haven Railroad Depot, in Fourth-avenue; the last mentioned was sent at 2:¼ P. M., and the first mentioned at 6 P. M. on the same day.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

I do not know who came for the carriage on either occasion; it may have been Mr. Richardson, or he may have sent his order by another person.

Mr. Graham then put in evidence the *Tribune* Almanac for the year 1869, for the purpose of showing the time when the sun set on the 25th of November of that year. From this it appeared that the time of the sun's setting was 4:21 P. M. As this testimony came from the *Tribune* establishment, said the counsel, it is infallible; it will not be disputed as being law and gospel. [Laughter.]

The evidence was received.

COLLEGE PROFESSORS.

Mr. Henry Vandevoort, Clerk of the Court, then produced the depositions of certain witnesses living out of the State whose testimony had been taken by interrogatory, and the result transmitted to him as Clerk of the Court. The first deposition was that of Prof. E. T. Quimby, of Darmouth College, testifying that the prisoner was at the college when he (Quimby) was there; that McFarland then ranked as a man of culture and of mind; in 1851 he so regarded him; knew of the honorary degree of Master of Arts being conferred on him in 1856. He was, in deponent's opinion, of an ardent temperament, strong in his attachments, and easily wrought up to frenzy by real or supposed injuries.

PROF. HUBBARD, OF NEW HAVEN.

Mr. Vandevoort also produced the deposition of Prof. Oliver P. Hubbard, of New-Haven, Conn., instructor and professor of chemistry, zoology and mineralogy, at Dartmouth College. Has been thirty-four years in that capacity. He states that the prisoner was attentive to his studies and commanded his (the deponent's) respect while he was in the college.

EX-MAYOR BACON, OF WORCESTER.

Also the deposition of Peter C. Bacon, of Worcester, Mass., was produced, under whom the prisoner studied law; knew the prisoner since 1852; deposed that he had recommended prisoner for admission to the Bar in the County of Worcester; that he (deponent) was Mayor of the City of Worcester when McFarland studied in his office; that McFarland was admitted in 1853; a letter from him (deponent) being voucher for the good character of the prisoner, which is therein pronounced above all reproach.

PROF. RUSSELL, OF LANCASTER, MASS.

The deposition of Prof. Wm. W. Russell, of Lancaster, Mass., was also read. The Professor testifies to having known McFarland at Dartmouth College in 1849; that subsequently he came to deponent for instruction in elocution and rhetoric, and was preparing himself for teaching; when the prisoner came to deponent in 1850, he was a cultivated man in character, manner and intellect, a favorite with his class and very ambitious of success in life.

EX-GOV. FARWELL, OF WISCONSIN.

The next deposition was that of Ex-Gov. Farwell, of Wisconsin, for seven years examiner of patents in Washington. He deposes that the prisoner was a member of the Wisconsin Bar; that he (deponent) always respected him as a lawyer and a man; saw him and his wife frequently together while they lived in Wisconsin; they seemed to be affectionately devoted to each other; prisoner resided in Wisconsin from 1854 from 1859; he was largely interested in real estate speculation during the time.

All the above depositions were read by Mr. Spencer, and were all admitted in evidence.

DR. AUSTIN FLINT.

This witness was produced as an expert. He testified that he was a professor in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and consulting physician for the Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island, for the Foundling Hospital and for many other public institutions; that he had been a physician in this City for thirty-five years, and had written many medical works; that his specialty in the practice of medicine was with regard to diseases of the heart and lungs; that he had not made the treatment of insanity his particular and special study. He further testified that he saw the prisoner at the Tombs on Sunday, the 3d of April; that he then made a thorough examination of him physically, with reference to disease of the lungs and heart; discovered no organic disease of the heart; the prisoner, though, had symptoms of a functional derangement of the heart; prolonged mental anxiety was likely to produce these; his heart's pulsations were more rapid than they should be in the normal condition of that organ; his pulse was over one hundred when the examination was made; he was under no particular excitement at that time; Dr. Wm. A. Hammond accompanied witness, and was present at the examination. Witness then entered into a description of the difference between organic and functional heart disease, and pronounced that of the prisoner of the latter character.

ILLNESS OF RECORDER HACKETT—ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. Graham said that he had been pained to notice that His Honor the Recorder was evidently suffering from illness; and although he admired the fortitude with which he fought against his evident physical ailment, he thought the cause of justice did not require that His Honor should render himself liable to an attack of disease by continuing to discharge his duty under such embarrassing circumstances. He had been pained to learn from the papers that His Honor had, while in his private office, evinced symptoms of serious illness, and it would be an injustice to himself to continue this engrossing trial at this juncture. He begged the Court, therefore, to adjourn further proceedings for the day. The District-Attorney, he said, concurred with him in the view that this course should be taken; and by adjourning, His Honor might rest assured the cause of public justice would not suffer; its proper carrying out demanded no such self-sacrifice as His Honor was now evidently making.

The Court then adjourned till 11 o'clock this morning.

THE VOORHEES MURDER.

Trial of William Chambers in Brooklyn—Testimony on Both Sides—Another Plea of Insanity.

In the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer, in Brooklyn, yesterday, Judge JOSEPH F. BARNARD presiding, the trial of William Chambers commenced. Out of a panel of 500 jurors, the following were, after a process of selection, which lasted about an hour and a half, finally obtained to try the case: Ward St. John, insurance broker, No. 33 South Fifth-street, E. D.; Charles B. Douglass, photographer, No. 94 Bond-street; George B. Smith, dry goods, No. 200 Grand-street; Chas. A. Winant, blacksmith, No. 99 Bergen-street; Benj. F. Frothingham, cotton-duck, No. 33 Remsen street; James G. Bennett, dry-goods, No. 37 Taylor-street; Wm. H. Gowan, fruit-dealer, No. 77 Fort Greene-place; Robt. S. Aiteman, railroad supplies, No. 137 Gates-avenue; Henry Pullmendorf, blacksmith, Canarsie; Henry A. Tuttle, hardware, Lee-avenue; Isaac Skidmore, inn-keeper, Canarsie; Daniel C. Bigelow, no business, No. 1 Lafayette-avenue.

Chambers was defended by Wm. F. Howe, Esq., of New-York. The case for the prosecution was conducted by District-Attorney Morris, assisted by Thos. E. Pearsall, Esq. Assistant District-Attorney Thomas E. Pearsall opened the case for the prosecution.

Dr. A. W. Sheppard deposed that he had made the post-mortem examination on the late Mr. Voorhees on the 14th February; he described the course of the ball, which had entered the skull in the ridge, just over the right eye, making a fissure of about one and a half inches in extent; he detailed the course of the ball, which had passed through the larger hemisphere of the brain and lodged in the cavity between it and the lesser brain; he considered lesion of the brain to have been the cause of death.

Coroner Jones deposed to having seen Mr. Voorhees on the morning after he was shot, between twelve and two o'clock; his pulse was then between 30 and 35, and he was totally insensible; he had also held the inquest on his body.

Edward Tuhill was acquainted with Mr. Voorhees in his lifetime, and was in Fogarty's saloon on the night he was shot; he was there shortly before ten o'clock; it was the prisoner who shot Mr. Voorhees; the first time that Duffy and Chambers came in (about eight o'clock) Duffy seemed a little intoxicated; Duffy came up and spoke to me; Mr. Voorhees remarked I had not make him acquainted with my friend; Fogarty introduced Mr. Voorhees to Duffy, and Duffy made him acquainted with Chambers; Mr. Voorhees asked Chambers how he came with a scar which he had on his forehead; he said it had been received from some thieves in New-York; Mr. Voorhees then asked to be excused for having made the inquiry; there was some talk about Chambers knowing more about some subject—I understood it was Masonry—than any of them; Chambers thereupon declared he was a Fenian; some wine was drunk; Chambers said he could pay for a bottle as well as any of them; he thereupon called for one, which was bought; he afterward paid for his own wine and Duffy's also; Duffy and Chambers went out after that; when Chambers came back, after about an hour and a half, there was in the store Mr. Fogarty, one of his bar-tenders, and myself and Mr. Voorhees; Chambers entered from Carroll-street. The witness showed the position by the diagram of the various parties. We were in conversation when Chambers re-entered; Chambers had been eight to ten minutes in the store before he spoke; when McLellan came in he stood at the upper end of the bar and asked those present to have a drink; Fogarty introduced McGellan to Mr. Voorhees; the latter remarked that he bore the name of a man whom he very highly respected; that was George B. McClellan; McClellan remarked that he was of Scotch descent; Chambers said, "God damn him, then;" he drew a pistol out of his pocket and said he was as good a man as any in the room, and he could prove it; he then fired and shot Mr. Voorhees; Fogarty looked at the picture to see if the ball had entered there; I said we must arrest this man; Fogarty said "some of us may be shot;" Chambers was asked to come and take a drink, as no harm had been done; he did so, and took a glass of ale; I then threw my arm around him and secured him; an officer was afterward procured.

Cross-examined—Mr. Voorhees remarked, after Chambers re-entered "Here is our friend come back—come and take a glass of wine;" I understood that Chambers made the remark about McClellan in reply to the observation of Mr. Voorhees that he greatly esteemed McClellan; I do not think Chambers was greatly excited while in the bar; champagne was the wine which was called for on Chambers' first appearance; his appearance was a little wild when he came back; he remarked repeatedly that he was a Fenian; I told him there was no other in the house, and that he should stop talking on that subject; before he fired the shot I knew the revolver was pointed more to Mr. Voorhees than to myself; he did not see Mr. Voorhees sufficiently to take a deliberate aim; I was looking right at Chambers when he fired to see where he would fire next; Chambers seemed to look for the effect of the ball on the wall at a height of about seven feet.

Nicholas McCall was in Fogarty's when Mr. Voorhees was shot; he corroborated the testimony of the preceding witness; after Chambers had fired the pistol witness told him to put it in his pocket, as there was no harm done.

Peter Fogarty, proprietor of the liquor saloon in Carroll-street, deposed to having seen Mr. Voorhees about a quarter to eight o'clock; described the circumstances attending the first visit of Chambers and Duffy; should judge from the manner of Chambers in throwing out the wine that was first given him that he was annoyed at Duffy being so much engaged with Mr. Voorhees and neglecting him; some secret sign having passed between Mr. Voorhees and Duffy, Chambers asked what that was for; he was told he could not be told; he replied, "These are a pair of Know-Nothings;" Mr. Voorhees answered, "I at least am a Know-Nothing." Corroborated previous testimony as to further conversation and the second visit of Chambers and its sequel.

Cross-examined—Before the shooting Chambers had only a part of two glasses of wine; he did not appear to be drunk; there was something peculiar in his appearance when he first came in; Tuhill remarked "that friend of Duffy is a peculiar-looking genius;" after the remark about McLellan, he said nothing until he made a sort of jump, said he was an Irishman and a good one, or something to that effect, and then fired; the latter remark, coupled with some expressions about being a Fenian, came at the same instant as the shooting; I cannot say that he aimed at Mr. Voorhees; I was within about two feet of him when he fell; Chambers stood perfectly still after the shot; he made no attempt to escape.

Robert McLellan confirmed the statements made about his conversation with Mr. Voorhees.

This closed the case for the prosecution.

Mr. Wm. F. Howe asked that the indictment be quashed because in its concluding section it charged Wm. Chambers with killing some one, but failed to specify Dominicus S. Voorhees. The latter part of the indictment (the essential part) was read, and declared that the prisoner did feloniously and with malice aforethought kill some one, whose name in this part is left blank. It was a mere clerical error, but he thought a fatal one. Objection overruled and exception taken.

Mr. Howe then opened the case for the defense, claiming that the prisoner was insane.

The first witness he called was Thomas Rafferty, No. 145 Centre-street, New-York, who had known the prisoner for about seven months; was introduced to him first at his brother-in-law's, who was a tailor in Mulberry-street; had seen nothing wrong about him then; had known him generally as a quiet, sober and inoffensive sort of man; had known him buying a pistol, which he had shown to witness, stating that if he would wait a little he would see the boys coming round to rob; witness advised him to settle down and marry; Chambers replied that he could have the daughter of his landlady any day he chose to ask her, and that there were plenty of girls in Brooklyn dying to have him; he had frequently spoken about people spitting at and deriding him, even in the street-cars.

Cross-examined—He had always known Chambers attentive to his business.

Thomas Ford, tailor in Mulberry-street, New-York, had known Chambers for sixteen years; during the last few years Chambers had frequently talked about people spitting at him; he said they wanted to carry out the same old game as they did in Washington; he said he could not stand it any longer, and that he had bought a pistol to put a shot in them; this was about five months before the murder; he used to visit me, and frequently began to talk about persons following him.

Cross-examined—During part of the sixteen years mentioned Chambers was waiter in a hotel; for the twelve months before the commission of this crime he had been a dealer in pictures and clocks; I understood that he had also been a suttler in the army.

Barry Walsh testified that he resides in Harlem, and has known Chambers since last September. He saw him daily as they lived next door; he thought all the rowdies in the neighborhood had designs on him, but said he, I will put a hole in them; a German, a neighbor, excited his suspicion, and they were like to have fought; his general conduct was in some things rational, but he always got quite excited when he talked about people spitting at him; remember his being assaulted; he was knocked down about three months ago and robbed; he grew worse after that; he used to drink a little; I saw him once or twice intoxicated; I think he grew worse after taking liquor; he would talk about people spitting at him when he was quite sober.

Cross-examined—He attended to all his own business, and I never knew of anything wrong in his mode of conducting it.

Mrs. Mary Duffy resides on East Broadway; Chambers boarded with her for some time; she had to request him to leave on account of threatening language he had used to one of the boarders.

Patrick Coghlin had known Chambers as long as he could recollect; had seen him pretty frequently; he used to say to me that people were always spitting at him, and that I myself did it too; he used to put his fist to my face, and, without threatening me, say he would put a stop to them; he came into our house one day very excited, and said that I used to spit at him, and that my father and mother put me up to do it; I went to the prison lately to see him, when he suddenly struck me through the opening of the cell-door; when these spells I have referred to would come on him, he would clench his fists, the blood would run to his head and he would behave like a madman.

Cross-examined—Before being in the picture business he worked in a stable in Park-street; he also was in the South with a Mr. McMillan; he had also been a bartender; he attended to his business regularly; I never saw him have any row; I have heard him talk of people spitting for a few years; I never knew him drunk in my life.

James H. McMillan had known Chambers since 1863; he used to work for me at Washington, and lived with me; he was tending an eating-house when I first met him; he was often very violent, and I have heard that when one of the boys spit at him he threatened to put a knife into him; he borrowed $1 of me in Richmond four years ago, which he repaid me a about a week before killing Mr. Voorhees; I saw he carried a pistol, and advised him to put it away or he would get into trouble.

Cross-examined—I have seen many quick-tempered men in my time, but none quite so bad as Chambers; he was employed by me in an eating-house I had in Washington; he would sometimes tend the bar and at others wait at the table; I knew him also to be employed at Mr. Rennel's, in Washington.

John G. Duffy, No. 212 East Broadway, had known Chambers for about sixteen years; about fourteen months ago he boarded with me; my attention was called to his threatening conduct in the dining-room; he complained to me of people following him; he told me that since the war broke up the United States Government seemed to have nothing else to do but follow him round; he said that it was the same everywhere; I was afraid of him, and got him to leave my house.

Patrick Moran had come from Pennsylvania to testify in the case. Had known of Chambers' mother being sent to the workhouse at Ballyslough; he was bred, born and raised the second door to Chambers' mother; he had known her for seventeen years; he had seen her sent to the mad-house four different times; she was sixteen or seventeen years old when she was first sent there; he did not know what the cause of her madness was; sometimes she used to go wandering about the streets, and they had to lock her up; Chambers' mother was insane after he was born; I knew of no other member of the family who was insane; knew Chambers as a boy.

Miss Ann Coghlin, No. 38 Mulberry-street, New-York, had known Chambers for fifteen years; he was very respectable indeed till four years ago when he began to talk about people spitting at him; he accused me of spitting at him which I had never done; I got afraid of him one day when he accused my boy of spitting at him, and walked up toward him, but without injuring him.

Peter Hopkins, No. 160 Hester-street, New-York, recollected of Chambers asking him for some information about pictures; during this interview Chambers began to look suspiciously at him and behaved like a man deranged; his face working in strong convulsive spasms; about fifteen months ago Chambers had attracted a crowd on the street by striking a man who had spit in his presence.

Cross-examined—During the time he worked opposite to me he had been steady at his business.

Dr. M. Gonzalez Echeverria, No. 19 West Twenty-second-street, New-York, a physician of over fifteen years' practice, graduate of the University of Paris, and holding various responsible medical positions in New-York, had made a special study of epileptic diseases, gave a learned definition of various forms of epilepsy; the disease is strongly hereditary; statistics show that one-half of the cases are from hereditary causes; the common ways of producing the disease are fright, fear, and injury to the head, as also various diseases of the digestive and other organs; a person could be afflicted with epilepsy without knowing it, especially when it assumes the vertigian form.

The Court adjourned at 4:20, till to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, when the examination of Dr. Echeverria will be resumed.

IMPRISONED FOR LIFE.

Sentence of Edwin Perry—Distressing Scene in Court.

At the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday morning, EDWIN PERRY was brought from the Raymond-street Jail to receive sentence for the killing of THOMAS HAYES, in November last. While in Court, a somewhat distressing scene occurred between him and his wife and family of six children, who were present, weeping continuously.

PERRY was requested to stand up and a record of his conviction was read to him by Mr. STEVENS, the Clerk of the Court.

In answer to the question what he had to say why sentence should not be pronounced against him, PERRY said the voice of the people and the voice of the Press had been raised so strongly against him that the voice of nature could not be heard. For that reason he had nothing to say.

His Honor, Judge BARNARD, then addressed PERRY, as follows:

"The jury which brought in a verdict of guilty against you were very merciful to you. I came here prepared, from two disagreements, to find a very weak case against you. I knew nothing about the facts of the case. I have heard this trial, and I see no possible doubt but that you were guilty of murder in the first degree. The sentence of the Court is that you be imprisoned in the State Prison at Sing Sing for the term of your natural life."

PERRY received his sentence with much composure, showing symptoms of emotion, however, in parting with his family, who were most painfully affected. After this, guarded by policemen, he was taken from the Court, to be immediately conducted to Sing Sing.

A writ of error is to be issued and made returnable at the General Term, to be held at Poughkeepsie on the second Tuesday of next month.

Asylum for Lying-in Women.

The forty-seventh anniversary of the Asylum for Lying-in Women of this City, was held at the Institution, No. 85 Marion-street, yesterday at noon. The Secretary's report was read, stating that the institution of the society was open to reputable women of all nationalities during the period of their confinement, free of charge. The death of Mrs. GEORGE WOTHERSPOON, the second directress, and that of Dr. THOMAS F. COCK, one of the founders and a consulting physician of the society, in the course of the past year, were alluded to in appropriate terms. The Treasurer's report showed that the receipts of the society last year amounted to $10,713 56, and its expenditures to $7,950 09, leaving a balance on hand of $2,763 47. Dr. CHAS. S. WARD, resident physician of the Asylum, made a report showing the following figures for the past year: Number of women who received care at the Asylum, 99; at their residences, 200; number of births at the Asylum, 81; of deaths among children, 2; number of women who received care, since the society was formed, at the Asylum, 3,546; at their residences, 12,509; total, 16,055. A new Board of twenty managers was elected, as were also the following officers for the ensuing year: Mrs. T. A. Emmet, Mrs. Bache, Mrs. Evers, Mrs. Thomas Cock, Mrs. James Brooks, Mrs. George J. Cornell, Mrs Samuel Jaudon, Directresses; Mrs. J. R. Nevius, Treasurer; Mrs. Jos. H. Foster, Secretary.

The Central Park Commissioners.

The Commissioners of the Central Park, according to the new charter, terminated their existence yesterday. The Commissioners of Public Parks cannot organize until the vacancy in the Commission, caused by the resignation of Mr. DILLON, is filled, and this, according to rumor, will not be until the Tax Levy is passed. The Commissioners of the Central Park will not make a formal surrender of the Park and their books, papers, &c., until the new Commission has organized.

The Horse Market.

Trade in horses flourishes in East Twenty-fourth-street. Since our last weekly report, sales have been effected rapidly at high prices. Most of the large dealers are sold out of present stock, and are in expectation of fresh arrivals. As the season has advanced, trotters have sold freely, and good carriage-teams are in quick demand. Few saddle-horses, however, have changed hands. C. F. HILL, No. 155 East Twenty-fourth-street, dealer in trotters and fancy horses, reports trade excellent; sold seven head during the past week at prices ranging from $500 to $1,500 per head. COMAN & FITCH, No. 153 East Twenty-fourth-street, report trade good; sold one pair matched carriage-horses at $1,500, and one pair matched carriage-horses at $700; also, six single harness horses, at from $400 to $1,000. A. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Bull's Head Stables, Twenty-fourth street, has sold during the past week nearly 100 head of heavy draught horses, suitable for farm and City business; trade quick and prices good. Lower Canada horses fetched from $125 to $300 per head, while Western horses for farm and City business sold freely at from $150 to $300 per head; also reports the market improving for driving and coach horses. Present stock nearly sold off. Fresh arrivals expected this week.

J. C. DEYO, doing business at the Bull's Head Stables, Twenty-fifth-street, reports trade lively. Sold seventeen head of harness horses during the past week, at prices ranging from $500 to $3,000. Matched pairs sold well; the demand continues brisk for these.

LAW REPORTS.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 20.

By Judge Brady.

Katharine Lang *vs.* Ferdinand Lang; judgment of divorce granted.

Yates *vs.* Well, McGuin *vs.* Flood, Underwood *vs.* Penniman; motions granted.

Margaret Falvey *vs.* John Falvey; judgment of divorce granted on the report of the referee.

Schwartz *vs.* McCabe; motion granted, held to bail in $200.

Platt *vs.* Platt; motion denied.

Mayer *vs.* Apfel; allowance only made on issue formed by pleading.

Candler *vs.* Petry. See memoranda.

Griess *vs.* Griess; reference ordered.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 20.

By Chief-Justice Barbour.

McKee *vs.* Murphy; judgment dismissing complaint with costs, findings to be settled on notice.

By Judge Monell.

Smith *vs.* Tunis; motion granted without costs.

Pratt *vs.* Pollock; motion granted without costs.

Dayton *vs.* Remington; motion granted.

Reed *vs.* Stetson; motion granted.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 20.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Doll *vs.* Brookman; motion granted upon defendant's stipulating not to sue.

Lawrence *vs.* Cowdrey; motion granted, plaintiff to have leave to amend his complaint.

Levinger *vs.* Hendricks; motion denied with $10 costs to abide event.

Sturgis *vs.* Taylor; injunction modified.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—APRIL 20.

Before Presiding Justice Ingraham and Judges Barnard and Cardozo.

NICOLSON PAVEMENT—THE STRUGGLE OF THE TAX-PAYERS.

Tilden et al. vs. *The Mayor*, and *Ely* vs. *The Same.*—This was an appeal from a judgment sustaining a demurrer to the complaint. The plaintiffs in the Tilden suit sought to restrain the collection of an assessment, and to have it discharged as a lien on lots belonging to them, situated on the easterly side of Pearl-street. The assessment was imposed by virtue of an ordinance of the Common Council, passed June 24, 1867, directing the paveme[illegible]

Pearl-street, from Wall to Beekman, with Nicolson pavement, under the direction of the Croton Board, the plaintiffs claim that the ordinance, the assessment, and the contract under which the work was performed, are illegal and void: First, because in violation of an implied contract under the ordinance of 1824, whereby the lot-owners, having paid the expense of paving, the City became bound to repave at its own expense. Second, the lot owners, having paid annual taxes, a portion of which were applied to the streets generally, a contract arises for the corporation to repair and repave Pearl-street. Third, the work should be done by the corporation, and not by the Croton Board. Fourth, it is in violation of the ordinance forbidding a contract exceeding $250 from being made without advertising. Fifth, it is not authorized by the acts of 1866 and 1867 in regard to levying taxes, &c.; on the contrary, it violates those acts, which require the authorised work to be done by the Street Commissioner or Street Department. Sixth, the assessment is according to lineal feet, and does not charge the lot-owners in proportion to the advantage, as directed by the ordinance. Another point raised is that the contract varies from the ordinance; the latter provides for paving the street with Nicolson pavement, from Wall to Beekman-street, but the contract excepts intersections paved with stone blocks and space between rail tracks and provides for crosswalks of bridge stones. The contractor has not fulfilled his contract, nothing having been done between Fulton and Beekman streets. The crosswalks are not made, although the assessment provides for the payment. Also, the assessment provides for paying contractors for crosswalks of bridge stone, which is not authorized by the ordinance.

The demurrer was put in on the ground—first, want of jurisdiction, and second that the complaint did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action. The case was argued before Judge SUTHERLAND, at Special Term, who sustained the demurrer, and thereupon judgment was entered dismissing the complaint. From that judgment the plaintiffs appealed to the General Term. In the case of Ely *vs.* the Mayor, which relates to property in Eighth-avenue, between Forty-second and Fifty-eighth-street, the same points, substantially, are raised. The decision of the Court was reserved.

For plaintiff, Messrs. John McKeon and John Ely; for the City, Mr. W. H. Leonard.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

The Examining Committee will meet for the last time on Thursday, April 21, at 3 P. M., in the General Term-room. All students desirous of being admitted at this General Term are requested to be present at that time.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge Jones and a Jury.

HEAVY DAMAGES AGAINST A CITY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Eliza Colt vs. *The Sixth-avenue Railroad Company.*—This action was brought to recover damages for injuries received by the plaintiff, an aged and infirm woman, on the 7th of May, 1867. She took passage on one of the Company's cars at Nineteenth-street, to go to Thirty-seventh-street. Arrived at that point, the conductor stopped the car and plaintiff walked to the rear of it, using a cane on account of her lameness. As she stepped off the car, the conductor, before her dress was clear of the platform, gave the signal to start. The dress caught on a nail, or some other protruding substance, and the plaintiff was violently dragged down, causing a fracture of the neck of her hip joint. Physicians say that injuries of this nature to aged persons can never be healed.

On the part of the defense it was contended that as the plaintiff got off the car she lost her presence of mind, became quite bewildered, and started to go on the wrong side of the street; that while in the act of turning around behind the car, her dress caught on the "bumper hook," and hence that her negligence contributed to the accident. The Company also insisted that the real injury was produced by her falling on the carriage floor when, after the occurrence in question, she was placed in that vehicle. The case was very closely contested throughout the two full days that the trial lasted. The jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for $5,500, to which the Court, on motion, added an allowance of five per cent. by way of costs.

For plaintiff, Mr. G. M. Speir; for the defendants, Ex-Judge Slosson and Ex-Recorder James M. Smith.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—APRIL 20.

Before Judge Friedman and a Jury.

LIABILITY OF SAVINGS BANKS.

Isaac Darsam vs. *The Dry Dock Savings Bank.*—In 1868 the plaintiff deposited with the defendant over $800. Subsequently, having fallen sick, and while confined to his house, his wife went to the bank, drew all the money, absconded from her home, and has ever since remained separate from her husband. The husband now brings his action to recover against the defendant for the amount deposited. In defense of the action, the bank produced a general order signed by plaintiff at the time of making the deposit, whereby the wife was authorized to draw against the amount to plaintiff's credit, and proved that in conformity with this order the wife had been paid the money. The absconding wife was produced, and corroborated the statement of the officers of the bank. The plaintiff seemed not to recollect having signed the order, or if having signed it, seemed to have been ignorant of its meaning and effect. The jury found in favor of the defendant.

J. Johnston for plaintiff; R. L. Larremore for defendant.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Van Brunt.

PRACTICE—THE AMOUNT CLAIMED IN SUMMONS LIMITS THE RECOVERY.

McGean vs. *Leopold.*—This was a demurrer to a complaint on the ground that its demand was larger than that contained in the summons. The demurrer was overruled, the Judge holding that the amount demanded in the summons limits the recovery, and not the amount demanded in the complaint.

Samson and Streeter for motion; E. J. McGean opposed.

POLICE TRIALS.

Before Commissioner Bosworth.

Ten delinquent policemen were arraigned yesterday upon complaints alleging the various offences generally known as neglect of duty, violations of the rules, and improper conduct. The only case of interest was that of James J. Black, of the Eighth Precinct, who was charged by Henrietta Burk, of No. 185 Wooster-street, with violently and unwarrantably entering her house. She claimed that in the mélée that ensued somebody stole $249 out of a basket sitting on a chair. She hinted that it had been appropriated by Black. Capts. Mills and McDermott deposed that the house was one of the very lowest bagnios in the Eighth Ward. It also appeared that Black, being on post in the street, heard the noise of a great fight going on in the house, and, with another officer, went in and arrested the disorderlies.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Adjourned to Friday, the 29th inst. at 10½ A. M.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Brady, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.
12—Robinson vs. Barry.
13—Same vs. Same.
18—Janeway vs. Crook.
31½—Falk vs. Koehler.
33—Stinson vs. R. C. Orphan Asylum.
41—Trimble vs. Stehler.
63—Doherty vs. Balch.
84—Smith vs. Kister.
88—In the matter of Wilks.
90—Sprague vs. Sprague.
100—Snyder vs. Snyder.
102½—Sutton vs. Diggles.
105—Allaire vs. Myres.

Nos.
106—Kinsman vs. Kinsman.
108—Moyer vs. Apfel.
119—Shopter vs. Jardine.
122—Pomeroy vs. Gray.
124—Porter vs. Leary.
125—Allerton vs. Belden.
128—In re Conover vs. Marklee.
132—Evans vs. Lichtenstein.
135—Underwood vs. Pennman.
136—Kellogg vs. Ames.
139—Tracy vs. Hotchkiss.

The call begins at No. 141, Thompson vs. Christie.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Freedman, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
1675—Crowley vs. Mosen Asphaltic Co.
1609—McLean vs. Bodfish.
1715—Roe vs. Union Pacific Railroad Co.
1605—Silsbee vs. Wood.
1811—Kobbe vs. Gerding.
1651—Denning vs. Pulleston.
813—Lennox vs. Hoppock.

Nos.
843—Kellogg vs. McNichol.
599—Bank of N. America vs. Dart.
1747—Wood vs. Miles.
1749—First Nat. Bank of the Port vs. Post.
1751—Walker vs. Hoffman.
1753—Phelps vs. Zinn.
1757—Knauff vs. Schmitt.
1759—Kertlens vs. Keys.

Part II.—Held by McCunn, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
1122—Kerr vs. Forty-second-st. and Grand-st. Railroad Co.
1366—Murse vs. New-York and Harlem R. R. Co.
784—Clure vs. the National City Bank of New-York.
2102—Sterne vs. Zinn.
2176—O'Granners vs. Sixth-avenue R. R. Co.
280—Clapp vs. Devlin.
2104—Voelker vs. Istel.
1738—Smith vs. Tunis.
1992—Tooney vs. Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Nos.
2156—Norton vs. Farmer.
2140—Chittenden vs. McDonald.
1170—Miller vs. Hening.
1032—Miliner vs. Flood.
1033—Derrickson vs. Simonson.
1034—Weigelman vs. Day.
1035—Hartung vs. Gentil.
1036—Trenor vs. Bingham.
1037—Schimdike vs. Unger.
1038—Lynch vs. Nash.
1041—Theirs vs. McArthur
1042—Moloughney vs. Malone.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Gross, J.—Calendar called at 10 A. M.

Nos.
865—Mansfield vs. Von Emburgh.
534—Legrain vs. Dodd.
722—Schwars vs. Fleiz.
724—Evert vs. Christman.
738—Adema vs. Keisen.
788—Apple vs. McDermott.
856—Moss vs. Crane.
900—Chapin vs. Reed.

Nos.
916—McGuire vs. Stark.
959—Bunster vs. Carolan.
994—Yenni vs. Hodgman.
999—Bauman vs. Hardtfelder.
1030—Drummond vs. Harkey.
1031—Leapinasse vs. Kunzelmann.
1039—Frank vs. Gallagher.

Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Calendar called at 10½ A. M.

Nos.
1018—Templeton vs. Murphy.
1020—Purdy vs. Fowler.
559—Mooney vs. Judson.
735—Tysen vs. The Cuymars Lead Co.
782—Fitzgerald vs. Caldwell.

Nos.
885—Hertz vs. Braun.
928—Trapp vs. Hecker.
929—Same vs. Same.
956—De Loynes vs. Broadway and Seventh-avenue R. R. Co.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Bedford, J.

Nos.
1—The People vs. John Burns; robbery.
2—The People vs. James Warner; robbery.
3—The People vs. Patrick Duffy; robbery.
4—The People vs. James Tripp, Elijah Dickerson, Clark Allen; burglary.
5—The People vs. Thomas Smith; burglary.
6—The People vs. Thomas Dunn; burglary.
7—The People vs. Peter Wood; felonious assault and battery.
8—The People vs. Thomas McGrath; felonious assault and battery.
9—The People vs. John Sterb; felonious assault and battery.
10—The People vs. James Kelly; felonious assault and battery.

Nos.
11—The People vs. Richard Maloney, Matthew Kane; grand larceny.
12—The People vs. Bernard Moses; grand larceny.
13—The People vs. Charles Smith; larceny from the person.
14—The People vs. Frederick Beanninger; embezzlement.
15—The People vs. George Underwood, John Coogan; assault and battery.
16—The People vs. Jane J. Jameson; assault and battery.
17—The People vs. William Howard; carrying a slung shot.
18—The People vs. The Same; petit larceny.
19—The People vs. Bartholomew Donohue; felonious assault and battery.

KINGS COUNTY COURT—CIRCUIT.

Held by Pratt, J.

Nos.
27—Williams vs. New Amsterdam Fire Ins. Co.
28—Williams vs. Mechanics' & Traders' Fire Ins Co.
104—Studwell et al. vs. Merritt.
115—Doherty vs. Stafford et al.
169—Bendall vs. McAleenan et al.
128—Martens vs. Fischer.
195—Turnbull vs. McDonald.
209—White vs. Smith et al.
218—Whitman vs. Seaman & Fallon.
91—Clark vs. Harriman.
161—Belding et al. vs. Barber et al.
178—Yerme vs. Hickey et al.
232—Melville vs. Collart.
239—Daighman vs. Sheridan.
100½—— vs. —.
124—Godspeed vs. White.
142—Hart vs. Gray.
180—Williamsburg Mill & Lumber Co. vs. White.

Nos.
240—Honeyman vs. Harvey & Shirley.
246—Bloomingdale vs. Sheehan.
247—Barnard vs. Barber.
248—Daley vs. Campbell, Sheriff, &c.
9—Degraw vs. Elmore.
18—Gregory vs. Drake & Drake.
33—Haenig vs. Samuels.
40—Mullen vs. O'Brien et al.
70½—— vs. —.
82—Rogers vs. Pickert et al.
254—Kurth vs. Green.
258—Nellis vs. McCartan.
259—Bedine vs. Mayer.
260—Daly vs. Palmer.
261—Dorr vs. Tobitt.
262—Same vs. Same.
263—Bonner et al. vs. Deraismes.
264—Weir vs. Townsend.
265—Heyshold vs. Mitchell.
266—Robbins vs. Jackson.
267—Waring vs. Bunker.
268—Same vs. Same.

CITY COURT—BROOKLYN.

Before Thompson, J.

Nos.
127—Lehman vs. Calhoun.
128—O'Leary vs. Walter, Sheriff, &c.
132—Trautwein vs. Goerz.
135—Rich vs. Tige et al.
138—Valentine vs. Ash.
148—Gildersleive vs. Oddie.
149—Guderlin vs. Elsaesser
150—Doyle vs. Owen.
153—Coyle vs. Sauviere.
154—Stalher vs. Williams.

Nos.
156—Berry vs. Brainerd.
161—McGovern vs. Walter, Sheriff, &c.
162—Whagner vs. Fent.
163—Rappel vs. Young.
175—— vs. —.
176—— vs. —.
1—Murray vs. Groarty.
6—Gregory vs. Coffin.
10—Dalde vs. Dale.
12—Rudon vs. Willet.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—APRIL 20, 1870.

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$40,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '62	107⅛
2,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '62c	112⅜
10,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '64.	107⅛
7,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65 new	109⅛
1,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '67,	109⅛
5,000	do	109⅛
500	U. S. 5-20 C., '67, c	109⅝
5,000	do c	110
50,000	do s10	110
30,000	Tenn. St. 6s, n., s60	54⅛
		54⅜
5,000	do	54⅜
20,000	do	69
5,000	Vir. St. 6s, new.	22⅜
5,000	N. Car. St. 6s n	92⅞
10,000	Mo. St. 6s	92⅜
1,000	do	92⅛
4,000	do	92⅛
27,000	do...bet. call	90
5,000	S. C. St. 6s	99½
5,000	Ala. St. 8s, bds.	109½
4,000	N. Y. St. B. L. C	
4,000	La. 6s, Lev. Bds., s10	76½
4,000	Brook. 6s, W. L.	94½
1,000	Erie 2d M., '79.	95
4,000	Erie 4th M.	84½
2,000	Chic., B. & Q. 8s.	113
6,000	M. C. 8s, n. bds	117
2,000	Cen. Pacific R. R. Gold Bds.	91⅞
2,000	Alt. & T. H. 1st.	94½
7,000	A. & T. H. 2d Pf.	83⅞
2,000	C. & N. W. Con. conv. bs	88½
1,000	D. L. & W. 2d	97⅛
5,000	Tol. & W. 2d	84½
6,000	C. & R. I. & P. R. 7s	98½
500	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi. 1st M.	105
16,000	M. & S. P. 7 3-10 Conv.	92
5,000	St. L. & I. M. 1st	88
4,000	Col., C. & Ind. C. 1st M.	80⅜
5,000	Col., C. & Ind. C., 2d M.	61½
2,000	W. U. T., 7s Bds	93
1,000	Morris & Essex Const'n Bds.	88⅜
8,000	Gt. East. In. B.	59
50	Bank Commerce.	125
20	Continental Bank	96⅛
7	Tenth Nat. Bank.	106
5	Amer. Ex. Bank.	114½
100	West. Un. Tel.	32½
100	do	32⅝
100	Del. & H. Ca.	121⅛
30	do...bet. call	121
500	At. Mail	24
100	Mariposa Pf...b.c.	14
25	Pac. Mail	36⅞
200	do...bet. call	37⅛
200	Wells-Fargo Ex.	19⅛
100	do...bet. call	19⅜
10	U. S. Ex. bet. call	43⅛
200	A. M. U. Ex.	38
500	N. Y. C. & H. R. R. bet. call....c	93⅛
500	do	93⅛
10,000	N. Y. Cen. & H. R. Ctfs, bet. c.	90
20,800	do	90⅛
500	Reading	99⅛
50	do	99⅜
400	do...bet. call	99⅛
400	Lake S. & M. S.	88⅜
15	do	89
400	do...bet. call	88⅜
100	Mich. Cen.	121
100	Ill. Cen., bet. call	140
200	Clev. & Pitts.	99⅛
100	Chi. & N. W.	73⅛
800	do	73⅜
500	do	73⅛
500	do...bet. call	73⅛
100	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	84⅜
200	do...bet. call	84⅛
6	N. J. Central	104⅜
30	C., C., Cin. & Ind.	77
50	do s3	76⅞
500	Mil. & St. P.	59⅛
100	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	73⅝
100	Tol., W. & W.	50
400	do...bet. call	50⅛
100	do..bet.c. b10	50⅜
100	do	50⅜
50	Tol., W. & W. Pf.	76
100	Chi. & Alt.	112
42	Del., L. & W. R.	103⅛
70	Morris & Essex	93
10	N. Y. & N. H. Sc.	124
100	H. & St. Jos. R.	107⅜
300	do b3	107⅛
355	H. & St. J. R. Pf.	107
100	do	107⅛
120	Chi., B. & Q.	145⅛
200	Bos., H. & E. R.	4⅞
200	Col. C. & Ind. C.	17⅞

SECOND BOARD—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$6,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C.	114⅛
6,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new	109⅜
50,000	do b3	109⅜
16,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '62.	112⅛
2,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 R.	106
$10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67. b3	110⅛
40,000	do s15	110⅛
35,000	do	110⅜
5,000	U. S. 6s, Cur.	111⅜
25,000	do s3	111⅜

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$260,000	Tenn. St. 6s, n.	55
20,000	do s30	55
20,000	do s60	54½
20,000	do	55⅛
10,000	do s60	54⅜
10,000	Vir. St. 6s, x c.	70
13,000	S. Car. 6s	90
5,000	Missouri 6s	92⅛
10,000	N. Mo. 1st M. B	87
60	West. U. Tel.	32½
200	do	32⅜
200	do...bet. call	32⅛
200	Mariposa Pf.	14
200	U. S. Ex.	43
20	Wells-Fargo	19⅛
300	N. Y. C. & H. R.	92⅜
1400	do...bet. call	92⅛
100	do s10	92½
10,000	N. Y. C. & H. R. Cer.	89⅛
10,000	do...bet. call	89⅜
30,000	do b10	89⅛
70,000	do	89⅜
20,000	do	89⅞
50	Ill. Cen. R.	140⅛
200	L. S. & M. S. R.	88⅜
300	do	89
400	do...bet. call	88⅜
100	Chic. & N. W. ..s10	73
200	do...bet. call	73⅛
100	do	73⅜
300	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	84⅜
50	do	84⅛
400	N. J. Cen. R.	105
500	do	104⅜
200	do	104⅛
200	Chic. & R. I.	116⅛
300	do	116⅛
10	do	116⅜
500	T., W. & W.	50⅛
27	do	50
100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. Guar.	92⅜
10	do	93
100	Del., Lac. & W. R.	103⅛
100	Dub. & S. C. R.	107
10	Chi. & Alt. Scrip.	106⅛
100	Ohio & M. Pf. b10	72
200	Bos., H. & Erie R	4⅜

WEDNESDAY, April 20—P. M.

The signs from Washington on the Tariff question confirm the opinion expressed last week that nothing will be done at the present session of Congress to disturb the Customs Duties under the general Tariff Act of 1864 as amended by the Wool and Woolens Act of March, 1867, and the Duties on Foreign Cigars and Tobacco as modified by the Internal Revenue Act of July, 1868. The existing Duties upon all Foreign Importations may therefore reasonably be considered as fixed for another year. This result will be consistent with the recommendation of the President of the United States on the meeting of Congress last December, and with the Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury. The difficulties of readjusting the Tariff to suit or harmonize all the conflicting interests of the country have been increasing as the Bill before the House of Representatives has progressed in Committee of the Whole for the last three or four weeks, and the separate votes yesterday and the day before on the Iron sections are as unsatisfactory to the framers of the Bill as the remainder of the sections are hostile to the views of its opponents. The whole subject will, probably, be finally recommitted to the Ways and Means, and there rest until the next session of Congress. But even if, by any compromise of opinion in the House, the Bill should be sent to the Senate, the chances are that it will be laid over until next Winter.

Nothing is heard of the Funding Bill beyond the prevailing rumor that even the Secretary of the Treasury himself has no idea that it can pass without radical modifications. The Senate National Currency Bill now in Committee of Banking and Currency of the House is in equal doubt. As the Senate passed the Bill it amounts to no real increase of banking facilities, the main provision only relating to the substitution of $45,000,000 National Bank Notes for the same amount of Legal Tender 3 ₩ cents., now the basis of Banking in the great cities. If the latter should be arbitarily withdrawn, the whole measure would amount to practical contraction, besides weakenring the Legal Tender security to the whole National Circulation. And if, on the other hand, the House Committee should strike out this feature of the Bill and provide for an absolute increase of $50,000,000 Circulation, as directed by the recent vote of the House, the probability is the Senate would not concur, and the whole compound system of Greenbacks and Greenback Certificates and of National Bank Circulation left as now settled by law, $356,000,000 Greenbacks, $45,000,000 Greenback Legal-tender Certificates, (until voluntarily presented for redemption in Greenbacks,) and $300,000,000 National Banks Circulation, until the next session of Congress.

In reference to the Legal-tender cases before the Supreme Court, in full Bench, the report this Afternoon is that the plaintiffs in the cases against the United States have withdrawn their appeal. Other cases, however, involving the same question—the validity of the Legal Tender for pre-existing debts under the Act of Feb. 25, 1862—will undoubtedly be made and carried up, and there is no serious doubt that the recent Opinion of the Chief-Justice will be reversed whenever these cases can be reached for argument and decision.

The sales of Gold by the Treasury were made to-day to the extent of $1,000,000 on offers to buy of $3,470,000, at a small fraction under 113½ ₩ cent. The sales before this award had fallen to 113¼@113⅛, and again rose, just before the hour of award, to 113½@113⅝ ₩ cent. After the result at the Treasury Office was made known the market relapsed into the dull feeling induced yesterday, and the sales closed at 113⅜ ₩ cent.

OFFERS TO BUY GOLD, APRIL 20.

J. F. Underhill & Co.
$15,000....113.44
H. A. Heiser's Sons.
25,000....113.26 1-10
25,000....113.28 1-10
25,000....113.30 1-10
25,000....113.33 1-10
25,000....113.35 1-10
25,000....113.38 1-10
Closson & Hays.
....113.45
100,000....113.35
50,000....113.25
50,000....113.15
50,000....113.05
50,000....112.95
50,000.
Glendening, Davis & Amory.
20,000....113.00½
Robinson, Cox & Co.
....113.42
50,000....113.32
50,000.
J. P. Nazro.
....113
10,000....113.05
10,000....113.10
10,000....113.15
10,000....113.20
10,000.
Leland Bros. & Co.
....113.13
25,000....113.01
25,000....112.88
25,000....112.76
50,000.
R. Baile.
....113.47
10,000....113.45
10,000....113.44
10,000....113.42
10,000....113.40
10,000.
Alex. Amend.
30,000....113.25
J. J. Pardee & Co.
20,000....113.08
W. T. Hatch & Son.
....113.30
20,000....113.26
50,000....112.88
25,000....112.80
10,000....112.59
15,000....112.25
50,000.
J. M. Bussinger & Co.
....113.42
100,000.
White, Morris & Co.
....113.20
25,000....113.10
25,000....112.05
25,000....112
25,000.
J. A. Zerega & Co.
35,000....113.51
Cushman & Hulbut.
$50,000....113.00¾
5,000....113.00¾
Dater & Timpson.
50,000....113.04
G. C. Magoun.
....113.35
25,000....113.33
25,000....113.29
25,000....113.20
25,000.
Gibson, Beadleston & Co.
....113.43
50,000....113.45
50,000.
Schafer Bros.
....113
25,000....113.38
25,000.
J. Summerfield & Co.
....113.50
35,000....113.40
10,000....113.25
55,000....113.02
10,000....113.37½
10,000....113.12½
10,000....113
20,000.
S. D. Davis.
....111.43
50,000.
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co.
....113.33
20,000....113.41
30,000....113.27
50,000.
Duff, Timmerman & Co.
....113.30
10,000....113.32
10,000....113.34
10,000....113.36
10,000....113.38
10,000.
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
....113.26
50,000.
Marx & Co.
....113.29½
100,000....113.30½
50,000....113.34½
50,000.
S. R. Jacobs.
....113.18½
20,000....113.25
10,000....113.17½
20,000.
Frank & Gans.
....113.50
100,000.
Drexel, Winthrop & Co.
....113.40
10,000....113.26
10,000....113.13
10,000....113.01
10,000....112.91
10,000.
Trevor & Colgate.
1,000,000....113.41
$3,470,000

ACCEPTED OFFERS BY TREASURY.

Frank & Gans.
$100,000....113.50
S. D. Davis.
50,000....113.43
J. B. Summerfield & Co.
35,000....113.50
John A. Zerega & Co.
35,000....113.51
Gibson, Beadleston & Co.
50,000....113.45
50,000....113.43
J. M. Bussinger & Co.
100,000....113.42
Robinson, Cox & Co.
50,000....113.42
R. Baile.
$10,000....113.47
10,000....113.45
10,000....113.44
10,000....113.42
Closson & Hays.
100,000....113.45
J. F. Underhill & Co.
15,000....113.44
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co.
10,500....113.41
Dater & Timpson.
17,500....113.44
Trevor & Colgate.
347,000....113.41
Total....$1,000,000

The Foreign Exchanges continued to rule firm during the day, at 108¾@109¼ ₩ cent., 60 days, and 109¾@109⅞ ₩ cent., short sight on London, and f5.18¾ to the dollar on Paris, 60 days, and f5.17½@f5.16¼ to the dollar, sight, and another fair business was done, partly per the steamer sailing today, and partly on engagements for the next mail.

Money was in dull demand among the Brokers, and the rates on call loan have fallen off 6@5 ₩ cent., but at the same time lenders decline all time engagements under even the shortest and best-secured 6½@7 ₩ cent. Fair Merchant paper is taken at 7 ₩ cent. at Bank for the accommodation of dealers, and at 8@10 ₩ cent. outside of Bank.

The Importations this week are heavy and the Customs Duties large. Six or eight large steamer cargoes are now being landed, and no less than thirty Sugar cargoes by sailing vessels arrived from the West Indies yesterday. The arrivals of emigrants yesterday amounted to over five thousand. The Customs paid into the Treasury today amount to $662,000, and for the three days of the week to near $1,700,000. These are certainly *not* signs of dullness or depression in the trade of the country.

On the Stock Exchange there is some slight improvement in the Public Funds, and more business doing today in the New-York and Western Railways and in the Southern State Bonds. Among the latter the new Tennessees still lead the market, and about half a million sold at 55@55½@54¼ ₩ cent. New-York Central and Hudson River Stock and Scrip were active in both the upward and downward direction, selling up on Albany rumors to 93⅞ for the Stock early in the day, and back again to 92¼ on the contradiction of the rumors in the Afternoon. Among the Western Roads, heavy sales and purchases of Lake Shore Stock were made at 89@88⅝ ₩ cent., and there was more animation in the North West Stocks. New-Jersey Central was rather pressed on sale at 105@104½ ₩ cent. Among the Miscellaneous Stocks, Western Telegraph was lower, Pacific Mail steady, and Canton Company 70 ₩ cent.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Tuesday night:

CLOSING QUOTATIONS, APRIL 20.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
United States 10-40s	106⅝	106½
United States 5 20s of 1862	112⅝	112½
United States 5-20s of 1867	110⅛	110⅝
American Gold Coin	113⅝	113⅝
Bills on London, 60 days	109¼	109¼
New Bonds of Tennessee	54½	55⅞
N. Y. Central and Hudson	93¼	92⅝
N. Y. C. and H. Debt Certificates.	90	89½
Reading Railroad	99	99
Chicago and Rock Island	116½	116⅜
North-western Common	73⅝	73⅜
North-western Preferred	84⅝	84⅜
Pacific Mall Company	36¾	36⅝
St. Paul Preferred	73½	73⅛
St. Paul Commop	59¼	59¼
Lake Shore	88½	88¾
Erie	24⅞	24⅜
Ohio and Mississippi	30⅛	29⅞
New-Jersey Central	105⅝	104⅝

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, April 20, 1870.

General balance yesterday	$84,803,839 54
Gold receipts	664,852 00
Gold payments	34,908 90
Gold balance	83,382,993 66
Currency receipts	365,976 54
Currency payments	438,042 45
Currency balance	1,582,195 37
General balance	85,361,717 50
Customs	662,000 00

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ cent. reg., 1881	114⅛
6 ₩ cent. coup., 1881	114½
5-20 registered, 1862	107⅛
5-20 coupon, 1862	112⅛
5-20 registered, 1864	107
5-20 coupon, 1864	110⅜
5-20 registered, 1865	107⅛
5-20 coupon, 1865	111⅛
5-20 reg., n. i., 1865	109⅛
5-20 coup., n. i., 1865	109⅞
5-20 registered, 1867	110
5-20 coupon, 1867	110⅜
5-20 coupon, 1868	110⅜
10-40 registered	106
10-40 coupon	106⅛
6s currency	111⅛

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tenn. 6s, ex coup	59
Tenn. 6s, new bonds	55
Virginia 6s, ex coup	69½
Virginia 6s, new bds	69
Georgia 6s	85
Georgia 7s, new bds	93
North Car. 6s	46⅜
North Car. new bds	22⅜
South Car. new bds	81⅛
Missouri 6s	91
Mo. H. & St. Jo. Iss.	92⅛
Louisiana 6s	75⅜
La. 6s, Levee bds	76⅛
La. 8s, Levee bds	92⅛
California 7s	111⅛
Connecticut 6s	100
Rhode Island 6s	100
Alabama 8s	99⅛
Ak. 7s, L. R. & F. S. I.	75⅛
Ohio 6 ₩ cent., 1875	102
Ohio 6 ₩ cent., 1881	102
Ohio 6 ₩ cent., 1886	104⅛
Ill. Canal bonds, 1870	100
Ill. coup. 6s, 1877	100
Ill. coup. 6s, 1879	100
Ill. War Loan	100
Indiana 5 ₩ cent.	97
Michigan 6 ₩ ct., 1873.	97
Michigan 7 ₩ ct., 1878.	99⅛
Mich. 7 ₩ ct., War L.	100⅛
N. Y. Reg. B'ty L.	109⅛
N. Y. Coup. B'ty L.	109⅜
N. Y. 7s, Canal L., '70	104
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '73	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '74	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '75	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '77	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '78	105
N. Y. 5s, Canal L., '75	101

And the following for the Railroad Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	93
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	93⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	90
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subs'n.	90
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	103
Erie 1st extended	100
Erie 7s, 2d ind., '79	95
Erie 7s, 3d ind., '83	88⅛
Erie 7s, 4th ind., '80	84⅛
Erie 7s, 5th ind., '88	82
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77.	90
Mich. Cen. 1st 8s, '82.	116
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ₩ c., 1st.	112⅛
Mich. So. 7 ₩ c. 2d	96⅛
M. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₩ c.	101⅛
Pac. 7s, guar. by Mo.	97
Cen. Pac. Bonds	91⅛
Union Pac. 1st Bds.	84⅜
Alton & T. H. 2d Pf.	83⅜
Alton & T. H. 2d Inc.	81
Ill. & So. Iowa 1st	75
Gal. & Chi., extended	98⅛
Gal. & Chi. 2d	95
Chi. & R. I. 1st	100⅛
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	98⅛
Morris & Essex 1st	102
Morris & Essex 2d	96⅛
Cle. & Tol. Sink'g F'd.	100
N. J. Cen. 2d	102⅜
N. J. Cen., new bonds	99⅛
Pitts., Ft. W. & C., 2d.	97⅛
Pitts., Ft. W. & C., 3d.	93⅛
Clev. & Pitts., 2d	94⅛
Clev. & Pitts., 3d	92⅛
Clev. & Pitts., 4th	77
Chi. & Alton, 1st	102
Chi. & Alton, Income	88
Ohio & Miss., 1st	97
Dub. & Sioux C., 1st	88
Peninsula R. R. Bds.	90
Chi. & N. W. S. F'd.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. 1st	94½
Consol'd 7 ₩ c. conv.	88
Han. & St. Jo. L. G.	105½
Lack. & West. Bonds	96
Del., Lac. & W., 1st	98
Del., Lac. & W., 2d	97
Tol. & Wab. 1st ext'd.	91½
Tol. & Wab. 2d	84½
Tol. & Wab. Equi. Bs.	79½
Gt. Western 1st, '88	101
Gt. Western 1st, '88	87
Gt. Western 2d, '93	81½
St. L. & Iron M. Bds.	87¾
Mil. & St. Paul, 1st 8s	103
Mil. & St. P., 1st 7 3-10	91½
Mil. & St. P., I & M. d.	86
Mil. & St. Paul, 2d	83½
Mar. & Cin., 1st	91½
Chi. & Mil., 1st	91
Col., Chi. & Ind., 1st	80½
Col., Chi. & Ind., 2d	61½
N. Y. & N. H. 6s	98
Tol., P. & War., E. D.	83½
Tol., P. & War., W. D.	79

And the following for the City Banks and Miscellaneous Stocks:

New-York	139
Manhattan	142
Merchants'	125
Mechanics'	139
Union	135
America	146
City	215
Phenix	108
Tradesmen's	154
Greenwich	215
Mechan. & Traders'	125
National	115
Seventh Ward	108
State of New-York	109
Commerce	125
Mech. Bkg. Ass.	123
Ocean	80
Mercantile	120
American Exchange	114¼
Chatham	170
Bank of the Republic	118
Bank of N. America	104
Hanover	108
Irving	116
Metropolitan	141
Grocers'	118
East River	107
Nassau	107
Shoe and Leather	168
Corn Exchange	125
St. Nicholas	116
Commonwealth	114
Importers' & Traders'	150
Park	168
Manuf's & Merch's'	100
Central National	109
Fourth National	106
Ninth National	110
Tenth National	106
Oriental	150½
Gold Exchange	56
Bkrs' & Brokers' Ass.	108½
Del. & Hudson Canal	121
Canton Co., Baltimore	70
Western Union Tel.	32⅝
Mariposa Mining	6
Mariposa Preferred	13½
Quicksilver Mining	9½
Mariposa Trus. Cer.	40
Boston Water Power	16⅞
Adams Express	60⅝
Wells, Fargo Express	19½
American Express	38
United States Express	42½
Merch. Union Express	8
Pacific Mail	37

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—APRIL 20.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	101½	101¾
City 6s, New	102½	102⅝
Camden and Amboy	119½	....
Pennsylvania Central	119¼	116½
Reading	99¼	99⅜
Lehigh Valley	55¾	55⅞
Catawissa Preferred	37	37½
Philadelphia and Erie	28½	29
Northern Central	47½	48
Lehigh Navigation	33¾	34
Lehigh Gold Loan	92⅝	93

The coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the St. Louis and St. Joseph Railroad Company due May 1, 1870, will be paid in Gold upon presentation on and after May 1, 1870, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, free of Government tax.

The Bank of Montreal has established its own agency in London, under the local direction of SIR JAMES ROSE, of the Banking-house of Messrs. L. P. MORTON, ROSE & CO.; SIR JOHN LUBBOCK and Mr. ROBERT GILLESPIE. The capital of the Bank is $6,000,000.

The Milwaukee *Evening Wisconsin*, April 14, gleans from the report of Secretary LANGSON, of the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce, the following interesting tables, showing the shipments of Wheat, Flour and Dressed Hogs from the various railroad stations in the North-west during the year 1869:

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DIVISION.

Forwarded from	Wheat, bushels.	Flour, bbls.	Dressed Hogs, lbs.
Brookfield	233	....	....
Waukesha	58,530	1,328	10,610
Genesee	38,404	977	41,650
North Prairie	35,112	16	60,960
Eagle	68,960	6,437	83,300
Palmyra	60,558	1,779	73,960
Whitewater	115,804	618	105,830
Lima	10,445	....	1,650
Milton	2,141	....	7,270
Milton Junction	833	4	....
Janesville	15,626	22,105	....
Hanover	6,791	3	5,700
Orford	36,039	....	56,900
Brodhead	38,852	25,520	99,910
Juda	24,866	223	4,300
Monroe	262,534	3,115	898,810
Edgerton	80,032	2,408	65,080
Stoughton	79,927	9,758	20,090
McFarland	142,200	4	14,160
Madison	63,998	328	189,060
Middleton	449,379	2	87,030
Cross Plains	119,680	42	32,800
Black Earth	179,639	3,096	98,270
Mazomanie	92,781	28,086	347,870
Arena	113,861	4	85,840
Helena	31,339	....	22,000
Spring Green	56,297	2	102,650
Lone Rock	20,247	2,420	225,960
Avoca	94,061	....	183,490
Muscoda	130,931	....	46,520
Blue River	6,005	....	5,220
Boscobel	166,300	2,768	944,280
Woodman	28,855	....	40,730
Wauzeka	7,371	....	13,580
Bridgeport	49,012	....	241,440
Prairie du Chien	4,851,875	478,432	8,292,120
Total	7,540,219	590,473	12,510,070

LA CROSSE AND NORTHERN DIVISIONS.

Forwarded from	Wheat, bushels.	Flour, bbls.	Dressed Hogs, lbs.
Pewaukee	701	7,134	....
Hartland	38,798	866	29,440
Nashota	10,069	3,283	5,470
Oconomowoc	161,523	2,337	156,710
Ixonia	16,658	367	200
Watertown	42,947	25,858	778,820
Hubbletown	4,333	10,320	....
Waterloo	69,532	512	28,470
Marshall	83,670	112	24,770
Deansville	71,731	....	3,180
Sun Prairie	448,004	3	11,120
Madison	83,529	8	51,740
Richwood	1,490	....	....
Lowell	67,395	2,658	4,490
Columbus	251,798	12,810	240,010
Fall River	63,586	914	1,170
Otsego	28,487	....	15,870
Rio	148,669	447	37,820
Wyocena	12,153	1,675	2,120
Portage	163,879	9,814	581,940
Kilbourn	36,860	9,066	334,110
Lyndon	12,467	....	30,430
Lemonwier	....	3,284	....
Mauston	25,562	2,156	81,010
Lisbon	21,776	390	18,910
Camp Douglass	295	....	....
Le Roy	306	....	....
Tomah	74,966	7,291	20,890
Greenfield	1,839	100	....
Sparta	126,080	21,175	366,900
Herseyville	659	5,543	....
Bangor	94,352	113	50,490
Salem	91,153	729	55,680
La Crosse	4,759,473	159,105	1,374,500
Granville	....	12	....
Richfield	51,496	29,493	102,710
Schleisingerville	230,336	937	207,200
Hartford	71,991	391	35,870
Rubicon	19,596	....	22,290
Woodland	18,507	5,475	20,020
Iron Ridge	157,690	3,410	250,230
Horicon	32,600	4,160	19,620
Burnett Junction	26,714	....	3,460
Waupun	262,106	329	61,640
Brandon	149,240	1,660	78,050
Ripon	315,332	6,568	48,770
Rush Lake	328	....	....
Waukau	18,650	8,215	2,330
Omro	11,601	3,052	....
Winneconnee	2,343	1,050	....
Berlin	67,507	45,401	586,620
Minnesota Junction	....	199	21,940
Rolling Prairie	48,122	....	5,780
Beaver Dam	64,073	32,856	53,660
Fox Lake	148,384	2,352	15,710
Randolph	206,657	1,156	64,140
Cambria	130,552	586	22,370
Pardeville	23,081	1,435	19,240
Total	9,077,591	436,908	5,947,910

IOWA, MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA DIVISION.

Forwarded from	Wheat, bushels.	Flour, bbls.	Dressed Hogs, lbs.
N. McGregor	....	380	91,260
Monona	48,087	....	50,130
Luana	45,644	5	75,820
Postville	109,647	27,039	578,970
Castalia	35,744	3	17,190
Ossian	331,736	1,064	268,880
Calmar	140,946	2	143,250
Connover	145,385	3,341	217,880
Decora	92,811	1,071	447,180
Ridgeway	107,603	150	40,060
Cresco	274,616	1,366	378,970
Lime Springs	209,265	967	81,230
Chester	6,097	....	....
Le Roy	177,308	67	109,780
Adams	114,209	6,027	59,550
Rose Creek	1,336	....	....
Austin	240,010	10,622	89,960
Lansing	64,569	2	12,200
Blooming Prairie	36,348	....	....
Aurora	9,307	....	3,130
Owatonna	137,173	4,629	81,840
Medford	6,481	3,072	....
Faribault	56,816	52,720	208,350
Dundas	1,198	15,966	970
Northfield	53,010	48,027	23,700
Castle Rock	7,618	....	....
Farmington	31,135	28,703	....
Rosemount	3,754	....	190
Mendota	368,849	31,636	60,920
Minneapolis	267	177,902	....
St. Paul	....	1,650	282,350
Fort Atkinson	40,732	....	40,200
Lawler	34,295	....	45,050
N. Hampton	17,397	....	35,960
Chickasaw	5,465	1	....
Charles City	11,818	622	69,690
Rudd	7,680	703	....
Nora Springs	12,201	....	30,480
Mason City	4,288	....	34,600
Ramsey	113,513	....	178,160
Total	3,104,253	417,717	3,753,770

In addition to the above there were received over the Milwaukee Division of the North-western Road, 4,972 barrels of flour and 956,352 bushels of wheat. From the stations on the Iowa and Minnesota Division, there were also sent West 676,670 bushels of wheat.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS AT 90 AND INTEREST.

We have only a limited amount to offer at this price.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
No. 18 Wall-st.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st.

J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
No. 19 Nassau-st.

☞ THE SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD is now completed the entire distance from Owego to Auburn. A popular and prosperous Agricultural and Manufacturing district is thus efficiently provided for. The local business of the Southern Central will be very large both in freight and passenger traffic. The rich Agricultural country through which it runs will afford a constantly increasing business. The great manufacturing establishments at Auburn, whose water-power is the best in the State, and the enterprising towns along the line, will always secure to this road a good income.

VERMILYE & CO., the Financial Agents of the Road, offer the remaining unsold portion of the Bonds with the greatest confidence, believing them to be as good a security as any that has ever been placed on this market.

The Bonds bear Seven per cent., have thirty years to run, and they are convertible into stock at the option of the holder.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 20, 1870.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	2	Tar, bbls	1,850
Bees-wax, pkgs	1	Pork, bbls	134
Cotton, bales	1,537	Cut-meats, pkgs	417
Dried Fruit, pkgs	71	Lard, pkgs	30
Eggs, bbls	2,580	Stearine, pkgs	45
Flour, bbls	7,977	Butter, pkgs	1,237
Corn-meal, bags	900	Cheese, pkgs	1,023
Wheat, bushels	103,787	Tallow, pkgs	10
Corn, bushels	11,340	Oil Lard, bbls	100
Oats, bushels	17,458	Peanuts, bags	723
Barley, bushels	14,000	Starch, pkgs	885
Grass-seed, bushels	386	Spelter, pieces	500
Hemp, bales	44	Skins, bales	37
Hops, bales	80	Sumac, bags	257
Hides, No.	31	Tobacco, hhds	301
Leather, Sides	7,239	Tobacco, bxs. & cs's.	573
Crude Turp., bbls	6	Whisky, bbls	531
Spirits Turp., bbls	337	Wool, bales	48
Resin, bbls	12,041		

The export clearances since our last, reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the ship *Jas. Foster, Jr.*, for Liverpool—75 tcs. Beef, 120 bbls. Lard Oil, 470 tcs. Beef, 50 bbls. Pork, 266 hhds. Tallow, 275 bales Cotton, 33,310 bushels Wheat, 100 hhds. Molasses.

[illegible] Syrup, 200 logs Cedar, 600 boxes Clocks, 1,100 Oars, 1,300 bbls. Tar, 12 casks Sperm Oil, 116,767 lbs. Oil-Cake, 50

By the brig *Enrichetta*, for Marseilles—1,081 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

By the bark *Raleigh*, for London—153 bbls. Resin, 2,400 Staves, 282,233 lbs. Oil-Cake, 2,300 bbls. Flour.

By the bark *M. E. Corning*, for Havre—1,000 bbls. Crude Petroleum, 1,791 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

By the brig *Smile*, for Bristol—85,096 gallons Refined Petroleum.

ASHES—Have been in demand at from $6 50@$7 for Pots, and $9 25@$9 75 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Rio has been quiet in this market, with light stocks available. At Baltimore 4,200 bags Rio, by the *Cricket*, were disposed of on private terms. Other kinds have been inactive at former rates. From second hands a fair distributing business has been reported at well maintained prices. We quote: Java at 20c.@22c.; Maracaibo, 16¼c.@19c.; Laguayra, 16½c.@18½c.; Rio, 9¾c.@13½c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17½c.@19c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16½c.; Singapore, 18c.@19c.; Costa Rico, 14½c.@18½c.; Manila, 16c.@17c.; Mexican, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 16c.@17½c.; San Domingo, in bond, 9½c.@10c., gold, ₩ lb.

COTTON—Has been more active and quoted a fraction higher, closing strong and buoyant. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,936 bales, including 2,203 bales to shippers, 539 bales to spinners, 134 bales to speculators, and 1,000 bales in transit; also, 2,100 bales for forward delivery, including 100 bales, basis Low Middling, for April, at 22¼c.; 500 bales do., for May, at 22c.; 1,100 bales do., for June, at 22c.@22¼c.; 400 bales do., for July, at 22½c.@22¾c.

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	18¾	19	19¼	19½
Good Ordinary	21	21¼	21½	22¾
Low Middling	22⅜	22⅝	22⅞	23⅛
Middling	23⅜	23⅝	23⅞	24⅛
Good Middling	24¾	25	25¼	25½

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been moderately inquired for within our former range of prices, though toward the close the tendency was slightly in favor of purchasers. Sales have been reported since our last of 9,600 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $4 50@$4 70; very inferior to good Extra State at $4 75@$5; good to choice Extra State at $5@$5 60; and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Ohio at $4 85@$5 25 ₩ bbl. We quote:

Poor to Fancy Extra Missouri	$4 50@$4 70
Superfine State and Western	4 70@ 5 60
Extra State	4 75@ 7 00
Extra Indiana, Illinois, &c	4 85@ 5 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands	5 25@ 7 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	4 90@ 6 00
Extra City, shipping	5 65@ 7 25
Extra Genesee	5 50@ 9 25

Southern Flour has been in less urgent request at uniform prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 800 bbls., in lots, at $5 30@$6 15 for Poor to Good Ordinary, and $6 15@$9 75 for Good Ordinary to Choice Extra, ₩ bbl. Rye Flour continues in moderate demand at $4@$5 35 for inferior to choice, ₩ bbl.; sales 180 bbls. Corn-meal has been quiet, but held more firmly at $4 50@$4 80 for Western; $4 50@$4 75 for Jersey; $5 for Caloric; $5 50 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl.; sales 220 bbls.

GRAIN—There has been increased activity in Wheat at decidedly better prices for Amber Winter, and about former quotations for Spring. The demand has been mainly for shipping and milling, though in part on speculative account. Sales have been reported since our last of 128,100 bushels, including White Western at $1 35@$1 45; Red and Amber Western at $1 20@$1 26, in store and delivered, chiefly at $1 23½@$1 24½, in store; Choice old No. 1 Spring at $1 14, in store; No. 2 Spring at $1 08@$1 11, in store and delivered; No. 3 Spring on private terms; rejected Spring at 99c.@$1; White Genesee at $1 50@$1 75, the latter for extra choice; Amber State at $1 25@$1 26 ₩ bushel. Corn has been quoted firmer on light offerings, but has been less active. Sales have been reported since our last of 38,500 bushels at $1 15@$1 16 for Old Mixed Western, in store; $1 14@$1 16 for New Mixed Western; $1 16@$1 20 for Yellow Jersey, Pennsylvania, Western and Southern, ₩ bushel. Rye has been inactive at 93c.@$1 for Jersey and Western; $1 03@$1 06 for State, ₩ bushel. Barley has been in moderate demand at uniform prices; sales have been reported since our last of 26,500 bushels at 70c.@75c. for two-rowed State; 75c. for California, and $1@$1 02½ for Canada West, ₩ bushel. Barley Malt continues in request since our last, ranging from 80c.@$1 10, as extremes; sales 2,300 bushels. Oats have been fairly active at firmer prices; sales have been reported of 98,500 bushels at 62c.@64½c. for Mixed Western, in store and delivered, chiefly at 62c. in store; 67c.@70c. for White Western, from track and delivered; 69c.@70c. for State, in store and delivered; and 64c.@69c. for Jersey and Southern, and 63c for Canada, from the dock, ₩ bushel. The export clearances have been 2,300 bbls. Flour for London; and 33,310 bushels Wheat for Liverpool.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in fair demand at 75c.@85c. for shipping, and 90c.@$1 10 for local use, ₩ 100 lbs. Straw has been salable and steady at 80c.@$1 for Short and Long, ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in demand and steady, including New-York at 18c.@25c.; Eastern at 14c.@21c.; Ohio at 13c.@20c.; Michigan at 13c.@20c.; Wisconsin at 16c.@23c.; Yearlings at 4c.@8c.; Old Olds at 2c.@3c., ₩ lb. Receipts today, 80 bales; exports, — bales.

MOLASSES—The demand has been fair at uniform quotations; sales 50 hhds. choice Demarara at 52c., and equal to 500 hhds. Clayed Cuba at 38c., ₩ gallon. We quote: Old and New Crop Porto Rico at 30c.@68c.; Old and New Crop Cuba, 25c.@55c.; New Crop English Islands, 30c.@50c.; New-Orleans, 60c.@85c., ₩ gallon.

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed	20c.@23c.	30c.@33c.
Cuba, Clayed	24c.@28c.	35c.@40c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades	—@—	37c.@43c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades	—@—	40c.@45c.
Porto Rico	30c.@50c.	40c.@65c.
English Islands	—@—	30c.@50c.
New-Orleans	—@—	60c.@85c

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in much less request, yet quoted steady on the basis of $2 10@$2 15 for Strained, and $2 20@$2 35 for No. 2, ₩ 280 lbs.; sales, 1,150 bbls.; receipts, 12,041 bbls.; exports, 158 bbls. Tar has been quiet, at former quotations; receipts, 1,850 bbls.; exports, 1,260 bbls. Nothing new in Crude Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine has been slow of sale on the basis of 46c.@46½c. for merchantable, ₩ gallon; receipts, 337 bbls.; sales, 170 bbls. We quote: Spirits Turpentine at 46c.@47½c. ₩ gallon; Crude nominally at $3 50@$3 62½ ₩ 280 lbs.; Resin, $2 10@$7 50 ₩ 280 lbs., the latter for choice White; Tar, $2 10@$2 40; Pitch, $2@$2 50 ₩ bbl.

PETROLEUM—There has not been much call for Crude, which has been quoted about steady at from 14¼c.@14¾c., in bulk, with sales reported of equal to 500 bbls. at 14¾c.; also, 19c.@19½c. in shipping order, ₩ gallon. At the Upper Creek, 5,000 bbls. in bulk were reported sold at $4 05 ₩ bbl. The receipts of Crude here were — bbls.; in Philadelphia 580 bbls. arrived. The export clearances hence were 1,000 bbls. for Havre. Refined has been in more demand for prompt delivery at about previous prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 14,500 bbls. Standard White for early delivery at 25¼c.@25¾c., and 1,000 bbls. do., last half of June, on private terms. Also, at Philadelphia, 1,000 bbls. Standard White, for April delivery, at 25¼c. ₩ gallon. The receipts of Refined Oil here have been — bbls.; at Philadelphia, 1,370 bbls. The export clearances hence have been 85,096 gallons for Bristol, 1,791 bbls. for Havre, and 1,081 bbls. for Marseilles. Refined Oil in cases has been inactive and irregular at from 30c.@32½c. ₩ gallon. Naphtha is very quiet at 9¾c.@10c., in shipping order, ₩ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less freely offered and has been in fair demand at stronger prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 640 bbls., in lots, at $27 75@$27 87½, chiefly at $27 75, for New Mess; $27 50@$27 62½ for Thin Mess; $24 25@$24 50 for Prime Mess; $21@$22 for Prime, ₩ bbl. Also, 1,500 bbls. New Mess, seller April, May and June, $27 62½@$27 75 ₩ bbl. Cut-meats have been in good demand at full prices; sales have been reported of 390 pkgs. at 10½c.@12c., chiefly at 11½c.@12c. for Shoulders; 15c.@16½c. for Hams, ₩ lb. Bacon continues scarce and firm but quiet, including Cumberland at 13½c.@14c.; Short Rib at 15c.@15½c.; and Long Clear at 15c.@15½c. ₩ lb. Lard has been decidedly firmer in price, on a livelier demand, partly for forward delivery; sales have been reported since our last of 625 tcs. and bbls. in lots, at from 14½c.@16½c. for poor No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 15⅜c.@15⅝c. for City, and 15¾c.@16c. for fair to choice Western Steam, ₩ lb. Also, 1,250 tcs. prime Steam, seller April and May, the latter at 15⅞c.@16c. ₩ lb. Beef has been in better request, and sales have been reported of 650 bbls., in lots, at $9@$14 50 for Plain Mess, $14@$17 50 for Extra Mess, and $4@$8 for inferior grades, ₩ bbl. Tierce Beef is in light demand at $24@$27 for Prime Mess, and $27@$31 for India Mess, ₩ tierce. Beef Hams have been in request at $27@$32 ₩ bbl.; sales 120 bbls. Butter continues in fair demand, including State, inferior to prime, at 18c.@38c., and Western, ordinary to prime, 15c.@28c. ₩ lb.; the day's receipts were 1,237 pkgs. Cheese has been salable and firm, at from 6c.@17½c. as the extremes for very common to fancy Factory; the day's receipts were 1,022 boxes.

SUGARS—Raw have been in good request at a shade firmer prices. Sales, 1,670 hhds. and 285 bbls. Cuba, Porto Rico, and Demerara at from 8¾c.@12½c., and 2,475 boxes Havana at from 9½c.@9¾c. ₩ lb. We quote fair to good refining grades Cuba at 9¼c.@9½c.; fair to good grocery grades at 9⅝c.@10c.; good to choice grocery grades at 10c.@10½c. ₩ lb.; Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 9½c.@10¾c.; No. 12 Box Sugar, 9¼c.@9½c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars are in fair demand, ranging from 11¼c.@12⅞c., as the extremes, ₩ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales have been reported since our last of 92,500 lbs. Tallow at 9¼c.@9½c.; 38,500 lbs. Stearine at 15½c.@16½c., and 28,500 lbs. Grease at 9c.@12c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Has been in moderate request at firmer prices. Sales, 300 bbls., in lots, at $1 07@$1 08 for wood and iron-bound Western and State pkgs., ₩ gallon; receipts, 531 bbls.

FREIGHTS—A moderate business has been reported since our last, at somewhat firmer but irregular rates. For Liverpool, there were taken 980 bales Cotton, by steam, at ½d. ₩ lb.; 15,000 bushels Wheat at 3½d.@4d., closing at 4d. ₩ bushel; 70 tcs. Beef on private terms; 150 boxes Bacon at 22s. 6d., and, by sail, 50 hhds. Tallow at 10s. ₩ ton. For London, 500 bbls. Flour, by sail, at 1s. 9d. ₩ bbl., and 15,000 bushels Wheat, by steam, at 6d. ₩ bushel; also, 2,500 bbls. Petroleum at 4s. 3d. ₩ bbl. For Penarth Roads and orders, an Italian bark, with 3,200 quarters Wheat at 4s. 9d., or if to a direct port, at 4s. 6d. ₩ quarter. For Bremen, equal to 13,000 bbls. Petroleum, by North German vessels, at 2s. 9d.@3s., chiefly at 2s. 9d. ₩ bbl.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Board of Aldermen—Stated Session.

[OFFICIAL.]

MONDAY, April 18, 1870, 2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met in their Chamber number fifteen City Hall, pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Thomas Coman, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Aldermen Moore, Cuddy, Reilly, Miller, Murray, Welch, Seger, Woltman, Barker, McKiever, Dimond, Cregier, Croker, Jackson, Cunningham, Long—17.

On motion the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

An application from Isaac C. Johnson [illegible] and under water at Spuyten Duyvil Creek. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Long—

That permission be given to [illegible] street and keep a watering-trough [illegible] corner of Third-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Cunningham—

That Lorenzo Lord be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of Richard Flannagan, [illegible] to qualify.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

That the hydrant now located at [illegible] ner of Barclay and West streets [illegible] trance of Hoboken Ferry.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Welch—

An ordinance to amend section [illegible] three, chapter five of the revised [illegible] thousand, eight hundred and six[illegible] the following:

"But it shall not be lawful to [illegible] institute any legal proceeding for [illegible] alty for violation of any of the [illegible] poration relating to incumbrances [illegible] awnings, show-cases, &c., until [illegible] ing the said Corporation ordinance [illegible] first notified to remove such in[illegible] have failed or neglected to comply [illegible] tion for a period of ten days."

Section two. All ordinances [illegible] inconsistent or conflicting with [illegible] ordinance are hereby annulled [illegible] pealed.

Section three. This ordinance [illegible] mediately.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Reilly—

That permission be given to [illegible] an ornamental lamp opposite [illegible] one hundred and seventy-nine [illegible]

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Dimond—

That Thirty-second-street, from [illegible] avenue, be paved with Belgian [illegible]

Referred to the Committee [illegible]

By Alderman Croker—

That on the east side of First-avenue, from Thirty-fourth to Thirty-sixth street, [illegible] flagged full width where not [illegible]

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Reilly—

That a sewer be built in [illegible] Birmingham and Pike streets [illegible]

Which was laid over.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Resolution to permit James [illegible] ing trough in front of number [illegible] West Broadway, corner of [illegible]

Which was adopted.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Barker moved [illegible] Railroads be discharged from [illegible] resolution to permit the New-York and New-Haven Railroad to replace tracks [illegible] tween Elm and Centre streets.

Which was carried and the paper laid over.

Alderman Croker moved [illegible] Street Pavements be discharged [illegible] eration of resolution to [illegible] from Lexington-avenue to [illegible] pavement.

Which was carried and the paper laid over.

Alderman Reilly moved [illegible] Streets be discharged from [illegible] resolution to permit George Kemp [illegible] in front of numbers [illegible] thirty-three Cedar-street, [illegible] the present curb-line.

Which was carried and the resolution adopted.

MESSAGES FROM THE MAYOR.

The President laid before the Board a message from the Mayor, nominating [illegible] accordance with the provisions of [illegible] dred and seventy-five, laws of one thousand eight hundred and seventy, as follows:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 12, 1870.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: In accordance with [illegible] act of the Legislature, [illegible] the sale of intoxicating [illegible] one thousand eight hundred [illegible] one hundred and seventy [illegible] sent, a copy of which, [illegible] State, is herewith annexed.

I hereby nominate the [illegible] izens" as Commissioners [illegible] New-York, under and by virtue of the provisions of the act, namely:

Walter W. Price,
John H. Williams,
Martin Nachtmann.

A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor.

Alderman Woltman moved that the Board do advise and consent to [illegible] tions of the Commissioners [illegible] Mayor in the foregoing message.

Which was carried.

The President laid before the Board a message from the Mayor, returning [illegible] amending resolution [illegible] and Fifth streets [illegible] Pavement, as follows:

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I return [illegible] nexed resolution, and [illegible] The certificate of [illegible] is signed by Mr. Moloney, [illegible] sistant Aldermen, [illegible] Assistant Aldermen [illegible] the Board of Aldermen [illegible] objections, there is [illegible] that on the 11th day [illegible] other of the two boards [illegible] passed by a vote of [illegible] to each Board. More[illegible] expenditure of [illegible] that it was passed [illegible] which is provided [illegible] the Laws of 1870, [illegible] page of, this [illegible] Boards.

A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor.

APRIL 18, 1870.

Which was received, laid on the table, and ordered to be printed at length in the minutes.

The President laid before the Board a message from the Mayor, returning [illegible] tion directing the Clerk of the Common Council to compile Manual [illegible]

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—I [illegible] proval, the annexed [illegible] jections which [illegible] that at present [illegible] mature. The [illegible] more thorough [illegible] election of [illegible] and a variety [illegible] made. A manual [illegible] proper manual [illegible] will be time enough [illegible] sider the subject [illegible] Manual.

A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor.

APRIL 18, 1870.

Which was received, laid on the table and ordered to be printed at length in the minutes.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The President laid before the Board a communication from the [illegible] apportionment [illegible] Nicholas-avenue [illegible] ing and Eighty-[illegible]

Which were [illegible]

The President laid before the Board a communication from the [illegible] the receipts of [illegible] Companies for [illegible] and sixty-nine.

Which were [illegible]

The President laid before the Board a communication from the [illegible] contracts deposited [illegible] partment during [illegible] and sixty-nine.

Which was received and ordered to be printed in document form.

GENERAL ORDERS.

An ordinance to [illegible] to be called [illegible]

An ordinance [illegible] convenient [illegible]

Resolution [illegible] Council to [illegible] Corporation [illegible] to Ninth-avenue [illegible]

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen [illegible] Woltman, [illegible] Croker, Jackson, [illegible]

Resolution [illegible] two hundred [illegible] Fourteenth [illegible] from Twenty-[illegible]

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen [illegible] Seger, Barker, [illegible] Jackson, [illegible]

On motion, the Board adjourned to [illegible] next, twenty-fifth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

JOSEPH SHANNON, Clerk.

CARPETS.

SMITH BROTHERS,
SUCCESSORS TO
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
AT THEIR NEW STORE,
NO. 738 BROADWAY.
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
RUGS, MATS, MATTINGS, &c., &c.
NEW STYLES DAILY RECEIVED.
SOLD AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
GOODS MADE UP AND LAID AT SHORT NOTICE.

BEDDING.

BEDDING!

JOHN H. WILCOX & CO., [illegible]

MILLINERY.

LADIES' HATS AND SPRING BONNETS. [illegible]

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST-OFF CLOTHING [illegible]

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR RATIONS.

[illegible]

MUSICAL.

PIANO-FORTES—SECOND HAND OF VARIOUS makers, in thorough order, for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 11 East 14th-st., Between Broadway and 5th-av.

Pianos to rent.

A GREAT OFFER!!—HORACE WATERS, No. 481 BROADWAY, [illegible]

A GREAT BARGAIN.—SUPERB SEVEN-octave rosewood piano, [illegible]

MENDELSSOHN'S WALPURGIS NIGHT [illegible]

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO CHEAP, [illegible]

ON ACCOUNT OF GOING TO GERMANY, [illegible]

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF [illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF [illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF [illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF [illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF [illegible]

MEDICAL.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE [illegible]

DR. LEWIS, NO. 7 BEACH-ST., NEW-YORK, [illegible]

DR. OLIN, CONFIDENTIAL PHYSICIAN, [illegible]

LOSS OF MANHOOD OR IMPOTENCY, [illegible]

DR. HUNTER, NO. 3 BOND-ST., [illegible]

DR. EVANS' OFFICE, NO. 94 CHATHAM-ST. [illegible]

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PRIVATE [illegible]

$1,000 REWARD FOR ANY PRIVATE [illegible]

FURNITURE.

CABINET FURNITURE. [illegible]

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE [illegible]

IRON WORKS.

J. B. & W. W. CORNELL, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS. [illegible]

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA KIND AND GENTLE [illegible]

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

BOOTH'S THEATER.
6th-av., corner 23d-st.
A WIDOW HUNT and TOODLES. Leading characters by Mr. John S. Clarke.

WALLACK'S THEATER.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
MEN AND ACRES. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Stoddart, Ringgold, and Miss Henriques, Miss Mestayer and Mrs. Phillips.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
PIPPIN; OR THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Pauline Markham, Mr. Harry Beckett, &c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS. Leading characters by Mr. George C. Boniface, Miss Nully Pieris and Mme. Ponisi.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
MACBETH. Leading characters by Mr. George L. Fox and Miss Longmore.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.
24th-st., near 5th-av.
FROU FROU. Leading characters by Messrs. Geo. Clarke, Davidge, Lewis, and Miss Agnes Ethel, Miss Fanny Davenport, and Mrs. Gilbert.

BOWERY THEATER.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
NEW-YORK IN 1840—1870, and PRIDE OF THE OCEAN.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
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NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Birch, Wambold, Bernard, Backus, &c.

HIPPOTHEATRON,
14th-st., near Irving-place.
PROF. RISLEY COMBINATION TROUPE.

THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY.
Broadway, junction of 6th-av.
BAZAAR AND MUSIC. Benefit of the "Sheltering Arms."

APOLLO HALL.
28th-st., corner Broadway.
EXHIBITION OF A PANORAMA OF IRELAND.

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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & CO., Bankers, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Our Circulation.

The subscription list and the daily sales of the TIMES are now greater than at any period within the last twelve months, and are rapidly increasing. The fact is mentioned for the information of friends and in reply to the misstatements of enemies.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The threatened strikes have begun in Paris. Fifteen thousand workmen struck yesterday. The political excitement growing out of the *plebiscitum* has a bad effect on commerce. The 8th of May is to be fixed as the day for taking the vote on the *plebiscitum*....PRIM and RIVERO were accused yesterday in the Cortes by the Republican Deputies of causing the recent outbreak in Barcelona....The London *Times* of yesterday has an article on American affairs, in which it says the political system is faulty, but that free trade is gaining rapidly....Legal proceedings have been instituted against the Sheffield *Daily Telegraph* for asserting that the Prince of WALES would be a co-respondent in the Divorce Court in the case of the Earl *vs.* the Countess of SEFTON....A vessel is loading at Woolwich with powder for Quebec.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, very little was accomplished. Early in the day the Northern Pacific Railway bill, granting additional lands to the Company, was taken up, and it was debated until 6 o'clock. All amendments were one by one rejected, and it was finally agreed that the bill should be disposed of today. During the morning hour a few bills were introduced; the most important incorporates the Pacific Submarine Telegraph Company, and facilitates telegraphic communication between America and Asia. At 6 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

In the House the discussion of the day was on the resolution to admit J. H. SYPHER to a seat as Representative from the First Congressional District of Louisiana. The resolution was voted upon and carried by 78 to 73. But when Mr. SYPHER was called to take the oath, objection was made, and then, after considerable skirmishing, the vote adopting the resolution was reconsidered, and a resolution carried declaring the election in the First Congressional District of Louisiana invalid, thus barring out Mr. SYPHER. The Senate substitute for the Georgia bill was referred to the Reconstruction Committee with several amendments, the principal one providing for an election in 1870 for Assemblymen, provided for in the Constitution of their State, adopted in March 11, 1868, at which persons who by that Constitution are electors, shall be entitled to vote; this Mr. BINGHAM agreed to. From Committee the Post-office Appropriation bill was reported; it appropriates $24,110,098 from Post-office revenues, and $725,000 out of the Treasury. The House adjourned at 5:10 o'clock.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill relating to the Water Commission of Brooklyn was ordered to a third reading. The bill providing for a new system of towing on the canals was passed. A bill fixing the rates in sleeping cars was reported, with the testimony taken before the Railroad Committee. A bill was introduced to amend the General Railroad law so as to permit an extra charge of ten cents when a passenger fails to secure a ticket. The Arcade Railroad bill was announced for a third reading, but as several amendments were made, it could not be read a third time.

In the Assembly a bill extending the Mechanics' Lien law to railroad bridges was passed. A bill creating a Department of Education and organizing the Board of Regents was passed. The Supreme Court bill was recommitted to be amended so as to provide for the election of Judge of the New-York Court of Common Pleas in place of Judge BRADY, resigned. The Governor sent in vetoes of the bills extending the charter of the Webster Plank-road Company; authorizing the town of Greenwich to issue bonds in aid of the Johnsonville Railroad, and fixing the term of office and salaries of Supervisors of Albany. At the afternoon and evening sessions a large number of bills were passed.

GENERAL.

The dispatches from Cuba contain the information that the insurgents had entered the Bayamo district after a fight, and that they had attacked, captured and burned a town in Canto Abajo, after a fight in which the Spanish wounded were saved only by a miracle. Other operations of the insurgents are reported.

An Ottawa dispatch says a vessel with troops for the Red River is to be dispatched by the Imperial Government, by way of Hudson Bay, to reach Fort York early in July. The £300,000 stipulated for the title of the Hudson Bay Company's to the North-west Territory has been paid. This is regarded as an essential preliminary to the enforcement of authority over the territory.

The United States Supreme Court yesterday granted the motion to withdraw the appeal in the case of LATHAM and DENNING involving the legal tender question, and denied the motion of the Attorney-General for a rehearing in the case of HEPBURN and GRISWOLD, recently decided, on the ground that none of the Judges who concurred in the opinion desired a rehearing.

The storm of the 9th of March, at Buenos Ayres, caused so great a rise of water as to flood a great portion of the city. The rise was sudden and many men and horses were drowned in the streets. Many buildings were undermined and destroyed.

The Executive Committee of the National Union League met yesterday in Baltimore, with a full attendance of the Committee.

The case of KIMBERLY BROTHERS *vs.* Gen. BUTLER, in the United States Circuit Court, has been continued until the November term at the instance of the complainants.

The telegraph continues to report extraordinary high water throughout the region over which the recent storm passed. It is still raining in Maine and New-Hampshire, and the Merrimac is within a few inches of the height reached in the great October freshet. The villages and towns in the Mohawk Valley are inundated, and the whole valley is full of water. Much damage is apprehended, and loss from the breaking of lumber-booms. The damage to the railroads by the rise of the Chemung River is in a fair way to be repaired.

The Massachusetts House of Representatives, after a long debate, has rejected, by a vote of 133 to 68, the proposed amendment to the Constitution, enabling women to vote and to hold office.

The official count shows that the whole number of votes cast at the late election in Connecticut was 7,415. Gov. ENGLISH's majority is 844. The average majority on the State ticket is 820. Both parties fell off. There are about 100,000 voters in the State.

The Georgia Legislature has adjourned till Monday. A member of the House stated that Gen. TERRY opposed any legislation while the Georgia bill was pending before the House. He was opposed to the holding of a session till Congress had acted.

Chief-Justice CHASE yesterday announced that the Supreme Court would adjourn for the term, or to some future day to be named, on Saturday, the 30th day of April, and that all motions for the next week will be heard on the 26th, after which day no arguments will be heard.

The remains of the late Mr. BURLINGAME was received on board of the *Silesia*, yesterday, in the presence of a large body of distinguished private and official persons, and were subsequently transferred to the steamer *Providence* and conveyed to Boston.

Yesterday was the last day of the old Central Park Commission, and today the new Department of Parks assumes control of the grounds. Controller A. H. GREEN was engaged during the entire day in arranging the books, papers, &c., of the Commission, in order to make the necessary transfers. It is not yet known who has been appointed to fill the vacancy in the new body occasioned by the resignation of Mr. ROBERT J. DILLON.

Mr. HENRY KIDDLE was last night elected by the Board of Education City Superintendent, and Messrs. JOHN H. FANNING, M. A. CALKINS, THOMAS HARRISON and WM. JONES Assistant Superintendents.

JAMES P. WILLIAMS, one of the men who, on Jan. 4, broke into the house of ROBERT THORN, a wealthy farmer residing near Hackensack, Dutchess County, and after tying him and his housekeeper, robbed the old man, was convicted at Poughkeepsie, yesterday, and sentenced to State Prison, at hard labor, for fifteen years.

Judge and Politician—Wanted, a Constitutional Amendment.

It would be an excellent thing if, before the amendment fever, in the midst of which we now find ourselves, passes away, the United States Constitution could be so far improved as to make all Judges of the Supreme Court incapable of holding any other Federal office. Or, if this were deemed too stringent a restriction, they might at least be declared ineligible for the Presidency or Vice-Presidency. Everything else that ingenuity can devise, or experience suggest, has been done to make the Federal Judges independent, but it seems as if the judicial armor was not complete as long as the chance of getting into the White House remained open. Luckily, until very recently, the Judges have been men who were either so attached to their profession, or who estimated the honor of a seat on the Bench so highly, as to be content with it; and, indeed, it is difficult to see how a man who has practiced at the Bar for a sufficient length of time, and with such success as to entitle him to it, should long for any other reward. There is no other prize within the reach of the legal profession more attractive. The Lord Chancellorship is a more brilliant position, socially, perhaps, than that of the Chief-Justiceship of the Supreme Court, but it is more precarious and more laborious.

It was not, we are glad to say, till Chief-Justice CHASE mounted the Bench that any trouble on this score arose, and we are bound to add that some of those who now find most fault with the yearnings after something higher, which are freely imputed to him, were among the first to encourage the peculiarities which have brought reproach on him. As long as he was supposed to be sternly Radical no fault was found with his semi-political tours and his public harangues on exciting questions of the day. It was not perceived at first, apparently, that when a Judge begins to cherish political ambition in a democracy there is no telling where he will bring up. If he finds no outlet on one side he is pretty sure to seek it on another, and accordingly, though very regrettable, it was not in the least surprising that he should have been found coquetting with the Democratic Convention of 1868—that politicians should have been found running all over the country with his "views," and that letters from him should have been passed about from hand to hand as part of the raw material which the Convention had to work up into a nomination. The whole performance, as we all remember, was a great scandal, and everybody was heartily glad when it came to an end.

But then, unfortunately, the scandal did not end with the performance. The worst of a Judge's indiscretions is that they are never forgotten, and are constantly recalled by everybody whom his judicial action displeases, and nothing was more certain to most calm observers, than that the Chief-Justice's negotiations with the Democrats have laid the foundation of a popular distrust of him, which would show itself every time he had to adjudicate in any controversy with the slightest political bearing.

That these forebodings were well founded is admirably illustrated by the remarks which are called out on every side by the late legal-tender decision. Even those who most approve of it, are sorry that somebody else could not have rendered it, or have furnished the casting vote which made it the decision of the Court; while those who do not approve of it are, of course, confirmed in their disapproval, and stimulated in their efforts to upset it, by the fact that it falls in with the views of those whom the Chief-Justice has of late been trying to convert into his political supporters. What makes the matter worse is that the Chief-Justice is himself the father of the legal tenders, and although it is easy to see how a Secretary of the Treasury, puzzling his brains for the means of carrying on a desperate war which was placing the national existence in peril, should take a view of the powers of the Government, which, on mature consideration, in calmer times, he would discard, and although people would be ready enough to accept this explanation of the change in his opinions from almost any other Judge on the Bench, the Chief-Justice's political dalliances have, in most people's eyes, deprived him of all claim to the benefit of it. And yet nothing could well be more unfortunate than that at such a juncture, and on such a question, there should be any want of confidence in the intellectual integrity of so prominent a member of the Court.

There were many who flattered themselves that, the slavery conflict once over, the strain which its power of passing on the constitutionality of acts of Congress imposes on the Court would be diminished. But it is quite evident that this expectation was baseless. The war, and the state of things arising out of the war, have greatly increased the powers of Congress, or at all events have called into activity a great number of powers which had previously lain dormant. The enforcement of the three new amendments alone, has imposed on Congress a great many new and very ill-defined duties, and the expansion which the term "republican form of government" is gradually undergoing, promises to produce, in future, a very large number of constitutional complications of a very intricate kind; so that there is every prospect that the danger and temptations of the Court will be greatly multiplied, and the necessity for caution and circumspection on the part of the Court greatly increased.

Under these circumstances, it would seem as if none of its members ought to need a very large stock of patriotism to make him avoid even the appearance of evil. If any of them cherish political aspirations they ought to have the decency either to give them up, or strip off their ermine, and come down once for all into the arena, and stay there. The characters of Judge and politician are not compatible; hardly more so—without meaning disrespect to anybody—than those of policeman and thief. There are some combinations, the capacity for which an All-wise Providence has denied even to the most flexible natures.

Arcade Railroad—A Gigantic Scheme of Plunder.

The bill for the establishment of the Arcade Railroad, now before the Legislature, authorizes the corporators to scoop out Broadway from the Battery to its junction with the Eighth-avenue, from building to building, "a sufficient"—that is to say, an unlimited—depth; and thus interfere with the business of Broadway stores, for which interference no compensation to owner or tenants is provided. It authorizes the Company to take possession of all the cross streets on the line from the Battery to the Harlem River and excavate them of their entire width for depots, store-houses, light, &c.; and there is no limit to the distance on the cross streets which they may thus use. The Company may compulsorily take the lot of any person on the line for depot purposes, and in estimating the damages the Commissioners are required to deduct from the actual value whatever sum they may suppose to be the enhanced value of any other property of the same owners from the construction of the road.

The power to excavate "a sufficient depth" appears to casual observation to be limited, but the limitation applies only to the depth of the lower sidewalk, which may be thirteen feet below the surface, except in front of Trinity Church building, which may not be more than ten feet. The width of the sidewalk not being specified in the act, the restriction as to its depth below the surface is of but little practical value. The excavation for the road will undoubtedly be much deeper, and deep enough to undermine buildings and vaults. The restriction on the Company against removing any vaults under the surface sidewalk, is not to be enforced "if a majority of the owners of lots fronting on the said railway" consent in writing. The owners on the upper part of the island, where there are no vaults, may thus control the removal of all of those now in use in Broadway. If any compensation is provided for this, the amount is subject to reduction to the extent of any benefit which any property of such owner may receive from the construction of the road. The owner is required to go to the "Supreme Court of the First Judicial District of this State, and not elsewhere," for his remedies by injunction. No more need be said to show how helpless and hopeless is his condition. The Company is required to "erect temporary bridges for the accommodation of the travel over such place or places where their said work of construction is being carried on." The corporators are made the sole judges of what bridges shall be built. They are not required to build them for traffic and business, but only for travel. The commencement of the road may be delayed for a year and a half, and then five years are allowed for its construction, "delays by injunctions or other legal proceedings" excepted.

But the most extraordinary grant is yet to be mentioned. The Company is authorized to take real estate without limit by assessment, with this proviso:

> "But whenever there shall be taken for the said railway, as herein authorized, and for turnouts, platforms or stations, *any* public grounds, *parks* or places, no compensation shall be demanded or awarded for the same."

The only restriction upon what they may thus take, relates to the portion of it in which there may be an opening. The language is:

> "But no opening in any public grounds, parks or places shall be more than five hundred feet in length, nor more than one hundred feet in width, and the said Company may make the necessary deflections of their lines for the purpose of using the same for stations."

The line of the road commences at a point in or near the Battery, thence running up Broadway to Fourteenth-street, thence through Union-square to Seventeenth-street, thence up Broadway to its junction with Eighth-avenue, and thence to a junction with the Hudson River Railroad, with a branch from Union-square up Fourth-avenue to the Harlem River. The line goes along the City Hall Park, through Union-square, in front of Madison-square and *to Central Park*, at the junction of Broadway and Eighth-avenue. As the Hudson River Railroad is to go to the Harlem Railroad, the line to reach it may be on or under Central Park, as may be determined.

How much of the Battery, the City Hall Park, Union-square, Madison-square and the Central Park will the public be allowed to retain under this unlimited right to the Company to take, without compensation? The act declares that "in all cases the use of the streets, avenues, squares or grounds and public places, and the right of way under and *through* the same, for the purpose of a sub-surface railway, as herein authorized, shall be considered and is hereby declared to be a public use, consistent with the uses for which the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty hold said streets, avenues and public places." They "may also make connections with *any steam or horse railroads*, in such manner as may be deemed best by said corporation," which would require a surface railroad and authorize it in any direction.

A scheme of plunder more gigantic and dangerous has never been proposed. If it pass, the business of Broadway, almost that of the whole City, will be in the power, for years, of a gang of speculators in public jobs, in the Legislature and in this City, of whom the names in the bill are the indicators.

Representative Democrats at the Brooklyn Polls.

In this age of book-making, will no competent person confer a boon on the legal profession, the politicians, and the public by compiling a handy book of election law? Existing statutes on the subject are so complicated that one of the counsel for the defense of the Brooklyn election officers has repeatedly expressed his inability to understand them, while the indicted parties themselves appear never to have thought it possible they could comprehend their duties, as laid down by law, and the public regard with wondering admiration the two gentlemen conducting the prosecution, who seem to be the only persons who do profess to understand the enactments in question. It is not a little surprising that in the midst of this amazing complexity the Democratic leaders of Brooklyn should have selected for election officers men who, like the two tried on Tuesday, were incapable of footing up a sum in simple addition, and who were as little familiar with the laws prescribing their duties as they were with the Institutes of Justinian. No better preface could be imagined for an intelligible manual of election law than a sketch of the proceedings in the polling-place of the Third District of the Second Ward of Brooklyn, on the night of the 2d November last.

We have not space for the details of the picture. It may be sufficient to indicate that the two officers, who were there as sworn recorders of the popular will, as uttered through the ballot-box, had no better defense to offer on Tuesday than that of extreme stupidity. One of them, called MCLAUGHLIN, looked like a man of ordinary intelligence, but frankly confessed his entire ignorance of the nature of the duties he had engaged to discharge. He was anxious to please everybody, it appeared, and had been very anxious for advice, though greatly puzzled to know whose to follow. His decision appears to have rested with the noisiest, and the vacillating canvasser bowed to the authoritative demands of the *vox populi*, which was then chiefly interpreted by a crowd of howling rowdies. His fellow-canvasser was a gentleman named FITZPATRICK. Being naturally of a sluggish temperament this conscientious officer had taken some slight stimulants in order to quicken his dormant faculties. The brain of FITZPATRICK, however, only settled into a duller torpor, after these refreshers, and his attempts to read off a ticket awakened derisive laughter among the sympathetic onlookers. He was accordingly voted a failure and summarily deposed. In Court, on Tuesday, this ill-starred canvasser fared no better. Counsel adopted the novel mode of making out his case by abusing his client. Remarks disparaging to his intelligence, his looks, his habits, and his position generally, as an accountable being, were freely bandied about, and were indeed made the sole ground of his defense. It is but justice to Mr. FITZPATRICK to say that all these passed by him like the idle wind.

The jury were unable to determine whether this pair of worthies were more knaves than fools, so that they will probably have the benefit of another public exhibition of their peculiarities. Where twelve sensible men have disagreed, we shall not interpose an opinion. On one point, we should think, there can be but little difference of judgment, namely, that as to the category to which to assign the men who deliberately selected such instruments for an important public duty. The conviction will probably become settled in the public mind before these trials are ended, that the purity of the ballot-box must be protected by putting it in the custody of men of at least average respectability and intelligence. Whether the city officials of Brooklyn, many of whom were, according to District-Attorney MORRIS, elected after sundown, may acquiesce in this decision or not, is another question.

What are "Woman's Rights?"

They are these, according to the leaders and followers of the "Woman's rights movement:" To practice the same professions and occupations as men. To be treated as the equal of men in all relations of life. To be admitted freely to competition with men in every field of labor or thought, and not to have the "weakness of their sex" even alluded to, since that can only be regarded as an insult.

Very good! So far, all is clear. But now observe what follows. Women do occasionally manage to pursue the same occupations as men, and all goes on pretty well until some one dares to treat them precisely as men are treated—that is, with criticism—plain, straightforward, it may be severe criticism. Then at once a shriek ascends to the skies. All the advocates of "woman's rights" sally forth in a body and cry out, "Do not criticise a woman—she is a weak creature, and ought to be held sacred. Remember her sex." It is of no use to answer that if women claim all the "liberties and privileges" of men they must expect to suffer some of the penalties to which men are also liable. When a woman declares that she wishes to experience the same treatment as men in the contest of life, she means that she wants all sorts of exceptions to be made in her favor. She must be fenced round, and protected from the sharp wind of criticism. She will throw aside her sex *except* when she can use it as a shield.

Most people have foreseen that this would be the result of conceding to women the rights they ask. In reality they are *not* prepared to fight the battle of life from man's stand-point. They are to have the privilege of saying or doing what they like, and no one is to contradict or thwart them for fear of hurting their feelings. You must no more answer them than answer a parson in the pulpit. So that eventually the field of human exertion is likely to be covered with competitors who will demand to be treated like so many Popes. They will criticise, but must not be criticised in return. They will take the wages of men, if they can get them, but they will not work for those wages like men; they will not face good report and evil report, or bear any of the hard knocks which are apt to be distributed in life. They will always have the plea, "I am only a woman," on their tongues. Is this, then, the equality of the sexes of which we have heard so much? It appears to be the nearest approach to equality which the present champions or representatives of woman's rights are likely to favor us with.

The effort to obtain a rehearing of the argument in the legal-tender case, before the Supreme Court, has come to naught. The application was yesterday denied, under a rule which meanwhile enables a minority of the Court to array its authority against the power of Congress and the credit of the Government. Without the consent of some one of the Judges who concurred in the decision—the Chief-Justice explained—the case involved cannot be reopened. Such is the rule of the Court. But are its regulations irrevocable and unchangeable, as against the will of a majority of a full bench? This is the question to which the proceedings of yesterday furnish no answer.

Instead of admitting Georgia, the Senate has passed a bill which practically re-opens the whole question of reconstruction in that State, and renders its restoration more uncertain than it seemed to be a month ago. As it comes from the Senate, the bill facilitates indefinite delay, which is not what the country wants, or what the people of Georgia are entitled to. The subject is once more before the House Reconstruction Committee, and no one knows when or where it will end.

In anticipation of Gov. HOFFMAN's general opposition to State aid for railroads, some papers are trying to persuade him that he should tolerate at least one exception to his rule. But who shall judge of the exception? Each of the roads which the Legislature proposes to assist, is, in the opinion of its promoters, the road which of all others is best entitled to assistance. What the Governor should give the schemes is equal justice. If he now favors the costly and dangerous principle on which State aid rests, let him say so broadly. If he object to the principle, let him carry it out squarely, though the heavens should fall.

Mr. BOUTWELL, we are told, persists in his attempt to force through the Funding bill and to keep the income tax at five per cent., regardless of the judgment of the House and the opposition of the country. Persistence in this course is unfortunate—for Mr. BOUTWELL. We don't believe that it will save the Funding bill, which we regard as all but defunct; and it ought not to hinder the timely reduction and revision which alone can prevent the total repeal of the income tax.

When the *Tribune* gives up the advocacy of free-love doctrines, it will be time for it to preach about newspaper morality. The public can estimate its fitness for family reading by the results of its teachings. Considering how terribly it has been injured by the disclosures concerning its free-love proclivities, no one need be surprised that it should now be in a paroxysm of rage because the disastrous consequences of its principles have been pointed out.

It is to be hoped that the Jury bill now before the Legislature will pass without delay, as a much needed measure. The absurd spectacle of hundreds of men, summoned to perform one of the chief duties of citizenship, and perhaps half a dozen being found "qualified," has been exhibited long enough. The loose manner in which many people excuse themselves from serving is also highly reprehensible. The constant remission of fines for non-attendance when summoned is unjust to the community at large. In short, the whole system at present in vogue has fallen into great disrepute, and the administration of justice is impeded by it to an intolerable extent. The pending bill proposes to remedy all these evils. It gives the Judges sole power over juries, and relieves the Commissioner of a great source of annoyance in the shape of constant applications for indulgence. Jurors are, moreover, to be fairly paid for their time, and persons whose occupations render service impossible without public injury are exempted. We trust that no factious opposition will stand in the way of so desirable a reform.

Everybody will hope that the indisposition of Recorder HACKETT is only of a temporary nature. He has added greatly to his reputation by the ability and impartiality which he has displayed in presiding over an unusually protracted trial. In the midst of the excitement often existing in the Court-room, the Judge has been invariably cool and prompt—allowing no unfair advantage to be taken either on one side or the other, but presenting an example of moderation and command of temper which cannot but have had its influence on the counsel who are conducting the case. It would be a public misfortune if Recorder HACKETT's indisposition seriously interfered with the discharge of his present onerous duties.

The *Star*, which is well informed on such subjects, maintains that house-rents have not materially declined this year. It has discovered by careful inquiries that out of 344 stores and offices to let, in a given section of Broadway, only five are offered at reduced rents, "and the reduction made is about twenty per cent. in each case." But as applications for stores are not very numerous, the chances are that at the last moment landlords will "come down." So far the *Star*—and if it is a true prophet, people looking out for houses will do well to wait until the "last moment" before taking them. There would be very little doubt about the result if there were not so many people on the hunt for an office or a home at the same time.

Neither *Plebiscitum* nor Emperor appears able to solve what after all is perhaps the chief difficulty in France, as in many other countries. The Paris workmen have long threatened strikes, and these have at last commenced. The situation looks very serious. Fifteen thousand men, in two trades alone, laying down their tools, and other thousands of different occupations following their example, is a state of things that may well cause anxiety. Soldiers and Police cannot remedy that. No legislation can settle the labor problem—that is, no legislation according to old theories. All over Europe, and here, too, for that matter, there is the constant struggle between the workman and the capitalist. As the latter gets richer, the more galling is the contrast between wealth and poverty. The mass of laborers everywhere are thinking out this subject with great earnestness—in fact it promises to be one which will be more prominent than almost any other, and that perhaps before very long.

A foreign army of over five thousand persons landed in the City of New-York the day before yesterday, and at this moment ten steamers are preparing to leave Liverpool with another army of six thousand five hundred emigrants—all, or nearly all, bound for the same sheltering wharf of Castle Garden, and no doubt destined to be shortly reinforced by whatever vessels are now at sea on their way westward. The majority of these are probably from England and Ireland, since Germany has her own line of steamers. The Cork *Examiner* states that four steam-ships had just left that harbor, in one week, with about a thousand emigrants for America, and laments that the Coercion act will only have the effect of increasing those departures of the people. If "solitude" may be called "peace," as in the times of TACITUS, Ireland will probably be quiet enough very shortly. The continued emigration from that country, after the preceding exodus of millions, is an extraordinary spectacle in the social history of the present age.

Anybody who happens to read the *Independent*—the "religious" paper which divides its space between the advocacy of free-lovers, puffs of doubtful speculations, and rapturous idolatry of its editor—will be much amused to find in it this week a sermon on the decencies of journalism. The general purport of it is that no one had any right to make a single remark about the Calhoun correspondence. Now, the course of the *Independent* all through this affair has been most indecent. It deliberately tried the McFarland case beforehand, making all sorts of foul charges against the prisoner who is now before the Court, and endeavoring in every way to prejudice the case upon which a jury will shortly be called upon to pronounce an opinion. This is exactly the kind of behavior which anybody would look for from a "religious" paper which tries to drag its readers into risky commercial enterprises. The *Independent* belongs to the "set" which is at present the talk of the City, and is consequently obliged to say a word for its friends in their present extremity. It is only a pity, for the sake of its clients, that its hands are not a little cleaner.

The trade of the Pacific is swelling apace. A few years ago steamers were unheard of in those Western waters, and were confined to the coasts respectively of America and Asia for a considerable time after they made their appearance. But the California and China line broke the spell and has been quickly followed by another, which will henceforth regularly plow the seas once only visited by a chance man-of-war or a solitary whaler. The first steam-ship of the new Australia and California line sailed on March 26 from Sydney, bound to San Francisco, and hereafter the two El Dorades will have swift and periodic communication. A new and highly-interesting steam trip round the world is thus made possible, beginning at New-York, crossing the continent by rail, the pacific by packet to Sydney, thence also by steamer to Calcutta, by the overland route to England, and so on home. The actual time consumed in travel by this trip should be within one hundred days—a fact which, considering that the route lies necessarily in zig-zags, and not in a straight course, is worthy of note as an addition to the wonders of modern locomotion.

The "pen-portrait" business, which is a favorite one with correspondents, is carried to a height quite sublime by the New-York correspondent of the Worcester *Spy*, who, in describing the Apollo Hall gathering, depicts a whole panorama of personages in one painted paragraph. There is "WENDELL PHILLIPS, tired of talking;" and "Saintly LUCRETIA MOTT;" and "C. C. BURLEIGH, with picturesque head and noble brow;" and "FRED. DOUGLASS, his dusky face and expressive eyes luminous with the light within, and his long white hair standing out in every direction, suggesting a halo around his head;" and "STEPHEN FOSTER, with a mouth fashioned expressly for saying *no*;" and "his wife ABBY, the strong lines of whose face have grown more positive;" and "WILLIAM HENRY CHANNING, spiritnelle, (*sic*,) saintly and breathing in all his utterances the spirit of the beloved disciple;" and JULIA WARD HOWE, "the ubiquitous, with changeful eyes, luminous with emotion;" and Mrs. SARGENT, "around whom," we are assured, "has crystalized the best intellect of Boston," not to speak of Hon. G. W. JULIAN, "the earnest and impassioned," and JOHN I. SARGENT, the ex-reverend, "silenced long ago for thinking too bravely," and "AARON POWELL the indefatigable," with side allusions to REVELS, GERRIT, and even poor "JACK REYNOLDS, the half-imbecile and half-brutish American," who artistically appears on the scene by way of contrast to those other distinguished persons, each of whom is something superb and quite out of the ordinary way. It is only an adroit and facile newspaper correspondent who can successfully grapple with such a throng and dismiss each to the assigned pedestal in his gallery with a single laudatory epithet.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

"MEN AND ACRES" AT WALLACK'S.

Everybody who has not seen "Men and Acres" at Wallack's should hasten to do so, for the season is hurrying on, and the comedy may at any time be withdrawn from the boards. "Men and Acres" is one of the neatest, brightest and most charming of the modern social plays. It is full of wit and clever situations, does not lack an instinctive moral, displays a succession of artistically-drawn characters, and is put on the stage in a manner worthy of Wallack's. We have already spoken of the acting in terms of merited eulogy. Miss HENRIQUES, Miss MESTAYER, Mrs. PHILLIPS, Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. STODDART and Mr. WILLIAMSON all appear in it to advantage, and do full justice to its sterling merits. No one, we repeat, should miss seeing this comedy; for it not only affords a delightful evening's amusement, but inculcates certain politico-social lessons that people who think, or try to think, cannot afford to be without.

THE TAMMANY.

The Tammany now offers a wondrous collection of Negro, Irish, Dutch, acrobatic and terpsichorean specialties, and the rapidity with which the various parts of the entertainment succeed each other is greatly appreciated by the audiences. Mr. FRANK A. GIBBONS is an astonishing athlete, and his feats on the trapeze are remarkable for boldness and finish. The medley of negro minstrelsy, gymnastic feats and ballet which makes up the evening's pleasure at this house may be incongruous, but, like most *olla podrida*, it pleases the taste of the masses and so may be expected to continue attractive and profitable. At present the house is numerously attended and echoes nightly with shouts of uproarious mirth and peals of ecstatic applause.

THE RISLEY TROUPE.

A variety of performances quite attractive in their peculiar way, is now offered at the New-York Circus building by the Risley Troupe, lately at the Tammany. M. AGOUSTE is certainly remarkably clever at sleight of hand. Some of his feats we have never seen surpassed or perhaps equaled. The performing monkeys and dogs are delightful to children, and not unworthy of adult attention. The Spanish ballet lacks nothing of vigor, whatever may be said of its elegance; and, to conclude, the trapeze exploits of Mlle. AZELLA are for a woman truly amazing. We cannot relish seeing one of her sex go through such an exhibition; but it is impossible to withhold acknowledgments of the daring, nerve and grace with which Mlle. AZELLA acquits herself in it.

KELLY & LEON'S.

A spirited little parody on the popular play of "Frou Frou," was produced on Monday evening, by Messrs. KELLY and LEON, at their pretty theatre in Broadway. It is full of fun and extravagance which, happily, never degenerates into vulgarity. LEON's performance of the volatile young lady who passes with unexampled speed through various remarkable experiences was particularly happy, and the piece was well acted throughout. The house has been filled during the week with well-pleased audiences, who have testified their approbation by more than ordinary applause.

AMATEUR ENTERTAINMENT.

We remind the reader that a very agreeable amateur dramatic entertainment occurs at the Union League Club Theatre to-night, for the benefit of the funds of the Sheltering Arms. "Meg's Diversion" and "The Two Buzzards" will be the plays, a host of non-professional but socially-distinguished actors taking part in the performance.

Musical.

OPERA AT THE UNION LEAGUE THEATER.

The opera of "Maria di Rohan" was performed for the second time at the Union League Theater on Tuesday evening last, under the direction of Signor RONCONI, assisted by several ladies and gentlemen amateurs. In his later years WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR published a volume of poems, which he called *Last Fruits from an Old Tree*, and this quaint and touching title often occurs to us while listening to a performance which has received the commendation of gifted pens now idle, and formed a share of the pageant of life for the world's great ones long ago. How far from us seem now the times when the Orleans dynasty was seated in Paris and JULES JANIN wrote his most piquant criticisms, and when CHATEAUBRIAND and LAMARTINE and DE TOCQUEVILLE and the young and fiery VICTOR HUGO could from time to time be seen in the auditorium! Those were the days when the sensational drama called "Un Duel Sous Richelieu" became famous, and DONIZETTI wrote an opera on the subject, and RONCONI showed that a singer, if he were a man of genius, could act a great tragic part without letting his audience feel the trammels of the music. For these historic people were the first fruits, for us the last. The thought of those days quickens the imagination, and adds to the fond regret with which we behold the end of a career of a great artist, feeling the while that we ne'er shall look upon his like again.

Somewhat out of harmony with these reflections, and with the painful interest of the story of the opera of last Tuesday, was the very charming kind of domestic entertainment furnished for the second time this season by the rest of the ladies and gentlemen concerned; when good society tried its hand at tragedy; when the lady patronesses divided attention with the ladies-in-waiting of ANNE of Austria; when the audience made sympathizing visits between the acts to learn how the heroine was getting on, and the chorus in turn flowed back into the parquette to witness the dénouement; and when the victims of RICHELIEU fought out their terrible strife in the face of the picture painted for the Union League to commemorate the historic walls of Sumter. Nothing can be more amusing than seeing an amateur performance, unless it be taking part in one; and, for ourselves, we should be content to sit out many such representations, could we always count on seeing as much grace and intelligence as were imparted on this occasion to the representation of "Maria di Rohan."

KOWALSKI'S CONCERT.

The first grand vocal and instrumental concert of M. HENRI KOWALSKI was given at Steinway Hall, last evening. M. KOWALSKI had already been listened to in this City; and though he will not rank with performers continually before us, and whom it were unnecessary to name—albeit SHAKESPEARE's allusion to comparisons as quite pointless when applied to criticism—he must be regarded as a very gifted and pretty talented artist. But the assurance that M. KOWALSKI is a classical and romantic pianist, is one implying more than the mere look of the words on a programme would indicate. It is equivalent to a declaration that the subject is equally felicitous in all his efforts on the keyboard, and that BACH's fugues and

CHOPIN's reveries are in the same degree open to his understanding, and comprehensible through the medium of his recitations. To fulfill such a promise demands an exceptional temperament and an exceptional skill, entitling the possessor to a high place in art. The bill of yesterday was hardly severe enough to allow of such a demonstration as the sentence quoted above seemed to announce, unless WEBER's Concert-Stueck is accepted as counterbalancing a number of very light compositions. By the evening's proof, a lack of breadth and of marked refinement weakened M. KOWALSKI's claims. His execution is neat, brilliant and vigorous, but the instrument does not sing under his touch, nor does it fling out the chains of notes of which all the separate elements are as equal in duration and volume as though the whole tone were unbroken, nor does it fill the air with the commingled melody and harmony that THALBERG, by compositions and playing, proved the piano could give birth to. M. KOWALSKI's decisive and powerful manipulation of the keys, however, was exceedingly effective in the march movement of the Concert-Stueck, and in his arrangement of the motives of the Rakoczy March. Besides these pieces he rendered a paraphrase on motives from "Faust," which seemed the work of a delicate fancy if not of a most scientific hand, and also PRUDENT's "Danse des Lutins" in the interpretation of which the same fancy did him excellent service. The pianist was much applauded, and so were his associates, Mme. DE LUSSAN, Miss CLARA PERL, Señor SARASATE and Messrs. RANDOLFI and BARTLETT. Mme. DE LUSSAN sang an air from an opera entitled "Jeanne D'Arc," by M. KOWALSKI, and endowed with less individuality than the composer's contributions to the literature of the piano. "O Loving Heart, Trust On," a pleasing song by GOTTSCHALK, was very well sung by Signor RANDOLFI. A full orchestra was in attendance, HERR ANSCHUETZ conducting.

A New Reader.

Mr. WILLIAM MASON EVANS, from whose efforts as a public reader great things are anticipated by his friends, is to make his first appearance in this City on Friday evening next, in the large hall of the Cooper Institute. The programme chosen for the occasion is varied, and includes several excellent opportunities for elocutionary effect. We trust that Mr. EVANS will receive a hearty welcome and a courteous hearing, and that the result of his appearance will be in every way commensurate with his deserts.

NEW MAGAZINES.

The May *Lippincott's* begins with the opening part of Mr. TROLLOPE's new story, "Sir Harry Hotspur, of Humblethwaite," and concludes "The Vicar of Bullhampton." A poem about May is quite pretty, but a trifle too suggestive of TENNYSON. Mr. JUSTIN MCCARTHY, whose popularity with certain classes of thinkers ought in time to be unbounded, has an article, "The Echo of Appomattox," which ought to awaken response in every patriotic heart. We hope, however, this clever magazinist will not fall into the error of laying it on too thick. "Our people must be cracked up," no doubt, but they have lived beyond the time of Mr. Hannibal Chollop, and can stand having it done in a considerably less flagrant way. Mr. TUCKERMAN's paper on NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE is tasteful, feeling and interesting. There are other articles of note, most of them by ladies, and the number is altogether an attractive one. The criticism of FECHTER at the end hardly deserves the commendation merited by the rest. Like many of the magazine articles on this actor, it is written with much confidence and imperfect knowledge....The new *Atlantic* has copy as usual from many well-known pens. Mr. BAYARD TAYLOR continues his "Joseph;" Mr. ALDRICH has a little poem, "Lost Art," and Mr. SHANLY has another of his careful and graphic sketches of minor matters in New-York; "The Channel Islands," by Mrs. E. LYNN LINTON, is a remarkably interesting and accurate account of a part of the world that few know anything about. "My Secretaryship," by Mrs. CHURCH, is amusing—the ladies have really the best of it in the May magazines—and a copy of verses by WILLIAM MORRIS will please his admirers. "The English Governess at the Siamese Court" gives the second installment of her experience, and keeps up the excellent promise of the first. Mr. DE FOREST continues his "Lauson Tragedy," and Mr. BAYARD TAYLOR contributes "A May-Time Pastoral." Mrs. CELIA THAXTER supplies the fourth of her Isle of Shoals series, and George Eliot has a poem—"The Legend of Jubal"—which is full of power and brilliant imagery, and marked, in passages, by striking originality. Mr. TROWBRIDGE has a pleasantly-written paper—"A Week at Duluth"—and, to conclude, there is writing from T. W. PARSONS, HENRY JAMES, T. W. HIGGINSON, W. D. HOWELLS and RICHARD WEST....The May *Hours at Home* is up to its own good standard, and contains two articles that are perhaps above it. One of these is about WILLIAM BLAKE, the poet and artist, and the other instructs people how "to blot." SYDNEY SMITH used to advise that after finishing a composition the writer should go over it and strike out every other word, and added that few knew how much this would do to improve style. The paper referred to has the same object and is smartly put together. Other contributions are of average quality, and the magazine shows as usual the signs of that careful preparation which is so important to a periodical intended to keep its hold in the family circle....*Demorest's Monthly* fully sustains its long-established reputation as a first-class fashion magazine. Its literary contents are unusually good. "Passing Shadows," by Ingoldsby North, which is an extremely well-written and interesting story; Jennie June, who discourses upon the "Ladies of Sorosis," with her accustomed good sense and *verve*, and the pretty ballad, "Sunlight and Rain," the music of which is by J. R. THOMAS and the words by GEORGE COOPER, are among the more noticeable contributions.

OBITUARY.

Oliver S. Leland.

The death at Waltham, Mass., of Mr. OLIVER S. LELAND was briefly announced in the appropriate column of the TIMES a few days since. Mr. LELAND was a graduate of Harvard University, an accomplished scholar and a frequent contributor to the Boston and New-York periodical Press. Several papers from his pen appeared in the *Knickerbocker Magazine*, which attracted much attention, being sketches of the history of prominent French celebrities. He was a capable dramatic critic, and produced two or three plays which won the favor of the public. "The Czarina" was from his pen, and was performed with marked success in New-York, Philadelphia and Boston. He had many friends in literary, dramatic and artistic circles; and his hospitable house in Lexington-avenue was the frequent resort of their most refined and intellectual members. He was a young man of polished manners, of imposing physical presence, and apparently robust health. He was stricken down suddenly with pneumonia at his father's residence in Waltham, at the age of thirty-seven, leaving behind him an aged father and mother and a bereaved widow, eldest daughter of Mr. L. GAYLORD CLARK, so long editor of the *Knickerbocker Magazine*. He had nearly completed a drama, in five acts, which he hoped had successfully tasked his best powers of invention, and felicity of character and language, when he was, as it were in a moment, beckoned silently away.

Personal.

Ex-Gov. BULLOCK, of Massachusetts, who has just returned from a foreign tour, was visited at the Fifth-avenue Hotel yesterday morning by a committee of the Worcester City Council, composed of Alderman BARTON and Councilmen REED and CHASE, who tendered to him a public reception on his return to his residence in Worcester. Gov. BULLOCK accepted the honor, and the reception will take place on Saturday evening next.

Republican Primaries.

The campaign for the Spring election, which will be held in May next under the provisions of the new Constitution and the new charter, was opened last night by the Republicans, who held their primaries and elected delegates to the State Convention to nominate Judges of the Court of Appeals; to a County Convention to nominate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas; and to City conventions to nominate Aldermen and Assistant-Aldermen. In several of the districts delegates were elected by two opposing organizations, both claiming to be regular. The elections were quietly conducted throughout the City, although the vote was very large. In the Seventeenth District several votes from colored citizens were tendered and received.

ALBANY.

The Governor and State Aid—The Tax Levies—Change in the Emigrant Commission—Drawing-Room and Sleeping Cars—The Arcade Railroad—Floundering of the Brooklyn Delegation—Reorganization of the Department of Public Instruction.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 20, 1870.

The action of the Senate, yesterday, in passing all the State aid railroad bills—amounting in the aggregate to about five millions of dollars—has thrown upon the Governor a load of responsibility which, in the present shaky condition of his political fortunes, he would doubtless prefer not to assume. If he signs them all he will lose votes, and if he don't sign them he will lose votes; and if he signs a part and vetoes the rest, he will be in the same predicament. It will require a nice mathematical calculation to figure up the comparative losses and gains resulting to his Excellency from whatever action he may propose to himself; and therefore, a speedy solution of the problem is not looked for. The Governor may conclude to hold them all over until after the adjournment of the Legislature and thus avoid the possibility of their being passed over his veto; for the general opinion is, that he will refuse to sign any of them. If any exceptions are made they will be in favor of the Midland and Adirondack Roads.

THE TAX LEVIES.

The New-York Tax Levies will be taken up in the Senate to-morrow. As the previous question is not in order in that body, they will have to undergo more or less criticism and discussion, which will probably result in some material amendments. Only five Republicans voted for them on their final passage in the Assembly last evening. Mr. FLENAGIN, of Alleghany, who was recorded as voting "yea," rose to a question of privilege this morning, and denied the accuracy of the Clerk's record, and had his vote changed to "no." As money is reported to have been used in securing the passage of the levies, Mr. FLENAGIN wished to be put right on the record.

THE EMIGRANT COMMISSION.

The Committee on Commerce and Navigation, to whom was referred, with power to report complete, the bill introduced last week to abolish the Emigrant Commission and transfer its powers to the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, this morning reported the bill. It has been materially altered by the Committee, and as it stands now does not abolish the Emigrant Commission, but merely changes its personnel. It names for the new Commissioners CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, CYRUS CURTIS, ISAAC BELL, JAMES B. NICHOLSON and EMANUEL B. HART—the first two Republicans and the last three Democrats. Mr. CURTIS is the only one of the old Commissioners retained. Messrs. BELL and NICHOLSON are members of the Board of Charities and Correction. The Presidents of the Irish and German societies, and the Mayors of New-York and Brooklyn are retained as ex-officio members. The bill was ordered to a third reading.

DRAWING-ROOM CARS.

The Railroad Committee of the Senate, who were directed to investigate the subject of drawing-room and sleeping cars on railroads, made their report today, accompanied by a bill authorizing the owners of such cars to contract for running the same over the track of any railroad company in the State, and fixing the prices of seats in the cars as follows: Fifty cents for fifty miles and one cent per mile additional for all distances over fifty miles, provided that in no case shall more than $1 be charged for a single seat between New-York and Albany, $2 between New-York and Rochester, and $1 50 between New-York and Buffalo or Suspension Bridge.

THE ARCADE RAILROAD.

The Arcade Railroad bill came up for a third reading in the Senate to-day, when Mr. CHAPMAN submitted several amendments in writing, the most important of which were that the Company should not perform any work on the road above Wall-street until ten millions of dollars had been subscribed to the capital stock of the Company, and twenty per cent. thereof actually paid in. Mr. TWEED offered as an amendment that the Pneumatic Tunnel bill be substituted for the one under consideration. Lost—yeas 8, nays 20. CREAMER moved to postpone the consideration of the bill till the 10th of May. Lost by the same vote. On motion of Mr. CHAPMAN the bill was then recommitted to the Committee with instructions to insert the amendments proposed by him, and none others, and that the Committee have power to report at any time. It will be reported to-morrow, and will pass beyond a doubt; so that the long-suffering public of New-York have at last a prospect of something being done or at least begun toward affording steam communication between the lower and upper end of the City. Powerful private interests are at work, backed up by plenty of money, to defeat the bill, but it looks now as though it would pass both Houses in spite of all opposition.

THE BROOKLYN WATER COMMISSION.

The Brooklyn delegation have made another change in their bill to reorganize the Water Commission of that city. As first reported it legislated the Commissioners out of office gradually; it was then amended so as to reduce their number and legislate one Republican (BLISS) out and keep the other (NORTHRUP) in. That didn't prove satisfactory, or rather they found they couldn't pass it in that shape, and so they again amended it so as to legislate both Republicans out. Not being able to pass it in this form, Senator MURPHY announced this morning that he had made another amendment legislating NORTHRUP out and keeping BLISS in. The Brooklyn delegation is getting to be the laughing stock of the Legislature.

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

A bill passed the Assembly today to reorganize the Department of Public Instruction, so as to make the State Superintendent of Schools the head of the Department. The term of the Regents of the University is reduced to ten years instead of during life, and they are to report hereafter to the Superintendent instead of to the Legislature. S.

Prospect Park—Sing Sing—The Tax Levy—Possible Adjournment Sine Die on Tuesday.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, April 20.—The Assembly, this evening, passed the bill for the sale of a portion of Prospect Park. The bill authorizing the Governor to appoint Commissioners to negotiate the sale of Sing Sing Prison, and to locate a prison elsewhere, was killed. The tax levies will not be taken up in the Senate before Friday, and perhaps not till next week. The bill will be amended in committee and some of the objectionable items stricken out. It is said that important additions will also be made to the City levy. The talk this evening is to adjourn *sine die* on Tuesday next.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE......ALBANY, Wednesday, April 20.

On motion of Mr. MURPHY, the bill relating to the Water Commissioners of Brooklyn, as amended in Committee of the Whole, so as to legislate out of office one Democrat and one Republican, was ordered to a third reading.

The following bills were passed:

Providing for the introduction of a new system of steam towage on the canals; amending the General Railroad law relative to claims of laborers against contractors; for the appointment of a Court Interpreter in Brooklyn; to open and pave Olive-street, in Brooklyn.

THE ARCADE RAILROAD.

The New-York Arcade Railway bill was announced for a third reading.

Mr. CHAPMAN moved to recommit, with instructions to amend, by fixing the capital stock at $10,000,000 under restrictions of the General Railroad law; also, to amend relative to the election of directors; also, so as to forbid the appropriation of more than 100 feet of cross streets; also, providing for obtaining the consent of owners of a majority of the property according to the assessment roll, to excavate under sidewalks; also, that no ground shall be disturbed below Wall-street until the capital stock is subscribed and twenty per cent. paid in.

Mr. TWEED moved to substitute the Pneumatic Tube Company bill. Lost by a vote of 7 to 21. After taking the question on the various motions, Mr. CHAPMAN's amendments were adopted, and Mr. GENET reported the bill amended.

Mr. CREAMER raised the point of order that the amendment, not having been engrossed, the bill could not now be read a third time.

The President ruled the point of order well taken.

The bill will come upon its final passage to-morrow.

The Senate then adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock.

ASSEMBLY.

All the amendments made by the Senate to the various Assembly bills were concurred in.

Mr. LITTLEJOHN had consent to introduce a bill extending the Mechanics' Lien law to railroad bridges. He stated this was a very important measure, and asked that it might be read a third time and put on its final passage now. Agreed to, and the bill was passed.

VETOES.

The Governor sent in by the hands of his private secretary three vetoes of the following bills:

First—Extending the charter of the Webster Plank-road Company. He considers the act which extends the charter ten years, when it yet has ten years to run, as both unnecessary and novel legislation.

Second—Authorizing the town of Greenwich to issue bonds in aid of the Johnsonville Railroad. He objects that the money is to be raised not to pay the debt of the town, but that of the Railroad Company.

Third—Fixing term of office and the salaries of Supervisors of Albany. He was opposed to the innovation upon the provisions of the general law, which provides for electing Supervisors annually. Each of these vetoes were sustained, and the bills rejected.

THE HIGHLAND SUSPENSION BRIDGE.

The bill changing the name of the Hudson Highland Suspension Bridge Company, and to authorize it to construct a railroad, came up in its passage.

Mr. HUSTED moved a reconsideration, as the bill affected the interests of his constituents. He claimed that the object of this bill was to deprive the original constructors of the bridge of their property.

Mr. LITTLEJOHN denied that that was the object of this bill. This bridge was a great work. It is to be used by the great railroad lines to cross the Hudson, and thus reach New-York City and the East.

Mr. NELSON also pronounced the bill one of the most infamous schemes ever attempted to be imposed upon a Legislature.

The motion to reconsider prevailed, 80 to 23.

Mr. LITTLEJOHN then asked that the bill be laid aside, for he knew these gentlemen were all wrong.

Mr. HUSTED was willing to have it laid aside, and moved to lay the bill on the table. Carried.

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.

Mr. FIELDS moved a reconsideration of the vote passing the Supreme Court bill so as to amend by inserting an amendment providing for the election of a Judge of the New-York Court of Common Pleas in place of Judge BRADY, resigned. The vote was reconsidered and the bill recommitted for the purpose stated. After being amended, the bill was again put on its final passage and passed.

Recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The following bills were passed:

To widen a portion of Fifty-ninth-street, New-York; to relieve lands lying near county lines from erroneous assessments; allowing the City of Rome to issue town bonds; providing that libels shall be tried in counties where published or where the libeled parties reside; the New-York Academy Appropriation bill; incorporating the International Emigrant Aid Society; authorizing the Rondout and Oswego Railroad Committee to increase their fare to four cents per mile while the road is being constructed; extending the time for completing the Rondout and Port Jervis Railroad two years; incorporating the Queens County Savings Bank.

Recess to 7½ o'clock P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

The following bills were passed:

To facilitate the construction of railroads—lost, and a motion to reconsider laid on the table; authorizing the Governor to appoint three Commissioners to select a location for a State Prison, and provide for the removal of Sing Sing Prison—lost, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table; authorizing the improvement and sale of a portion of Prospect Park, Brooklyn; providing that in case a contestant for a seat in the Legislature is not successful, he shall receive no compensation; incorporating the Buffalo East Side Railroad Company; continuing in force for one year the act providing for the construction of a railroad from Long Wharf, Fishkill; appropriating $250,000 to the Hudson River Hospital for the insane; the Brooklyn Fire Department bill; incorporating the Highland and New-Paltz Railroad Company; authorizing the North Side and Flushing Railroad Company to collect five cents additional fare where tickets are not purchased.

CONTESTED SEATS.

Mr. NELSON submitted an unanimous report of the Election Committee in the case of HOWARD C. CADY *vs.* EDWARD D. LAWRENCE, the sitting member for the Second District of Westchester County, in favor of giving the seat to Mr. LAWRENCE. Agreed to. Also in favor of awarding the seat for the Third District to J. DAVIS, the sitting member, the contestant abandoning his case. Agreed to.

Adjourned.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.

Mr. CHANDLER asked unanimous consent to appoint an evening session for this evening for the consideration of business from the Committee on Commerce. Several Senators objected.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. FENTON—To incorporate the Pacific Submarine Telegraph Company and to facilitate telegraphic communication between America and Asia.

By Mr. HARRIS—For the better organization of the United States District Court of Louisiana.

By Mr. GILBERT—Authorizing the mail steam-ship service between the port of Cedar Keys, Fla., and Havana, Cuba.

By Mr. RAMSEY—Authorizing the Southern Minnesota Railroad Company to connect its line with the Northern Pacific Railroad.

By Mr. CASSERLY—To create an additional land district in California.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

The Senate at 1 o'clock took up the Northern Pacific Railway bill. The pending amendment of Mr. HARLAN to strike out the additional land grant allowing the Company to make up its present deficiencies from sections on each side of the road ten miles beyond the present limits, was discussed by Messrs. CORBETT, CASSERLY, WILSON, RAMSEY and HOWARD. During the debate Mr. HOWARD charged that it was proposed to give the Company double the amount of land given to any similar company, notwithstanding it had been very dilatory in building its road and had slept on its rights for six years.

At length the amendment of Mr. HARLAN was rejected—yeas 11, nays 41, by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Buckingham, Casserly, Davis, Harlan, Howell, McCreery, Pratt, Saulsbury, Schurz, A. G. Thurman, Willey—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Ames, Anthony, Brownlow, Chandler, Cole, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Edmunds, Fenton, Ferry, Flanagan, Gilbert, Hamilton of Texas, Hamlin, Harris, Howard, Howe, Kellogg, McDonald, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Norton, Nye, Patterson, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Revels, Rice, Robertson, Ross, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Spencer, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Trumbull, Williams, Wilson—41.

Messrs. WILSON and CASSERLY offered amendments providing for keeping the lands open to settlement by actual settlers, for the issue to the Company of certificates corresponding to the number of acres granted for each section of the road, to be disposed of to persons acquiring title as actual settlers, limiting the quantity to 160 acres for any one person, and the price to $2 50 per acre. These were severally voted down.

An amendment by Mr. HOWELL that the lands not sold or disposed of by the Company within three years after completion of the road, shall be subject to settlement and pre-emption, like other lands, at a price not exceeding $1 75 per acre, to be paid to said Company, was also defeated—yeas 13, nays 34.

Mr. CASSERLY renewed the amendment, extending the time from three to ten years. Rejected—yeas 14, nays 28.

Mr. A. G. THURMAN advocated an amendment making the land grant and other privileges of the Company conditional upon the free transportation forever of Government troops, stores and munitions of war. He said it had been shown that the lands already granted were sufficient to complete the road; that after giving the road as a gift to a private corporation the Government ought not to be asked to expend its money in transporting troops and munitions of war to defend this private property.

Mr. HOWARD read from the Company's charter to show that the rate of charges on the road was always subject to Congressional regulation. He said the other Pacific railroads received the benefit of this provision, and he was unwilling now to make fish of one and flesh of another.

Mr. CAMERON considered the bill a very important one, upon which the Senate was not prepared to act. He thought that many of these applications for aid to railroads were made from selfish considerations entirely, and in many cases by those who cared nothing for the prosperity of the country, so long as they prospered themselves. He moved to adjourn. Not agreed to.

Mr. CASSERLY said there was not the same necessity for this legislation that was supposed to exist during the war; that land and money enough had been voted to build all these great Pacific roads, and that by reason of their disseminating legislation in the interest of railroad and land monopolies, the Republican majority was fast losing the confidence of the country.

During his remarks Mr. CASSERLY was frequently interrupted by unsuccessful efforts for adjournment.

It was finally agreed that the bill should be disposed of to-morrow at 3 o'clock.

The Senate then, at 6 o'clock, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

POST-OFFICE APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. BEAMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Post-office Appropriation bill. Made the special order for Tuesday next.

It appropriates $24,110,093 from Post-office revenues and $725,000 out of the Treasury, including the following principal items: For inland mail transportation, $13,516,893; for transportation of foreign mails, $450,000; for pay of Postmasters, $5,000,000; for pay of clerks in Post-offices, $2,300,000; for pay of letter carriers, [illegible]; for mail bags, [illegible]; for advertising, [illegible], provided that the Washington papers shall not be paid for advertising mail routes except in Virginia and Maryland, $30,000; for miscellaneous payments, including foreign balances, $350,000; for steam-ship service between San Francisco, Japan and China, $500,000; for steam-ship service between the United States and Brazil, $150,000; for steam-ship service between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands, $75,000.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. WILKINSON introduced a bill for the improvement of water communication between the Mississippi River and Lake Michigan by the Wisconsin and Fox Rivers. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. MAYNARD introduced a bill for the better establishment of certain claims. Referred.

Mr. PAINE introduced a bill to reduce the duties on imports. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

It provides that from and after the 30th of June, 1870, that there shall be a reduction of ten per cent. on all duties imposed by law then in force upon goods, wares and merchandise imported from foreign countries into the United States, except spirituous, malt and vinous liquors, and their compounds, and tobacco, snuff and cigars.

Mr. SARGENT offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Coinage to inquire into the expediency of directing the mints of the United States to make and issue a new silver coin of the current value of twenty cents. Adopted.

THE CASE OF MR. SYPHER.

The House then proceeded to vote on the resolution to admit J. H. SYPHER to a seat as a Representative from the First Congressional District of Louisiana. At the close of the roll-call there was a majority of three against the resolution, but one Republican member changed his vote, and three or four others who had not voted voted in the affirmative—among them Mr. FARNSWORTH, who said that he had not examined the report, but that he was willing to follow the recommendation of the Committee.

The Speaker reminded Mr. FARNSWORTH that as a member of the House he must be aware that his remarks were out of order.

Mr. FARNSWORTH—It is not out of order, I suppose, to vote yea.

The SPEAKER—It is out of order to state the reason of a vote.

The vote was then announced—yeas 78, nays 73.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, moved to reconsider the vote, but as he had not voted with the majority, it was ruled out of order for him to make that motion.

Mr. STEVENSON moved to reconsider and lay on the table, but as Mr. BROOKS demanded the yeas and nays, Mr. STEVENSON withdrew the motion.

The Speaker called upon Mr. SYPHER to come forward and take the oath.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, objected to Mr. SYPHER being sworn in, on the ground that he was not a resident of Louisiana but of Pennsylvania.

The SPEAKER—The action of the House precludes all further objection.

Mr. BROOKS—I also object on the ground that a bargain has been made with Mr. SYPHER by the iron interest of Pennsylvania to have his vote on that side.

The SPEAKER—If the gentleman is present in the hall he is entitled to be sworn in.

Mr. COX—I rise to a question of privilege. I hold in my hand a protest that is being signed by members on this side of the House against the admission of Mr. SYPHER, and I ask to have it read.

Mr. STEVENSON—I object. Gentlemen have given their protest and their vote.

The SPEAKER—The adoption of the resolution by the House precludes all further action, except a motion to reconsider.

Mr. COX—I humbly submit that in matters of an extraordinary nature it is the custom in parliamentary bodies to allow a protest to be entered.

Mr. STEVENSON—At the proper time I shall not object.

The SPEAKER—A protest to go on the journal may be entered at any time, a week hence as well as now, if there be no objection; if there be objection it cannot be entered.

Mr. COX—Then I will withdraw it for the present and have it signed.

Mr. JONES, of Kentucky, in order to gain time to have the protest signed, moved that the House adjourn, and called for the yeas and nays. The House refused to adjourn by 45 to 102.

Mr. MOORE, of Illinois, moved to reconsider the vote by which the resolution was adopted.

Mr. STEVENSON moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

The motion to reconsider was not laid on the table—yeas 79, nays 83—and the question recurred on reconsidering the vote. This was decided in the affirmative—yeas 85, nays 79. That brought the original resolution, declaring Mr. SYPHER entitled to the seat, again before the House.

Mr. FITCH offered as a substitute for it a resolution that there was no valid election held in the First Congressional District of Louisiana, on the 3d of November, 1868, and that neither Mr. SYPHER nor Mr. ST. MARTIN is entitled to the seat.

Mr. STEVENSON moved to lay the substitute on the table.

The Speaker stated that that would lay the whole subject on the table.

Mr. STEPHENSON—That is just what I want.

The House refused to lay Mr. FITCH's resolution on the table—yeas 73, nays 94.

Mr. FITCH's substitute was agreed to—yeas 100, nays 69.

The resolution as amended was then adopted—yeas 95, nays 68. So the election in the First Congressional District was declared invalid.

PERSONAL EXPLANATIONS.

An incident which excited a great deal of interest, and caused some excitement among the members, arose here in connection with the Louisiana election case. Mr. KELLEY rose to a personal explanation. He referred to a statement made to him by his colleague (Mr. RANDALL) that he (KELLEY) had been overheard to say he would vote for Mr. SYPHER, in order to get another vote for the tariff, and denied most positively that any such remark had been made by him. The only thing which he had said in that connection was that he had been so engaged on the subject of the tariff that he had not been able to read the report of the Committee on Elections, but that he would follow his usual custom in such cases, and sustain the recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. ROGERS, who had mentioned the matter on the Democratic side, explained how he understood the conversation, which had been carried on near enough for him to overhear. He was willing, however, to accept the denial made by the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. RANDALL mentioned it as a remarkable circumstance, lending color to the statement, that all the Republican members from Pennsylvania, with the exception of Mr. SCOFIELD, had voted to give Mr. SYPHER the seat, and Messrs. ORTH and MOORE, of Illinois, who were the members with whom Mr. KELLEY had been engaged in conversation, confirmed the substance of the conversation as related by Mr. KELLEY.

Mr. MYERS, in the same connection, referred to the inconsistency of Mr. KERR in arguing yesterday that the election was a perfectly legal and valid one, and in voting today that it was not.

Mr. KERR desired to reply to Mr. MYERS, but Mr. STEVENSON objected, declaring emphatically that this shameful proceeding had gone far enough. [Laughter on the Democratic side.]

PETITIONS.

Petitions were presented as follows:

By Mr. HOOD—Of a thousand New-York workingmen in favor of setting aside public lands for actual settlers.

By Mr. SCHENCK—Of ninety-eight clerks and employees of the Sixth Auditor's office, praying that the tax on salaries be continued no longer than that on incomes.

PATENTS AND COPYRIGHTS.

The House then, at 3¼ o'clock, proceeded to the consideration of the business of the morning hour, being the consideration of the bill reported by Mr. JENCKES, to revise, consolidate and amend the statutes relating to patents and copyrights.

Mr. PETERS moved an amendment increasing the salary of the Librarian of Congress from $2,500 to $3,000, and, in advocating it, eulogized the ability of Mr. SPOFFORD, the Librarian.

After discussion, the amendment was agreed to.

Some amendments were offered by Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, and by Mr. CLEVELAND, and at the close of the morning hour the bill went over until to-morrow.

THE SENATE GEORGIA BILL.

The House then went to the business on the Speaker's table, and various Executive communications were referred to appropriate Committees. The Senate substitute for the Georgia bill was taken therefrom, and Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, moved its reference to the Reconstruction Committee.

Substitutes were offered by Messrs. LOGAN, CESSNA and INGERSOLL.

Mr. LOGAN's substitute, as agreed upon between himself and Mr. BINGHAM, was read. It provides that an election shall be held in Georgia in 1870 for members of the General Assembly, as provided for in the Constitution of that State, adopted by its Convention on March 11, 1868, at which persons who, by that Constitution, are electors shall be entitled to vote. The second section declares the State of Georgia entitled to representation in Congress.

The bill and substitute were referred to the Reconstruction Committee.

RESULT OF SYPHER'S REJECTION.

Mr. KERR offered a resolution directing the Speaker of the House to inform the Governor of Louisiana that there is a vacancy in the representation for the First Congressional District of that State; and made some remarks justifying his vote today, that there had been no valid election in that district, and reconciling that vote with his argument yesterday.

Mr. COX also made some remarks in reference to the seeming inconsistency of the vote on the Democratic side of the House, and referred to the protest which he had drawn up, and which had been signed by over fifty members, against the admission of Mr. SYPHER as an outrage on the rights of the electors of that district, and as a usurpation by Congress. He said that Republicans of respectability had come over to the Democratic side and begged the Democratic members to stand by them in that matter, and they (the Democrats) had the pluck, the nerve and the honor to do it. Referring to a remark which the Speaker had made during the voting that he, (Mr. COX,) in a point which he made, was trifling with the House, he said that he would apologise to the Speaker as soon as the Speaker apologised to him. [Laughter.]

Mr. LOGAN suggested that it was utterly impossible for any politicians to make their records consistent. [Laughter.]

After some further discussion Mr. INGERSOLL made a point of order, which the Speaker sustained, that the discussion was not in order.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Mr. TRIMBLE on the Pacific Railroad Committee instead of Mr. VAN TRUMP, and of Mr. VAN TRUMP on the Post-office Committee in place of Mr. TRIMBLE.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, asked leave to introduce his joint resolution to annex the republic of Dominica, [laughter]; but Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, objected.

Pending the disposition of Mr. KERR's resolution, the House, at 5:10 o'clock, adjourned.

Fresh English Periodicals.

BRENTANO, who has now removed to his new store, on the Broadway side of Union-square, (No. 33,) has already received the literary treasures brought by the *Russia*—among them the *Graphic*, *Illustrated London News*, *Nature*, the *Academy*, *Punch* and the *Saturday Review*. The new store will doubtless become even more famous than the old, and it will certainly be more convenient to the public. The premises are spacious—the rent enormous. But BRENTANO has never been deficient in enterprise, and there can be no doubt that his present venture will be attended with an ample reward.

American Pictures.

At the picture gallery, No. 845 Broadway, there is now a free exhibition of American pictures, which are offered for examination previous to being disposed of by auction. Among these, and especially worthy of attention, are a number of beautiful fruit and flower pieces by W. M. BROWN. These pictures are all of recent production, and are now for the first time offered to the public. Specimens from some of our most popular artists, including HUNTINGTON, WM. HART, BISPHAM, MRS. BEERS and WYANT are also in the collection which, as a whole, is remarkably attractive, and offers great inducements to purchasers who desire to obtain small gems for their parlors and libraries.

The New Petroleum Fuel Process.

From the Washington Chronicle, April 19.

The President, accompanied by Secretary ROBESON, visited Georgetown yesterday afternoon, and examined the new petroleum fuel process of WHIPPLE & DICKERSON, for some months past in practical operation at DUVAL's foundry. Mr. WHIPPLE explained the process, the machinery, and the application of the fuel to the distinguished visitors, who apparently took a deep interest in the matter. The President seemed impressed with the labor-saving character of the invention in dispensing with firemen, coal-heaving, and other appurtenances in the use of coal. Taking up the process from the point at which the generating steam leaves the boiler, it was quickly followed through to the consumption of the hydrocarbon vapor in the fire-box under the boiler. The visitors were greatly surprised to learn that this was neither an exhibition nor an experiment, but that the entire motive power of the foundry and machine-shop was regularly furnished by this new and admirable fuel. The fine exhibition of the force and perfectness of the combustion achieved in the fire-proof room in which the generating cylinder stands was looked upon with both wonder and admiration. The practical ideas of the President suggested numerous inquiries as to the adaptability of the fuel to other practical uses, it seeming to him that the intense heat produced must be adapted especially to the smelting of ores. The thought that he is bestowing upon our industrial concerns was further illustrated by his remarks that should this new source of fuel-supply prove adapted to practical uses, such as the manufacture of iron and other primary industries, the question of foreign competition would be divested of its greatest difficulty. The application of this invention to steamers was discussed, and the great apparent gain in the saving of space and weight of fuel was conceded to be a very important consideration. On Saturday last another distinguished party inspected this invention, among whom were Gen. BELKNAP, Secretary of War; Gen. HORACE PORTER, private Secretary to the President; Senator ANTHONY, Hon. CALVIN W. GILFILLAN, of Pennsylvania; Maj. BEN. PERLEY POORE, GEORGE K. CLARK, Esq., and others. The same impression, that success was apparently achieved at last, was produced as on previous occasions.

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NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES will be published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

Among other features of interest are presented the following:

Foreign Intelligence.

A Tornado in Lisbon; Serious Illness of Bismarck; The Greek Bandits; The Fenian and Red River Troubles in Canada—Warlike Preparations; The Ministerial Changes in France; The Plebiscitum and the Opposition; Prussian Disarmament; The Coming Yacht-Race in the English Channel; A French Cause Celebre.

Political Affairs.

Summary of Proceedings of Congress and the State Legislatures; The New Constitution in Tennessee; Coming Elections; Important Circular from the German Republicans; The Recent New-Jersey Elections.

General Topics.

The Bible Election in Cincinnati; Moral Results of Negro Suffrage; The Argentine Republic; Immense Destruction of Coal Oil; Anti-Juarez Rumors; The Kuklux in Alabama and North Carolina; Murder of County Solicitor in Alabama; Indian Raid on the Union Pacific Railroad—Causes that Led to the Act; Touching Letter from an Indian Girl to Commissioner Parker; A Tow-boat Blown Up; Spurious Louisiana State Warrants; Bursting of the St. Anthony Tunnel; The Defalcations in St. Louis; Extraordinary Freak of a Lunatic.

Agricultural.

The Horse Market; The California Fruit Trade and Crop Prospects; Potatoes from Seed; Raising Sheep; The Present Want of Skilled Agricultural Help; How the Produce Brokers' Tax will Affect Gardeners and Farmers; The Strawberry and Peach Crop; Full Report of the Proceedings of the New-York Farmers' Club.

The Markets.

Specially-prepared Summaries of Financial, Commercial, Live Stock and Produce Movements.

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MARRIED.

BISHOP—BEDSON.—On Wednesday, April 20, by Rev. George S. Chambers, ALEXANDER BISHOP, of Chicago, to Mrs. SUSAN A. BEDSON, of New-York.

CLARK—HUNT.—At Trinity Church, New-Rochelle, on Wednesday, April 20, by Rev. Edward Anthon, HENRY W. CLARK to FANNY E., daughter of the late Montgomery Hunt, U. S. N.

EARLE—TILFORD.—On Tuesday, April 19, at the Church of the Incarnation, by Rev. Dr. W. F. Morgan, assisted by Rev. Dr. H. E. Montgomery, J. HOBART EARLE to MARY, daughter of J. B. Tilford, all of this City.

JACKSON—OLCOTT.—At the residence of A. Raymond, Esq., on Wednesday, April 20, by Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, Bishop of Long Island, EBENEZER JACKSON to MATILDA H. OLCOTT.

KINSLEY—KELLOGG.—On Wednesday, April 20, by Rev. Dr. Morgan, Mr. EDGAR L. KINSLEY, of Cambridgeport, Mass., to Miss LOUISE W. KELLOGG, of this City.

MULLIGAN—PARK.—On Wednesday, April 20, by Rev. James O. Murray, Mr. WILLIAM MULLIGAN, of Astoria, to Mrs. CAROLINE E. PARK, of this City.

PELL—HYATT.—On Wednesday, April 20, at the Church of the Transfiguration, by Rev. Reuben W. Howes, Jr., and Rev. George H. Houghton, D. D., JOHN HOWLAND PELL to CAROLINE E., daughter of Mr. Stephen Hyatt, of New-York City.

SMITH—LOCKWOOD.—At Tarrytown, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 20, by Rev. J. Selden Spencer, THEODORE E. SMITH, of New-York, to LOUISE, daughter of Gen. Munson O. Lockwood, of Sing Sing. No cards.

DIED.

COMBS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 19, JENNIE COMBS, grand-daughter of Mrs. E. R. Combs, and niece of Mrs. A. M. Rogers, No. 63 St. Felix-st., aged 14 years.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at Hanson-place Methodist Episcopal Church, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

CANFIELD.—On Wednesday morning, April 20, MORGIANA, youngest daughter of Alvah T. and Morgiana Haycock Canfield, aged 7 years, 2 months and 1 day.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from St. Timothy's (Dr. Geer's) Church, 56th and 57th sts., west of the 8th-av., on Thursday, the 21st inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

CHRIST.—At Paris, France, on Wednesday morning, April 20, of paralysis, GIOVANNINA DELMONICO CHRIST, niece of Lorenzo Delmonico, and sister of Charles Delmonico.

CONKLIN.—On Tuesday, April 19, JOHN CONKLIN, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the Lee-avenue Reformed Church, Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, the 21st inst., at 2 P. M.

DESTOUET.—In Philadelphia, on Saturday, April 16, MARY MORGAN, widow of the late S. Destouet, Esq.

ENDALL.—In Brooklyn, on Monday evening, April 18, WM. ENDALL, in the 46th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at All Saint's Episcopal Church, 7th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on Thursday, April 21, at 3½ P. M.

FREEMAN.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 20, ELIZABETH J. S. FREEMAN, aged 77 years, widow of the late Hon. Russel Freeman, of Sandwich, Mass.

Her remains will be taken to Massachusetts.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

GARDNER.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, April 18, ALVAH GARDNER, in the 65th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Thursday, 21st inst., at 1½ P. M., and from the First Baptist Church at 2 P. M.

HONE.—On Monday, April 18, after a lingering illness, PHILIP HONE, youngest son of the late Philip Hone.

The funeral service will take place at the Church of the Transfiguration, East 29th-st., at 9½ o'clock, on Thursday morning. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further invitation.

HOWE.—At her residence at New-Brighton, on Wednesday morning, April 20, ELIZA, wife of Benj. F. Howe, in the 68th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LIVINGSTON.—Suddenly, April 19, 1870, at No. 2 West 13th-st., ANNESLEY, son of the late Morgan L. Livingston.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Friday morning, at 9 o'clock, at Calvary Church, corner of 4th-av. and 21st-st.

MCCHAIN.—At his residence, No. 226 East 13th-st., on Tuesday, April 19, JOHN MCCHAIN, in the 77th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, the 21st inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from Fourteenth-street Presbyterian Church, corner 14th-st. and 2d-av. The relatives and friends of the family are cordially invited to attend.

MACDONALD.—At the Manse, Kilmany, Islay Argyleshire, Scotland, on Monday, Jan. 17, after a short illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, Rev. DONALD MACDONALD, LL.D., Minister of the parish, in the 78th year of his age and forty-second of his ministry.

MORSE.—Suddenly, on Tuesday evening, April 19, in this City, of apoplexy, Hon. OLIVER A. MORSE.

His remains will be taken, for interment, to his late residence, Cherry Valley, Otsego County.

PALMER.—At Nice, France, on Thursday, March 31, RICHARD SUYDAM PALMER, in the 36th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his father, Mr. Courtlandt Palmer, No. 271 Madison-av., on Saturday, April 23, at 10 o'clock A. M. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

PLATT.—On Tuesday, April 19, MARGARET, widow of Thomas Platt, in the 82d year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 123d-st., fifth house east of 1st-av., on Friday, the 22d inst., at 9½ o'clock A. M. The remains will be taken to Staten Island by the 1 o'clock train.

RANKIN.—On Wednesday, April 20, GEORGE F. RANKIN, aged 41 years.

Funeral at the residence of his brother-in-law, Gen. Wm. S. Hillyer, 120th-st. and Harlem River, on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

RANDOLPH.—In Bloomfield, N. J., on Wednesday, April 20, JOHN VAN LIEW, infant son of Jacob and M. Louisa F. Randolph.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral at the residence of his parents, on Friday, 22d inst., at 1 P. M.

SMITH.—On Tuesday, April 19, of scarlet fever, EDITH ISABEL, youngest child of Harriet Shelton and N. Denton Smith, aged 3 years, 6 months and 3 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 36 West 26th-st., on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock.

WARDEN.—At Pau, (in the South of France,) on Tuesday, April 5, FRANK L. WARDEN, son of Francis Warden, of Paris, aged 36 years.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS for Europe during the week ending SATURDAY, April 23, will close at this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 M., and at all the Stations as follows, viz.: A and B, 11¼; C and O, 11¼; D and E, 11¼; F and G, 10¾.

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EDITED BY EDWARD E. HALE.
MAY.
CONTENTS.

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LOOKING BACK ACROSS THE WAR-GULF. ROBERT DALE OWEN.
CRIMEAN CAPTIVES. N. NOYES.
NOW; A TRUE STORY.
A BLAMELESS LIFE.
NO MORE SEA. J. W. CHADWICK.
CHRIST THE LIFE. C. C. EVERETT.
NATURE IN ART.
SHE WRITES (Chapters V. and VI.)
CATHOLICISM AND PROTESTANTISM. J. B. TORRICELLI.
RIDING DOWN. NORA PERRY.
ILI-ILI-OPÆ. WM. T. BRIGHAM.
THE MORMON PROBLEM. CHALES T. BRIGHAM.
THE TARTAR LEGENDS. J. P. LESLEY.
THE ORGANIST. F. TOWNSEND.
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

CLOSE OF THE FORTIETH VOLUME.

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE
FOR MAY, 1870.
CONTENTS:

OUR BARBARIAN BRETHREN.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—The North American Indian—An Indian Petition—Method of Carrying Babies—Floridian Women Asking for Help—Atatarho—One Method of Using the Mortar and Pestle—Wampum Belt and Strings—Indian Pipe-bowl of Clay—A Virginia Magician or Medicine Man—Moccasins—Head-dress—Totemic Signatures—War-clubs—Tobacco-pouch—Arrow-heads, full Size—Quiver—Ensign—Necklace of Bears' Claws—Indian Symbols—A Scalp—Shield—Method of Kindling Fire—Floridian Widows Scattering Their Hair Over Their Husbands' Graves—Southwestern Indians.
A SONG.
ALBERT DURER.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—Albert Durer—Rauch's Statue of Durer—Durer's House—View from Durer's House—Durer's Tomb.
THE SPOTS IN THE SUN.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—Smoking the Glass—Helioscope—General Appearance of the Spots—The Planet Mercury—Solar Spots—Appearances Indicating Cavities—The Mottled Surface; The Willow Leaves; The Luminous Bridges—Granulations—Spot as Seen Oct. 13, 1865—Spot as Seen Oct. 14, 1865—Spot as Seen Oct. 15, 1865—Eclipse of 1860; Beginning of Totality—Eclipse of 1860; End of Totality—Eclipse of 1868 as observed in East Indies.
IN A COUNTRY STORE.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—The Country Store—Aunt Eunice—The Stranded Drummer-boy—Horace Risley—The Darwinist—The Wayfarer—The Butt of the Boys—The Welcome Visitor—"Oh, Dear What was it!"
FREDERICK THE GREAT.—VI. DIPLOMATIC INTRIGUES AND MILITARY ADVENTURES.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—The Death Scene of the Emperor—Map of Silesia—The March Into Silesia—Attack Upon Neisse.
HANDSOME JOHN GATSIMER.
THE CHURCH OF JERUSALEM.
A HOUSE TO LET.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS FOR WOMEN.
A BREACH OF PROMISE.
CUBA AND THE OSTEND MANIFESTO.
A WORD FOR GRANDFATHERS.
"FAIS TON FAICT."
"ONLY A WOMAN'S HAIR."
SECULAR AND SECTARIAN SCHOOLS.
OLD ENGLISH LAWYERS.
ANTEROS. (Omitted from this number, the author having failed to furnish copy in time for publication.)
EDITOR'S EASY CHAIR.
EDITOR'S LITERARY RECORD.
EDITOR'S SCIENTIFIC RECORD.
EDITOR'S HISTORICAL RECORD.
EDITOR'S DRAWER.

The May Number concludes the Fortieth Volume of HARPER'S MAGAZINE. The Magazine contains from fifty to one hundred per cent. more matter, and is more profusely illustrated, than any other monthly periodical in America or England. The unparalleled success of the Magazine is due to the popular character and variety of its contents; to the enterprise of the Publishers in securing for its pages, at any cost, the best literary contributions of English and American authors; to its richly-illustrated articles of Travel and Exploration; to its carefully-prepared papers on Scientific and Historic subjects, and upon the Mechanical Improvements of the age; and to the variety and interest of its several Editorial Departments. For the Editor's Scientific Record, the co-operation of members of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington has been secured.

In the January Number was commenced the publication, from the author's manuscript, of "Anteros," a serial story, by the Author of "Guy Livingstone."

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The ALBION, with any other weekly paper, or with any monthly magazine published in the United States—the subscription price of which is not more than $4 per annum—$7 in advance.

AN ADVERTISEMENT IN THE NEW-YORK ALBION GOES INTO THE HANDS OF TENS OF THOUSANDS OF READERS.

ANNUAL CLUB RATES, to separate addresses, with a copy of any one of the following splendid steel engravings with each copy of the paper:

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For sale by all news-dealers. Price ten cents.

"HOW TO CHOOSE A HUSBAND, BY the Color of His Eyes." Mrs. GEO. WASHINGTON WYLLYS gives her valuable experience in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 30 cents.

HOW TO WAKE UP A LAZY BOY.—History of a Young Clerk in a Boston store. How he began life; a lesson for boys, in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 30 cents. $3 a year.

EMINENT ENGRAVERS.—BIOGRAPHICAL Notes of John Boydell, Francis Vivares, Charles Grignion, William Byrne, the Landseers, in May No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL AND PACKARD'S MONTHLY. 30 cents.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange, yesterday, as is usually the case on Wednesday, the attendance was not large. Several lots of property were disposed of, however, at average prices.

A. J. BLEEKER SONS & CO. sold the house and lot No. 157 Hudson-street, between Hubert and Laight streets, for $24,750, cash. The lot is 25x109, lying directly opposite the new Hudson River Railway depot, and was considered very cheap at the price. The same firm sold a two-story frame house and lot in Walworth-street, Brooklyn, for $4,000.

D. M. SEAMAN, under a foreclosure sale, disposed of four lots in Fifty-eighth-street, west of Third-avenue, for $18,500. Each lot was 25x100.5, and they were sold in one plot.

LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY sold a country-seat at Jamaica, L. I., for $11,500. The farm contains fifteen acres of land, well cultivated, with good buildings thereon, and was formerly the residence of Judge GALE, of this City.

JAMES M. MILLER sold the undivided interest of a Mrs. ROBERTS in the property located on the south-east corner of Union-square and Seventeenth-street, known as the Westmoreland Hotel. The attorney conducting this sale said that the interest might be very valuable or worth nothing, and with this speculative understanding it was struck off for $100.

The country-seat and farm located in Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, containing 258 acres of land belonging to C. S. WAINWRIGHT, and advertised to be sold yesterday by E. H. LUDLOW & Co., was not disposed of as no one present seemed inclined to start it at such a figure as it was intrinsically worth.

To-day, considerable property is offered, some of which is extremely desirable. The sale of the Throgg's Neck property, which was advertised for Tuesday, by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co., was postponed on account of the storm and will take place to-morrow.

WM. H. RAYNOR has sold one lot on north side of Sixty-seventh-street, 200 feet east of Fifth-avenue, full in size, for $12,000. This lot was sold about two weeks ago for $11,500. Also, two lots south side of One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street, 125 feet west of Sixth-avenue, for $5,000.

Summary of Yesterday's Sales.

NEW-YORK.	
By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.	
House and lot No. 157 Hudson-st., w. s., 76 ft. n. of Hubert-st., lot 25x109	$24,750
By D. M. Seaman.	
4 lots on 58th-st., s. s., 195 ft. w. of 3d-av., 100x100.5	$18,500
By James M. Miller.	
Interest in house and lot s. e. corner of Union-square and 17th-st., lot 50x120	$100
BROOKLYN.	
By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.	
2-story frame house and lot No. 16 Walworth-st., w. s., near De Kalb-av., lot 20x100	$4,000
JAMAICA, L. I.	
By Lawrence, Oakley & Fleury.	
Country-seat and farm, 15 acres, late Judge Gale's residence	$11,500

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.	
Essex-st., e. s., 144.6 ft. s. of Hester-st., 18.9x100	$23,500
Forsyth-st., No. 50, 25x100	30,000
Willet-st., w. s., 125 ft. n. of Rivington, 25x100	10,000
13th-st., No. 248, West, 18.10x103.3	11,250
29th-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of 6th-av., 25x98.9	38,300
27th-st., s. s., 322.6 ft. e. of 9th-av., 16.6x98.9	13,601
28th-st., n. s., 375 e. of 9th-av., 25x98.9	28,000
42d-st., No. 316, 25x98.6	10,100
46th-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of 11th-av., 50x100.5	7,000
54th-st., s. s., 250 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x100.5	5,250
56th-st., s. s., 325 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x100.5	56,000
56th-st., s. s., 350 ft. w. of 9th-av., 25x132.2	3,500
56th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 9th-av., 75x78.7	6,975
86th-st., n. s., 450 ft. e. of 4th-av., 100x100	nom.
124th-st., n. s., 118.9 ft. e. of 2d-av., 18.9x100.11	13,500
135th-st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x99.11	4,000
Lexington-av., e. s., 22.4 ft. n. of 43d-st., 19x90	25,000
3d-av., e. s., ½ block s. of 113th-st., 25x100	26,500
4th-av., e. s. old line, ½ block s. of 85th-st., 5x75	7,200
Leases Recorded.	
Avenue A, No. 234, 5 years, per year	$690
Delancey-st., No. 103, 5 years, per year	504
Murray-st., No. 83, 1 year, per year	2,000
17th-st., No. 329, West, 4 years, per year	600
8th-av., No. 459, 8 years, per year	800
KINGS COUNTY.	
Brooklyn.	
Baltic-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x100	$1,500
Flatbush-place road, e. s., adjoining Schoonmaker's, 236.1x125.7x230.9x105	11,750
Grand-st. and 1st-st., s. w. corner, 37x100x33.2x100	25,000
Green-st., s. s., 140 ft. e. of Oakland-st., 50x100	1,300
Hopkins-st., n. s., 350 ft. w. of Throop-av., 25x100	1,900
Henry-st., No. 159, old No. 207, 22.1x92.6	13,000
Jackson-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Smith-st., 25x100	800
Jackson-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of Smith-st., 25x100	
Java-st., n. s., 145 ft. w. of Franklin-st., 25x100	500
North 8th and 2d sts., westerly corner, 21x55	4,250
North 2d-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Smith-st., 25x100	1,250
Pulaski-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Yates-av., 75x100	100
Penn-st., s. s., 162 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 60.6x100	3,600
Smith-st., e. s., 75 ft. n. of Jackson-st., 25x100	900
Smith-st. and Stagg-st., n. w. corner, 50x100	17,000
Skillman-st., w. s., 121.4 ft. n. of Lafayette-av., 18.2x100	5,728
Van Buren-st., n. s., 312.6 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 18.9x100	7,000
Baltic-av., n. s., 52.5 ft. w. of Adams-st., 25x100	200
Clinton-av., w. s., 44 ft. n. of Lafayette-av., 21x110	28,000
Clermont-av., w. s., 246 ft. s. of Lafayette-av., 23.7x100	12,000
Central and Evergreen avs., and Cornelia and Johnson sts., the block	10,000
Central and Evergreen avs., and Cornelia and Jacob sts, 22 lots	
Central and Johnson avs., and Cornelia and Jacob sts., 32 lots, and 14 parts of lots	
Central and Johnson avs., and Cornelia and Jacob sts. 27 lots and 18 parts of lots	
Knickerbocker-av. and Cornelia and Jacob sts., 18 lots	
De Kalb-av., n. s., 150 ft. e. of Yates-av., 75x100	3,000
Hale av., w. s., 400 ft. n. of Ridgewood-av., 12.4x47.6x80x50x100	600
Nostrand-av., e. s., 40 ft. s. of Kosciusko-st., 20x80	1,160
Suydam-st., s. s., 425 ft. w. of Willow-st., 23.9x111.9	1,000
Throop-av. and Macon-st., s. e. corner, 200x425	10,000
Utica-av., w. s., 99.1 ft. n. of Atlantic-av., 50x100	350
Van Cott-av., n. s., 74 ft. w. of Lorimer-st., 75x—	900
Virginia-av., s. s., 75 ft. w. of Georgia-av., 25x100	2,000
Washington-av., w. s., 100 ft. s. of Willoughby-av., 100x200	45,000
DeKalb-av. and Houston-st., n. w. cor., 200x98	
4th-av., w. s., 150 ft. s. of Warren-st., 16.8x80,10	5,000
QUEENS COUNTY.	
Astoria.	
Flushing-av., n. s., adjoining Hopper's, 52x206	$2,050
College Point.	
Franklin-st., e. s., 150 ft. s. of Washington-av., 100x100	$1,000
North Hempstead.	
Manhasset Neck, adjoining Henbett's Mill road, 1½ acres, Mott's	$2,000
Newtown.	
Lot No. 6, Broad-st., on map Melvina, 25x100	$190
WESTCHESTER COUNTY.	
Morrisania.	
142d-st., n. s., 481 ft. e. of Alexander-av., 25x100	$800
143d-st., s. s., 456 ft. e. of Alexander-av., 50x156	3,500
Willis-av., w. s., 75 ft. s. of 143d-st., 25x106	1,050
134th-st., n. s., 106 ft. w. of Willis-av., 100x100	6,000
Uncas-st., n. e. s., 80 ft. n. w. of Fenton-av., 25x100	357
Uncas-st., n. e. s., 55 ft. n. w. of Fenton-av., 25x100	338
1st-av., n. w. s., lots Nos. 84 and 85, map of Wilton & Co., 50x100, half interest	4,500
Pelham.	
Old Boston Turnpike Road, McClellan's property, 51 acres	$9,150
Westchester.	
6th-av., n. s., lot No. 829, Wakefield, 100x114	$450
5th-st., s. s., lot No. 78, map of Union Point, 100x216	750
White Plains.	
Railroad-av., n. s., adjoining Ed. Scheimer's, 50x126	$5,500
Greenburgh.	
Tarrytown to Westchester County Poor-house road, s. w. s., adjoining C. Higgin's, 5 acres	$800
Railroad-av., w. s., adjoining Thos. C. Prudy's, 25x77	600
Yonkers.	
Herriot-st. and Hawthorne-av., n. e. corner, 50x90	$5,100
Elm-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Nepperham-av., 50x109	1,000
NEW-JERSEY.	
Jersey City.	
Mercer-st., s. s., 108 ft. w. of Varick-st., 25x100	$8,200
Hudson City.	
North-st., Magnolia-av., near Summit-av., L. A. Sargent's lot, 37x100	$9,000
St. Paul's-av., n. s., lot No. 129, Wright's maps	300
Harrison.	
Jersey-st., n. s., lots Nos. 35 and 36, block No. 2, Kingsland manor	$290
West Hoboken.	
Hoboken-st., lots Nos. 27 and 28, block No. 7, w. of West Hoboken, 50x100	$3,200
Newark.	
East side of North 8th-st., 300 ft. s. from Sussex-av., 53x159	$1,200
East Orange.	
East side of Groses-st., 275 ft. n. from William-st., 729x243	$2,500
Orange.	
West side of Brook-alley, 38 ft. s. from Center-alley, 112.6x18.5	$4,600

CITY REAL ESTATE.

VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
NO. 182 GRAND-ST.
Special attention given to the care and management of estates. Houses, stores and offices rented.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone house No. 325 West 51st-st.; black-walnut stairs, hard wood finish, all modern improvements; will be sold at a bargain compared with any other house on the block. Apply to JAMES McKINLY, No. 317 West 55th-st., or WM. PHAIR, No. 541 3d-av.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE 5TH-AV., THE four-story brown-stone high-stoop house (25 by 55, with bay windows) No. 9 West 52d-st.; this house is one of the best built and best located in the City. Inquire of I. P. HAYS, No. 72 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION, APRIL 27—Four-story brown-stone house and lot, 25x60x120, with all modern improvements, No. 214 West 14th-st. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

$22.500.—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-stoop stone-front house, 12¼x70x100, in perfect order, on Murray Hill; location unexceptionable. Address OWNER, Box 141 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS brown-stone-front houses, Nos. 32 and 34 West 51st-st., 21x56. Inquire on premises or of JAMES BLACKHURST, No. 225 West 46th-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A HOUSE AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

MUCH CHEAPER THAN TO RENT,

AND MOSTLY PAID FOR IN WHAT

WOULD OTHERWISE BE LOST IN RENT.

Two elegant and most commodious Houses, with all city conveniences, and more too—with pleasant grounds—in a high and very healthful locality—with excellent neighbors all around—near Depots from which NINETEEN TRAINS a DAY will run EACH WAY after May 1, between 5½ A. M. and midnight, thus bringing the occupants as near to all places of evening amusement, and nearer to the business part of the City, than is any place in New-York City above 50th-st.—and by a much superior mode of conveyance. These houses were erected by a gentleman of leisure and building experience, adjacent to his own residence, and under his own eye, and with great economy in the wholesale cash purchase of all materials. They really cost less than GOLD RATES. To desirable families they will be sold at cost, with a very low estimate for the land, and on terms of payment that will make it CHEAPER for any one to BUY than to PAY RENT. Only 10 to 25 per cent. cash will be needed for the first payment, and the balance in installments about equivalent to the rent of such houses. PRICES: One, $6,500; one, $9,885; and one $17,500. For further particulars, get descriptive sheet at *American Agriculturist* Office, No. 245 Broadway. Also go and SEE the houses; they are worth looking at.

RUTHERFURD PARK,
N. J. The most beautiful, healthy and accessible suburb of New-York.
SUPERIOR BUILDING SITES
and four handsome cottages, ready May 1,
For Sale on Rutherfurd Heights,
100 feet above tide water, overlooking the Passaic River and valley, and equidistant from the Delaware and Lackawanna and Erie Railroads. Luxurious accommodations at all hours in 40 minutes,
AT LESS THAN OMNIBUS FARE.
H. A. BAKER, Civil Engineer at Rutherfurd Park, or GEO. E. WOODWARD, 191 Broadway, New-York.

A BARGAIN.—A NEAT TWO-STORY RESIDENCE, with extension, very pleasantly located in Bloomfield, N. J., twelve miles from the City, near the depot, and convenient to churches, schools, &c.; $7,500; furniture if desired. Apply to W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

CHARMING VIEWS,
DELIGHTFUL RIDES,
PLEASANT HOMES,
MAY BE HAD AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.,
21 miles (1 hour and 10 minutes) on the Erie Railroad. Most of its building sites have southern and eastern exposures.
The air is dry, roads are good, and the views beautiful and extensive.
Churches, schools, stores and markets conveniently located.
ANNUAL COMMUTATION, $71.
Trains at 8¼ and 10 A. M.; 3½, 5, 6, 8 and 11 P. M.
Visitors will be met at all trains. Excursion tickets, 95 cents. For particulars, application may be made to WM. BOCKEE, No. 137 Broadway, New-York, or, H. WESTBROOK, Ridgewood, N. J.

J. L. DUMONT,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,
LAKE-AV.,
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—The country-seat of the late E. Boonen Graves, consisting of about fifty acres, about 1¼ miles from the depot. There are on the premises a very large and costly mansion, containing more than twenty rooms, with all modern improvements; farm-house and two small tenements, barns, hot and cold grapery, greenhouse, filled with plants; stone ice-house, filled; all necessary out-buildings. Buildings and grounds in good order; location high, with fine water and inland views. In addition to former approach to the premises, a road passing under a railroad bridge has been made during the past year, thereby avoiding the necessity of crossing the railroad track.
For further particulars apply to R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st., or J. W. HARTLEY, No. 112 Wall-st., in the City of New-York.

FOR SALE AT GENEVA, ON SENECA LAKE—An elegant brick house, designed by one of the best architects, and built in the most substantial and thorough manner. The interior wood work is of native woods, finished in oil. The house is supplied with water and gas, and warmed by steam, and furnished with all modern improvements, to an extent seldom found away from our larger cities. With the house are twenty acres of land, well planted with fruit and ornamental trees, and tastefully laid out. The views from the place of the lake and surrounding country are very beautiful. For further particulars inquire of E. H. HURD, Esq., Geneva, or of the PRESIDENT OF THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, New-York.

ELEGANT COUNTRY-SEAT FOR SALE.—A rare opportunity for a gentleman of taste and means to secure one of the most desirable places on the Hudson, at Fishkill, is now presented, and is offered below its value, in consequence of ill-health of the owner; it is complete in all its appointments; nine acres, well fruited; house, 40x65, commodious out-buildings, with glass grapery; scenery and neighborhood unsurpassed. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A modern-built house, two and a half story, 40x30 and extension, stable, carriage-house, farmer's lodge, barns and out-buildings; ¾ of a mile from depot, schools, churches, &c.; fine apple orchard, pears, cherries, grapes and all kinds of small fruits; house has all the modern improvements and is in complete order; sixty-five acres of land suitable for all agricultural purposes and situated within the town limits; price, $32,000, on very easy terms. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ENGLEWOOD.—A VERY ATTRACTIVE residence for sale at very much less than value, situated within five minutes' walk of the station, in the vicinity of fine improvements, and on an elevation commanding extensive views of the valley; the dwelling is modern in appearance, and contains thirteen rooms, mantels, range, furnace, &c.; grounds comprise two acres, situated on a corner, very nicely laid out and improved; coach-house and stable.
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—NEAR CORNWALL LANDING, a fine residence of 3½ acres of improved land, situated ten minutes' walk from Vail's Gate Station and Post-office, and 1½ hours from New-York. The house has 18 rooms, and the grounds have every advantage of fine scenery, choice fruit and ornamental trees, with an abundant supply of water. If not sold by the 20th of May, will be rented with the privilege of buying. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A FINE handsomely-finished first-class country-seat at Catskill, on the Hudson; barn and out-buildings; grounds well stocked with fruit; splendid running spring; superb river and mountain view; price $14,500; terms easy. Inquire of R. H. KING, Catskill, N. Y.

ORANGE, N. J.—HANDSOME FRENCH-roofed residence, stables, ample grounds, on ridge, commanding elegant views, near Montrose Station; every convenience, gas, water, neighborhood restricted; terms easy. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner of Pine, Orange real estate agents.

FOR RENT—IN LLEWELLYN PARK, ORange, N. J., adjoining Ramble, cottage residence, eleven rooms, modern conveniences; stable; delightful location; price low; will sell reasonably, if desired. Apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner Pine-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country-seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—AT STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., A first-class dwelling on the main street, with one acre of land, well shaded and fruited; accessible to New-York twice a day; price, $6,000. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT YONKERS.—IF YOU WANT A FURnished or unfurnished house or to purchase property at Yonkers, call on or address J. YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, A THOROUGHLY-furnished cottage containing thirteen rooms, stable and ice-house attached, at Lenox, Mass. Applications, with name and reference, to Box 4, No. 17 West 38th-st.

TO RENT—NO. 20 EAST 50TH-ST., 21X52, BEtween 5th and Madison avs.; all the modern conveniences, mirrors and gas-fixtures included; good neighbors guaranteed; $1,800 per annum. Inquire of the owner, JOHN A. HADDEN, No. 46 West 20th-st.

HOUSE TO LET—THE MODERATE-sized four-story brown-stone high-stoop house, No. 23 East 24th-st., between Madison and 4th-avs., is to let, with some furniture. Apply to R. H. HINE, No. 557 6th-av.

SIX SPLENDID ROOMS.—FIRST-CLASS brick house, No. 193 York-st., Jersey City, seven minutes' walk from ferry; fine neighborhood; rent, $35 per month. Apply at No. 71 Liberty-st., New-York; worth $50 per month.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED HOUSE TO let; nine rooms, gas, fruit trees; location desirable. Harrison-st., seventh house south of railroad, Brick Church Station, Orange.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

AN ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY-SEAT to let, situated on the banks of the Passaic River, one mile from Newark. The house contains fourteen rooms, is in good order and is situated on very high grounds, commanding most beautiful views of the river, Orange, Llewellyn Park, Montclair, the mountains and the City of Newark. Grounds comprise ten acres, nicely improved with fine lawn and shade, barn and out-buildings. $1,500 a year. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—FURNISHED, AN exceedingly comfortable, thoroughly furnished house, 13 rooms, furnace, water introduced, about 14 acres of land, fruit, &c., 55 minutes from the City Hall, high ground, healthy, palisades in view, convenient to churches, excellent schools and stores; rent very low, $1,500 a year, or would be rented for the Summer. Apply at No. 4 Hanover-st., to E. P. BOSTWICK or F. B. ELLIOTT.

SOUTHPORT, CONN.—TO RENT, FURnished, (with privilege of buying,) a French-roof cottage; fifteen rooms; three acres of land; well shaded; pleasantly situated on Spenser Lake; good bathing and fishing; only ten minutes' walk from depot; convenient for Summer boarding. Apply to FRANCIS JELLIFF, Southport, Conn.

TO LET—IN SOUTH BERGEN, N. J., A DElightful residence in an unexceptionable neighborhood; house contains twelve rooms, with large grounds, well stocked with fruit and shade; rent $800; also others of less size, but very neat and genteel, from $500 to $700. Apply at S. GARRABRANT'S Real Estate Agency, Bergen-square, Bergen, N. J.

TO LET—IN NEWTOWN, L. I., AN OLD-fashioned country residence, containing eight or ten rooms, with four acres of land; abundance of fruit of all kinds; location one of the healthiest and pleasantest parts of the town; four minutes' walk from Flushing Railroad depot; rent $750. Apply to M. C. G. WITTE, No. 94 John-st.

TO LET—THE THIRTEENTH HOUSE AND garden lot west of Boulevard-place, (10th-av.,) on north side of 69th-st., being of brick, two stories and a high basement, with good cellar; hot and cold water and gas throughout; in good order, and newly painted. Apply to owner, ROBERT I. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story high-stoop vestibule-door and verandah house, No. 254 Carlton-av.; decorated and in good order for a private family; rent, $1,100; can be seen from 12 M. to 5 P. M. Apply to owner at No. 325 East 17th-st., New-York.

TO RENT—ON ORANGE MOUNTAIN, A splendid country-seat, and seven acres; house contains twenty rooms, and has every known improvement; the grounds splendidly laid out; partially furnished. A. D. MELLICK, JR. & BRO., 6 Pine-st.

TO RENT—A THREE-STORY AND FRENCH roof brown-stone dwelling, on 130th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., finished with all modern improvements, and in first-class order. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE WELL SHADED, TEN rooms; ten minutes' walk (flagged) from depot; furnished or unfurnished; rent $500 or $450. A large quantity of box for garden edging cheap. Inquire of WILLIAM SMART, Flushing.

TO RENT-FURNISHED—A SUPERIOR house, 22x50, No. 16 West 51st-st., near the 5th-av.; all new, street in perfect order; $400 per month. Inquire of owner, JOHN A. HADDEN, 46 West 20th-st.

A THREE-STORY HOUSE TO LET—319 East 41st-st.; all improvements: stone front; possession now. Apply on premises from 12 to 2 o'clock.

TO RENT—THE UPPER PART OF A three-story house on 41st-st., between Madison and Park avs. Apply to LEVI COOK, No. 50 Wall-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NO. 147 East 31st-st., near Lexington-av. Rent $200 per month.

TO LET—THE DWELLING PORTION OF the house on south-west corner of 33d-st. and 2d-av. Apply to ROBERT I. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

TO LET—HOUSE AND STORE; THE WELL-known Paterson House, No. 75 Cortlandt-st. Apply in the basement under Northern Hotel.

TO RENT—IN EAST 51ST-ST., NEAR LEXington-av., four-story brick house, in good order. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

Fine, handsome offices on second and third floors. Inquire of GEORGE JONES, *Times* Office.

TO LET—NO. 45 BEEKMAN-ST., STORE, basement and sub-cellar, 25x100, in fine marble building; also fixtures for sale, consisting of shelving, counters, desks, signs.

TO LET—THE TWO NEW STORES NO. 164 5th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.; the stores are 80 feet deep, in perfect order, and the location is one of the best in the City; possession immediately. Apply to SULLIVAN, BUDD & CO., No. 80 White-st., or WM. A. BUDD, No. 29 West 33d-st.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE FINE STORE corner of Broadway and Broome-st., now occupied by E. V. Haughwout & Co., 63 feet front by 100 feet deep; five stories high, beside basement and sub-basement. Apply on the premises or to A. L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—NORTH SIDE OF WATTS-ST., BEtween Hudson and Varick sts., a loft 150 feet long and 11 feet wide; well lighted on the south side, and suitable for a light manufacturing business. Apply to JOHN COLVILL, No. 134 Reade-st.

TO LET—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS IRON-front stores Nos. 142 and 144 Grand-st.; size, 50x120 feet; five stories, with spacious basements and vaults; completely lighted; eligibly situated for a large business; possession immediately. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

HALL TO RENT—CORNER 34TH-ST. AND Broadway, suitable for a church, Sunday-school, or similar purposes. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

TO RENT—FOR MANUFACTURING OR business purposes, store No. 158 Greenwich-st. For particulars apply to W. H. ROSS, Queen Insurance Company, No. 117 Broadway.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, CLOSE TO FULton Ferry, stables, with accommodations for ten horses. Apply to T. H. MESSENGER & CO., No. 161 Maiden-lane, New-York.

DESIRABLE OFFICE APARTMENTS, suitable for banking, insurance or real estate, to let. Apply on first floor of No. 141 Broadway, Room 2.

STORE AND BASEMENT NO. 465 8TH-av., to rent; 22x90. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

A FINE STORE, WITH BASEMENT, to let; 25 by 75. Terms very low. No. 16 4th-av.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL HOUSE, with all modern improvements, in a good neighborhood, between 20th and 40th sts., and 3d and 8th avs.; rent, $1,000 to $1,200. Address A. B. C., Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

A FAMILY GOING ABROAD, AND wishing some one to take charge of their house, can find a suitable and trustworthy person by addressing Mrs. E. O., Station G.; good reference.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, a small second or third floor in a private house, on West side. Address M. B., Box No. 115 *Times* office.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF SOUTH-EAST corner 8th-av and 41st-st., Worth and Baxter sts. E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York. Sale by order of John Hoey, Executor of John Roach.

EIGHTH-AVENUE, SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF FORTY-FIRST-STREET—Valuable lot, with four-story brick store and dwelling, 25x58.6 front. Also, on rear of lot, three-story brown-stone building, 25x25 feet, and three-story brick buildings, 16.6x25 feet, covering entire lot, 25x100 feet.

WORTH AND BAXTER STREETS—Valuable lot, with three-story frame dwelling on Worth, running through to No. 23 Baxter-st., having a frontage of 40 feet on Worth-st., 23 feet on Baxter-st., by 35 feet in depth.

Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 15 WEST 46TH-ST., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WEST FORTY-SIXTH-STREET—The first-class four-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone house and lot No. 15 West 46th-st., north side, 250 feet west of 5th-av.; house 12.6x65 feet, with party-walls; is in perfect order and contains every convenience; lot 12.6x100.5.

Maps, &c., at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HOUSE AND LOT NO. 261 WEST 52D-ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 8TH-AV.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WEST FIFTY-SECOND-STREET—The desirable three-story and basement brown-stone, English-basement house and lot No. 261 West 52d-st., north side, between Broadway and 8th-av.; house 14x45 feet, party-walls; in fine order and contains hot and cold water throughout, and other conveniences; lot 14x100.5. Gas-fixtures, carpets and pier-glasses will be sold with the house.

Maps, &c., at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOTS ON 4TH-AV., 127TH AND 128TH STS.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, sale by order of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church:

FOURTH-AVENUE—8 lots, comprising the entire front between 127th and 128th sts., with two-story and attic cottage (formerly the Rectory.) Lots each 25x70 feet. Terms at sale.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS.
MONUMENTS AND FLOOR TILING.
FISHER & BIRD,
NOS. 97 TO 103 EAST HOUSTON-ST.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—Rich and elegant designs, from $9, $12, $15 up to $250.
T. B. STEWART & CO.
No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS.—Opening of new show-rooms, with finest assortment of mantels in this City. Prices to suit times. A. KLABER, 124 and 126 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER. Sales-rooms, Nos. 35 Chambers and 77 Reade sts. Art Galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, south-west corner of 12th-st.

THE SALE OF THE SEASON.

Messrs. LEEDS & MINER on TUESDAY, APRIL 19, at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. AND SUCCEEDING DAYS, will offer for sale the household furniture, rare curiosities, and entire
PRIVATE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS OF
J. P. BEAUMONT,
At the Leeds Art Galleries, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, constituting the
MOST VALUABLE SALE OF
WORKS OF ART
ever advertised in this City. They are
ADMIRABLY FINE SPECIMENS
of our own American artists and the modern European schools, including a few undoubted
GEMS BY THE OLD MASTERS.

Among the former may be mentioned paintings by GILBERT STUART, CHURCH, EASTMAN JOHNSON, COLE, SULLY, LEUTZE, HUNTINGTON, MOUNT; while among the latter are works by CIGNANI, DOMINICHINI, L. CARACCI, VELASQUEZ, J. CUYP, TINTORETTO, ZUCHARELLI, VAN DER MEULEN, SNYDERS, ROSA DA TIVOLI, GONZALES, COYPEL, CARL HUBNER, ZIEM, VERBOECKHOVEN, MADOU, CHAVET, ROBBE, GUILLEMIN, TSCHAGGENY, DE BYLANDT, FAUVELET, OTTO ERDMANN, CALISCH, HERRING, PERCY, HILL, ARMFIELD, PASSMORE, GENTZ, CARL BECKER, DE BLOCK, FLORENT WILLEMS, PLATTEEL, VAN HOVE, WALRAVEN, VAN SCHENDEL and others of a similar or greater celebrity in the ART CIRCLES OF MODERN EUROPE.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On SATURDAY, April 23,
At 11 o'clock,
AT OUR SPACIOUS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY
SALES-ROOMS, NO. 501 BROADWAY,
ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
BLOCK BETWEEN BROOME AND SPRING STS.
GREAT TRADE SALE OF ELEGANT
CARRIAGES BY FIRST-CLASS MAKERS AND
MANUFACTURERS OF THIS CITY,
and comprising all the newest styles and varieties of vehicles now in use, of the very best workmanship and elaboration,
COMPRISING
CLARENCES, LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, COUPES, COUPELETS, BAROUCHES, SUMMER COACHES, PARK PHAETONS, DOG CARTS, VICTORIAS, CABRIOLETS, SIX-SEAT FAMILY ROCKAWAYS, SUNDOWNS, COUPE ROCKAWAYS, LIGHT FOUR-PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS, BASKET PHAETONS, DEPOT AND JAGGER WAGONS, LIGHT-TOP AND NO-TOP BUGGIES, to include several ROAD WAGONS AND TROTTING WAGONS, made by Messrs. Brewster, Miner & Stevens, Baldwin, Mix & Co., Wood Brothers, Adams, Marsh, Armstrong, Manville, Kean & Lines, and other well-known makers; also, a line of basket pony phaetons, just manufactured by a well-known firm as a specialty.
All of which will be SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition as above on and from Tuesday, 20th inst.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On FRIDAY, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 28 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.:
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MADE TO ORDER BY MEEKS AND NEWHOUSE, NEARLY NEW, ROSE-WOOD BOUDOIR PIANO, BY A. BORD, PARIS, ROYAL VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, RICH LACE WINDOW-CURTAINS, REPS DO., LAMBREKINS, FRENCH WALNUT AND ROSE-WOOD PARLOR SUITES, CARVED ROSE-WOOD MIRROR, DOOR AND BACK ETAGERES, FRENCH PIER MIRRORS, REAL BRONZE AND ORMOLU ANTIQUE CLOCKS, FOURTEEN BEDROOMS EN SUITE, of carved oiled walnut, viz.: Bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, wardrobes, washstands, commodes, pure curled hair mattresses, spring beds, French tea pillows and bolsters, fifty-four white linen window-shades, Turkish easy chairs and lounges, three carved oiled walnut extension-tables, fine line engravings, bronze and ormolu chandeliers, carved walnut marble-top hall table, do. hall chairs, do. French plate hall mirror, carved rosewood marble-top center-tables, carved walnut marble-top buffet, Sheffield silver-plated ware, French china dining crockery, cutlery, two refrigerators, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On THURSDAY, April 21, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 313 West 31st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER BY ONE OF OUR BEST CITY MAKERS, ONE WHEELER & WILSON SEWING-MACHINE IN WALNUT CASE, FRENCH PLATE MANTEL AND OVAL MIRRORS, VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, &c., &c.
Carved rose-wood solid-back parlor suite, in crimson satin brocatel; rich lace window curtains, artistic real ormolu and alabaster French clock, and candelabras to match; carved rose-wood mirror-back marble-top etagere, mahogany parlor suites, in hair-cloth; carved black-walnut library tables, ditto marble-top buffets, extension table, ditto bedsteads, elegant carved rose-wood bureaus, bedsteads, commodes, tables, Turkish lounges and easy chairs, mahogany wardrobes, hair mattresses, pillows, bolsters, oil-cloths, crockery, glass-ware, cutlery, dining chairs, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER—ON FRIDAY, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 242 West 23d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Superb rose-wood grand piano, by Erard, of Paris; elegant gilt-frame French-plate pier mirror, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, velvet rugs, lace window curtains and gilt cornices, elegant carved black-walnut parlor suite in green and gold, and magenta striped and figured brocatel, black-walnut marble-top center table, fine engravings, mahogany suite in hair-cloth, rose-wood marble-top side table, oak marble-top mirror-back hall stand, carved black-walnut and mahogany bedsteads, marble-top dressing-bureaus, wash-stands, wardrobes, sofas and chairs, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c., black-walnut extension table, black-walnut cane-seated dining chairs, china, crockery, glass-ware, silver-plated ware, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On THURSDAY, April 21, 1870, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 22 West 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.:
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, rose-wood parlor suites, French-plate pier mirrors, rose-wood marble-top center tables, elegant bedroom suites of rose-wood, in great variety, viz.: Bedsteads, bureaus, wardrobes, washstands and commodes, hair mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, two rose-wood secretary bedsteads, by Plimpton, rose-wood sofa-bedstead, Robinson's patent; oak extension table, oak marble-top buffet, oak dining chairs, Sheffield plated-ware, real French china blue-flowered dinner service, crockery, glass-ware, cutlery, kitchen utensils, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On FRIDAY, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence new No. 74, old No. 54, West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., made to order by the best City makers, consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, rich carved walnut parlor suite in green and gold, figured satin brocatel, ditto Turkish easy-chairs to match, elegant decorated vases, superb rose-wood marble-top mirror door and back etagere, oiled walnut extension table, ditto dining chairs in crimson morocco, ditto marble-top hall-stand, ditto carved bedstead, dressing bureaus, shaving stands, book-case, sofas and tables, ditto parlor suite in colour-de-cuir reps, French clocks, bronzes, oil-cloths, curled hair mattresses, feather bolsters, pillows, &c.

GEORGE BARKER, Auctioneer—Sales-room, No. 8 Cortlandt-st.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, rose-wood piano-forte, clocks, bronzes, carpets, mirrors, &c., &c.
GEORGE BARKER will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 21, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 14 Ashland-place, Perry-st., all the furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of carved rose-wood parlor suites, in brocatel, rose-wood, walnut and mahogany chamber suites, rose-wood and black-walnut dressing bureaus, lounges, sofas and easy chairs, elegant rose-wood piano-forte, made by James Van Riper, fine engravings, oil-paintings, velvet, Brussels, ingrain, three-ply carpets and oil-cloths, hair and straw mattresses, bolsters and pillows, china, glass, silver-plated ware, kitchen utensils, &c.

EDWARD E. HOYT, Auctioneer.
BY HOYT & WHEELER—STORE NO. 114 Church and Nos. 125 and 127 Duane sts.
CASH ADVANCES made on CONSIGNMENTS, without additional charge.
On WEDNESDAY, April 27,
at 12½ o'clock,
at No. 79 Cedar-st., second floor,
Office No. 3,
1 large iron safe, made by Wilder,
1 medium size iron safe, made by Herring.
To be sold by order of RICHARD WARREN,
Assignee of B. Loder.

GOVERNMENT SALE.
UNITED STATES ARSENAL,
CHARLESTON, S. C., April 16, 1870.
By direction of the Chief of Ordnance, United States Army, I will offer for sale at public auction, on May 23, 1870, at 11 A. M., a lot of condemned ordnance stores, consisting of cannon and mortars, cavalry saddles, harness, leather accoutrements, scrap iron, &c.
Catalogues of property offered, with terms and conditions of sale, may be obtained at the Ordnance Office, War Department, Washington, D. C., and at this Arsenal.
S. C. LYFORD,
Brevet Lieut.-Colonel, U. S. Army, Commanding.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.
THURSDAY, MAY 5, AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,
TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF PROPERTY OF THE NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY,
Consisting of water-grants, piers and ferry leases; a house and lot on 8th-st., near Avenue D; lots on 128th and 129th sts.; lots on 10th and 11th sts., near the East River. For particulars see maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.
FRIDAY, APRIL 22, AT 12 M., ON the premises, executor's sale of mansion and 600 lots at Throg's Neck, by order of George Baker, executor of Ralph Baker, deceased.
The mansion and fifty acres of land mapped into lots, including the several cottages and buildings thereon, situated at Throg's Neck, Westchester County, on the Sound. Maps and particulars at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.
THURSDAY, APRIL 21, AT 12 M., at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,
BROOKLYN HOUSE, No. 201 Washington-st., near Concord. Lot, 29x115; three-story brick house.

STANLEY DAY, Auctioneer.
AT NO. 111 BROADWAY, TRINITY Building, Exchange Sales-room, absolute sale by STANLEY DAY, Auctioneer, on MONDAY, 25th April, at 12 M., No. 325 West 20th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., three-story high-stoop brown-stone, 17.6x50x91.11, subject to a lease expiring May, 1872, at $1,700 per annum. Permits and terms at basement offices A and B.

AUCTION.
A large sale of furniture and carpets at the private residence No. 277 Henry-st., Brooklyn, THURSDAY, April 21, at 11 o'clock.
GEORGE J. SMITH, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT JAPANESE AND CHINESE FURNITURE,
ROSE-WOOD AND EBONY FURNITURE,
SUPERB SERVICES AND ORNAMENTS,
FROM THE CELESTIAL EMPIRE,
RICH CARPETS, CHINA, GLASS, &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction on FRIDAY, April 22, at 11 o'clock, at the residence of
MRS. COMMODORE M. C. PERRY,
NO. 38 WEST 32D-ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 5TH-AV.,
the entire contents of said house, viz.: Rose-wood and ebony parlor suites, covered in Chinese silk; Chinese inlaid and elegant ebony tables, with marble tops; rich crimson and gold satin curtains, fine rose-wood and walnut chamber and dining-room furniture, very elegant Japanese and Chinese work tables and boxes, superb Chinese dinner and tea service (probably the only one in this country,) together with numerous articles de vertu, selected by the late Commodore of the Japan Squadron.
The house will be open THURSDAY, 21st inst., by permit, which, with catalogue, may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 21, at 11 o'clock, at No. 7 Clinton-place, (8th-st.,) near Broadway, all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz.: Parlor suites, sofas, easy chairs, marble-top center and fancy tables, French plate pier mirror, brocatel and lace curtains, rose-wood and mahogany French bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, armoire a glace, mahogany extension table, rose-wood buffet, book-cases, palliasses, mattresses, bedding, velvets, Brussels and ingrain carpets, China and glass, kitchen utensils, &c. Also, Herring fire-proof safe, chandeliers, fixtures, &c. Catalogues now ready at No. 3 Pine-st.

GEORGE BARKER, Auctioneer.
A.—ART SALE.
GALLERY OF ART, NO. 845 BROADWAY.
Now on exhibition, Wm. M. Brown's entire valuable collection of American fruits and flowers, being the result of his labor for the last eighteen months. The generous encouragement heretofore received has induced an effort to make the present collection superior to any he has before offered to the public. They are drawn with great skill, and most powerfully and beautifully colored, and cannot but excite the admiration of all who see them. In addition, there are also many charming contributions from our favorite City artists: several admirable specimens from A. F. Tate, Mrs. Julie Beers, W. Whitredge, L. Lang, R. M. Pratt, Pope, Williamson, Casilear, Laurie, Gifford, Brevoort, W. Hart, Wyants, Fenchsel, Gay, Bispham, Bricher and others. The whole of them will be peremptorily sold on the EVENINGS of FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 22d and 23d of April, commencing at 7½ o'clock.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
FRIDAY, APRIL 22, AT 10 A. M., AT the sales-room, Willoughby, corner Pearl-st., Brooklyn, large assortment excellent parlor, chamber, and dining-room furniture, hair mattresses, China, fancy-goods, book-cases; fifteen good refrigerators. Also, fine rosewood pianos, &c.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.
THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Railroad Company will sell
80,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL
at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 27, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer—Sales-rooms, No. 53 East 13th-st., near Broadway.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—On THURSDAY, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, the entire elegant furniture, carpets, French-plate pier mirrors, rich parlor suites, carved chamber and dining-room furniture, china and glassware of the house No. 148 East 14th-st.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL THIS DAY, THURSDAY, April 21, at 10½ o'clock, the entire furniture, carpets, bedding, china and glassware and kitchen furniture of the house No. 239 East 18th-st.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. B. MINTURN, BROWN & CO., THIS DAY, (Thursday, April 21,) at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 15, East River:
4,000 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
2,500 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo bark *Commerce*, from Messina.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as chamber-maid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; understands how to operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to go to the country; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 104 8th-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

WANTED.—A LADY WOULD LIKE A SITuation, either as cook or chamber-maid, for a girl who has lived with her seven years; she is honest, trustworthy, and has taken the entire charge of the house during the Summer months; would be willing to assist in the washing. Apply at No. 15 East 38th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as first-class laundress in a private family; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; can do French fluting nicely; best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 445 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

WANTED—BY A LADY, TO OBTAIN A SITuation for her nurse, who has lived with her for the last three years, with a family going to Europe; she is an excellent traveler; kind and attentive in sickness. Inquire at No. 74 West 35th-st., on Wednesday and Thursday, April 20 and 21, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth, or would take care of a growing child and assist with chamber-work; would have no objection to travel; best City references. Call at No. 149 West 17th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as seamstress and to assist in chamber-work, or would wait upon an elderly lady or grown-up children; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 102 West 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERIcan girl, a situation as nurse and plain seamstress; capable of taking the entire charge of an infant or growing children; no objections to go in the country. Can be seen at No. 115 West 16th-st., rear cottage.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant woman as first-class infant's nurse; can bring it up by hand or bottle; no objection to a short distance in the country; best City reference. Call at No. 228 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman as first-rate cook; understands her business; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit; would assist with the washing if required; good City reference. Call at No. 133 West 19th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LAUNdress, who fully understands her business, a situation in a private family; has no objection to the country; best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 265 1st-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation to do general house-work; is a good plain cook and a most excellent washer and ironer; has no objection to the country; good reference. Apply at No. 316 East 32d-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation in a private family as first-class laundress; understands French fluting; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 115 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE PERsons, situations as first-class cook and waitress, respectively; good reference from last place; no objections to the country. Call at No. 111 West 16th-st., (rear,) near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation to do chamber-work and waiting, or chamber-work and plain sewing; good City reference. Apply at No. 436 East 15th-st., near Avenue A, top floor, front room No. 20.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as laundress; is fully competent to take charge of a laundry; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 503 East 15th-st., near Avenue A.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A situation as first-class waitress or chamber-maid; understands the care of silver; the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 115 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A GOOD WAITRESS, A SITuation in City or country; would do chamber-work and fine washing; has several years' good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 323 East 31st-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CAPABLE young English woman to take charge of an infant and do sewing; would like to travel with a family going abroad. Address S. B., Box No. 4,928 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman; is an excellent cook; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; has best City reference. Call at No. 260 West 33d-st., two flights of stairs up in front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO REspectable young girls, one as cook and to assist with the washing, and the other as chamber-maid and laundress; good reference from their last place. Call at No. 388 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman, as first-class cook; no objections to go a short distance in the country; best of City reference. Call at or address No. 238 7th-av., top floor, near 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman to go as seamstress and take care of a growing child. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 76 East 35th-st., from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook; would assist in washing; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 41 West 45th-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTant girl, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress in a small private family; good reference. Apply at No. 258 West 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chamber-maid and to assist in washing and ironing. Call for two days at No. 222 3d-av., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as seamstress; understands dress-making; can operate on several sewing-machines; has best City reference. Can be seen at No. 295½ 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant woman, a situation as chambermaid and to assist with children. To be seen to-day at her present employer's, No. 13 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation to take care of an invalid lady; no objection to assist with the chamber-work if required; good City reference. Call at No. 239 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chamber-maid and waitress, and will make herself generally useful. Apply at No. 154 West 18th-st., in the rear, Room No. 3.

WANTED.—THE PRESENT EMPLOYER of a first-class servant (Protestant) desires a place for her as chamber-maid and seamstress. Apply at No. 83 Irving-place before 12 M.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as waitress and to assist in chamber-work in a small family; is to be seen at her present employer's, No. 232 East 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general house-work. Call at No. 127 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or nurse and plain sewing; is willing to travel; City reference from her last place. Call or address No. 190 3d-av., corner of 18th-st., in the fancy-store, between 10 and 4 o'clock, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses and do all kinds of family sewing; can operate on Grover & Baker's sewing-machine; best of reference from her last place. Call or address at No. 190 3d-av., corner of 18th-st., corset-store.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS OR CHAMBER-maid's, or nurse and seamstresses', situation by an English Protestant woman about thirty; highly recommended; can cut and fit and operate on a machine; dress-maker, &c.; City or country. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as first-class cook; understands French, English and American cooking; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 109 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A CHAMBER-MAID AND laundress, a situation; can flute, polish, &c.; would do plain sewing; City references from her last employer, who can be seen at No. 1,284 Broadway, second floor, near 33d-st.; no objection to the country.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG FRENCH GIRL a situation in a private family, either to wait on a lady and sew or attend on a grown up child. Can be seen at her present employer's, Clarendon Hotel, Room No. 6.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and to take care of children; is willing to go a short distance in the country; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 251 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE wishes to procure situations for her ladies' maid and English cook, both having lived with her for a number of years. Apply to-day at No. 125 Madison-av., new number.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as nurse and seamstress or chamber-maid and seamstress; has good references; no objection to go to the country; can operate on two sewing-machines. Apply at 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, Protestant, a situation as children's maid in a respectable gentleman's family; not long arrived in this country; satisfaction will be given. Call at No. 158 East 23d-st., second floor front.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, A situation as good cook, good washer and ironer; no objections to go a short distance in the country; good City references. Call at No. 344 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chamber-maid and fine washer and ironer, in a private family; has the best of City reference from last place. Call at No. 563 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as seamstress and to do light chamber-work; can operate on a Wheeler & Wilson machine; best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 326 East 29th-st., third floor, between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH PERson to accompany a family to Europe and back to America; would wait upon a lady or take care of children; good references. Address M., No. 286 Grand-st., at bookstore.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress, work by the day or week; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Wilcox & Gibbs' sewing-machines; best City references given. Call at No. 107 West 29th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion in a private family as chamber-maid and waitress, or would mind children; best reference as to honesty and character. Call for two days at No. 315 East 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as cook and to assist with the washing; country preferred; best of reference. Call at her employer's, No. 24 Irving-place, basement door, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as competent waitress in a private family; no objection to go with the family in country for the Summer; best City reference. Can be seen until engaged at No. 299 6th-av., in the millinery-store.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT AMERIcan, a situation as first-class seamstress and operator; understands dress-making; would assist in the care of children; no objection to the country. Call at No. 5 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION EXCLUSIVELY as first-class laundress in a private family; understands all kinds of fluting and ladies' finery. Call at No. 507 6th-av., millinery-store, between 30th and 31st sts., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress; can operate on Grover & Baker machine; would like to go to Newport during the Summer months; excellent City references. Call at or address No. 359 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—A WAITRESS' SITUATION BY an experienced young woman, capable of taking a man's place; understands the care of silver, and making all kinds of salads, &c.; has the best City testimonials. Call at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as laundress; willing to assist in the chamber-work if required; has best City reference. Call at No. 252 West 16th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches, boning, larding, &c.; has the best City references. Apply at No. 340 4th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as first-class laundress and a good cook; no objection to the country; best City references. Apply at No. 154 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, WELL recommended, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or to assist in chamber-work. Apply at No. 530 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBER-maid and waitress, or waitress, by a young woman; City or country; reference. Apply at No. 230 East 46th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; best City reference. Apply at No. 135 7th-av., corner of 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant American woman, a situation for chamber-work, sewing, or light house-work. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman, a situation to do chamber-work and plain sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call at No. 329 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COMPETENT waitress or chamber-maid; willing to make herself useful; good references. Call at No. 286 6th-av., corner 18th-st., in hardware store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as nurse and plain sewing; best of references given. Call at No. 225 East 26th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as chamber-maid and waitress; has two years' City reference from her last place. Call at No. 147 East 32d-st., near Lexington-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PERSON fully competent of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth. Can be seen at her present employer's No. 5 East 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as first-class waitress; best City reference; no objection to go to the country. Call at No. 251 West 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine. Apply at No. 108 Greenwich-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBER-maid and do plain sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine; best of City references. Apply at No. 226 East 9th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent waitress; understands her business; well recommended. Call at hair-dresser's, No. 623 6th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A highly-recommended woman; can do all kinds of family cooking; will assist in washing; City or country. Call at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as good cook, washer and ironer, and also as good baker. Call at No. 250 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSE-keeper or seamstress by an American Protestant. Apply at No. 113 Clinton-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as chamber-maid and seamstress; good City references given. Call at No. 129 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as first-class waitress; the best of City reference. Call at No. 209 East 38th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS NURSE, A situation in a respectable family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at 397 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and waitress; best City reference. Can be seen at 444 West 28th-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION AS chamber-maid and to do plain sewing. Apply at No. 35 1st-av., Room No. 8.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELlent cook with good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 166 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBER-maid a situation; can do plain sewing. Apply at hair-dresser's, 623 6th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation to do general house-work. Inquire at No. 1,114 2d-av., top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion to do chamber-work and waiting in a small family. Call at her last employer's, 139 West 49th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBER-maid and waitress, or waitress; City or country; good City reference. Call at No. 325 East 16th-st.

A LADY DESIRES TO FIND A SITUAtion for a respectable girl as waitress or chamber-maid; thoroughly understands the duties of each; prefers the country for the Summer. Inquire at No. 137 East 18th-st.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING a situation for a nurse, who has lived with her eight years; perfectly competent to take charge of an infant from birth. Call at No. 208 3d-av., near Bowery, where the nurse can be seen.

ATTENTION.—THOSE WANTING GOOD servants for country or City can be promptly supplied at the New-York Employment Agency, No. 1,284 Broadway, near 33d-st.

GERMAN, AMERICAN AND FRENCH servants our specialty, and with Protestant and Catholic Irish constantly on hand. No. 128 6th-av., above 10th-st.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CApable and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 1 1st-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; understands boning and larding, and all manner of good family cooking; best City reference; can take the entire charge. Can be seen for two days at 129 West 33d-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as laundress; does fluting and ladies' fine muslins; will go as chamber-maid and laundress, or to do fine washing; City or country; good testimonials. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as seamstress. Call at No. 35 East 20th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable married man who understands the proper care of horses, harness and carriages; long experience in the City, and has excellent City reference; is useful and obliging; has no objections to the country. Call at, or address ROBERT, No. 28 Lexington-av., private stable.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG single man a situation as coachman or groom, by one who understands his business perfectly; can give good reference from his last employer; has no objection to the country. Address M., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant young man, a situation as coachman; good groom and driver; has thorough knowledge of his business in all its branches; strictly sober and obliging; best City reference; can assist at gardening. Address E. X., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER and farmer by a single man; fully and thoroughly competent to take charge and lay out a gentleman's new place and do all kinds of work; has the best of reference. Address G. H., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN AND wife on a gentleman's place, where there is a cottage to live in; the man as coachman and gardener, and as general useful man; understands milking, mowing, plowing, &c.; is strictly temperate, and will be found a careful and responsible man; best of reference. Apply or address No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN MAN AND wife, the care of a house for the Summer; would do the cleaning or other work if required; best of reference as to honesty. Call at No. 20 Lexington-av., corner 23d-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, by a respectable young man; unexceptionable references from last place; no objection to the country; will make himself generally useful. Address for two days T. B., Box 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and groom; understands his business well; can give good City reference from last place. Call on or address BERNARD, private stable of last employer, No. 155 East 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a married man; is thoroughly competent and experienced in greenhouse and hot and cold graperies and general gardening; unexceptionable references. Apply at J. R. Decater's store, 197 Water-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom (private) by a young man (colored) who thoroughly understands the business; has the best of references; is willing and obliging. Call or address THOMPSON, No. 59 Irving-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a young man who understands in that capacity thoroughly; has good City references; no objection to the country. Address WAITER, No. 211 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHman as first-class coachman; one who understands his business, and can come well recommended from his last place. Address W. H. S., No. 448 6th-av., harness-store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, a situation as coachman and gardener; leaving on account of his employer going to Europe; three years' City reference from his last employer. Address W. C., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN OF long experience and first-class reference, a situation as waiter in a first-class family. Call or address to W. P., for two days, at grocery store, corner of University-place and 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as coachman and gardener; thoroughly understands his business; will be found civil and obliging; has the best of reference. Address J. L., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable, competent man, who thoroughly understands his business; best City reference. Address J. Y., at saddlery-store, No. 311 4th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE man, employment as groom and coachman; is willing to help in a garden; he thoroughly understands his business in every respect; has good reference. Address C. M., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a young man; married; no encumbrance; understands his business; can milk; good reference given; country place preferred. Address E. F., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a Protestant young man; has City reference; understands his duties thoroughly; no objection to go to the country. Address HENRY, No. 52 Prince-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HEAD GARdener by a single man, German; thoroughly understands the business in all its branches; first-class references. Call on or address J. D., care of Young & Elliott, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN in City or country, by a Protestant single man; good City reference from last employer. Address W. D., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY a thorough competent man, who can give the best of reference. Call at No. 405 5th-av., corner of 37th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHman who thoroughly understands his business; has first-class City references. Call or address P. W., No. 50 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUAtion as coachman in a private family; understands his business; the best of City references. Call for two days at stables, No. 22 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion as gardener in all its branches; no objection to the care of a horse or cow; best City reference. Address T. H., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a single man not afraid of work; understands his business in full; references will be found satisfactory. Address C. C., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman and groom; or would take care of a small vegetable garden; good City reference. Address J. D., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED FRENCH man, a situation as waiter in a small private family; has the best City references; no objection to country. Address A. NOEL, 36 East Houston-st., for three days.

WANTED—A PORTER'S SITUATION BY A steady, sober man; has the best of City reference from his last employer, with whom he lived seven years. Address for three days J. M., 316 East 31st-st.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES A situation for his coachman. Apply at his private stable No. 24 East 40th-st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS chamber-maid and waitress, willing to assist in general house-work, in a small family living in a pleasant town in Massachusetts. Apply for two days, between 2 and 6 o'clock P. M., Room No. 102 Metropolitan Hotel. Also, for same place, a Protestant young man, as second hand on a farm; of steady and industrious habits. Apply as above.

WANTED—A SHORT DISTANCE IN THE country a respectable Protestant woman to do general house-work; one with a daughter or younger sister, between fifteen and sixteen years old, to do light up-stairs work, can find a good place. Send address to A. V. L., Box No. 121 *Times* Office.

ATTENTION.—ALL FIRST-CLASS COOKS, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses, ladies' maids, governesses, chamber-maids, waitresses, house-workers, also all German, French, American and Irish girls will be suited at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

COOK WANTED—A RESPECTABLE American or English Protestant woman as cook and to assist in the washing. Apply at No. 39 East 19th-st., between 9 and 11 o'clock A. M.

AT BEDELL'S, NO. 340 4TH-AV., corner 25th-st., excellent situations for ladies-maids, seamstresses, cooks, laundresses, waitresses, nurses, chamber-maids, &c.

PORTER WANTED IN A BOOKSTORE.—One who has some knowledge of the business preferred. Address FRANKLIN, Station D.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE FEMME DE CHAMBRE ET une bonne d'enfant desire se placer dans une famille Americaine; ils ont des bonnes references. S'addresser No. 138 6me-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ARTICLES DE VOYAGE.
SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
LIGHT WOOD TRUNKS,
FOR EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN TRAVEL.
Chairs for the steamers; elegant Morocco, Linen and Russia Leather Bags for traveling, shopping and bridal presents, &c., at No. 592 Broadway, (Metropolitan Hotel building,) and corner of Wall-st. and Broadway.
JOHN CATTNACH,
Manufacturer and Importer.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFteen trustees of the New-York Society Library will be held at the Library Buildings, No. 67 University-place, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of April, 1870, between the hours of 8 and 9½ o'clock P. M., and the annual meeting of the shareholders will be held on the same day and at the same place at 7 o'clock P. M.
WM. J. HOPPIN, Secretary.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against SYLVESTER S. MANGAM will present them, with voucher, to his assignee, L. HAZELTINE, Jr., No. 19 South-st., on or before SATURDAY, the 23d instant; as a dividend will be declared on the following Monday.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION.—FOR SALE—One of the most eligibly situated pews in the middle aisle of the church. Inquire of the Sexton, at the Church, or at his residence, No. 119 West 29th-st.

FOR SALE—A PEW IN THE SOUTH GALlery in Dr. Hall's Church, corner of 5th-av. and 19th-st. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—OLD ARMS. LOCK BOX, NO 1,226, Cincinnati.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Russia, Wednes., April 27	Malta, Saturday, May 7
Palmyra, Thurs., April 28	Java, Wednesday, May 11
Nemesis, Saturd'y April 30	Siberia, Thursday, May 12
China, Wednesday, May 4	Calabria, Saturday, May 14
Tripoli, Thursday, May 5	Scotia, Wednesday, May 18

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage:
First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin....$80, gold.
First Cabin, to Paris.....$145, gold.
Return tickets.....$250, gold.

By the Thursday and Saturday Steamers.
First Cabin....$80, gold. Steerage....$30, currency.
Return tickets.....$150, gold.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

ST. LAURENT....LEMARIE....SATURDAY, April 30
PEREIRE....DUCHESNE....SATURDAY, May 14
LAFAYETTE....ROUSSEAU....SATURDAY, May 28
VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT..SATURDAY, June 11

Rates of passage, payable in gold, (including wine,) TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.

TO PARIS, (including railway ticket,) $145 and $88.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF WASHINGTON..Saturday, April 23, 12 M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, April 30, 1 P. M.
ETNA, (via Halifax)....Tuesday, May 3, 1 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP....Saturday, May 7, 10 A. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	38

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., By branch steamer	45	St. John's, N. F., By branch steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full power iron screw steamships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

NEVADA, Captain GREEN........April 20, at 9½ A. M.
COLORADO, Captain WILLIAMS..April 27, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA, Captain GUARD......May 4, at 4 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Captain FORSYTH, May 11, at 2½ P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. WHINERAY..May 18, at 4 P. M.
IDAHO, Captain PRICE........May 25, at 8 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80 gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30 currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE.

Favorite Clyde-built passenger steamers are intended to sail as follows:

INDIA	April 23	ANGLIA	May 7
IOWA	April 27	AUSTRALIA	May 14
CAMBRIA	April 30	COLUMBIA	May 21

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $75 and $65.

Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $130.

Steerage, to Glasgow, Liverpool or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.

Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $32.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.

FRANCE, GROGAN, Saturday, April 23, at 10 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $90 and $70; Steerage, $30, currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.

Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.!

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. $125 to $170. Steerage. $60.
according to location of berth.

These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 5TH AND 21ST OF EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

APRIL 21—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. ——.

Steamer CHINA will leave San Francisco April 30, 1870, for China and Japan.

Freight for ARIZONA received until 4 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, April 20. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, April 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM, June 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line—Sailing every twenty days, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 3 P. M. The new steamers

CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, Saturday, April 23.
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DEAKEN, Friday, May 13.

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, via Nassau, April 21.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, April 28.
MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS, May 5.

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, April 21, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAM-SHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAY,
THURSDAY
AND SATURDAY.

THE STEAM SHIPS

GEN. BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, April 21, from Pier No. 39 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West-st.

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, April 26, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR MOBILE.

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE

THE FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DISPATCH THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIP MERCEDITA, Captain STARKEY, On SATURDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile.

Is now receiving. Has elegant passenger accommodations.

Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile.

Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWER RATES than any other line.

Passage to Fernandina, $30.

For Freight or Passage apply to
J. F. PATTERSON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., or to
R. H. DRUMMOND & CO., No. 94 Wall-st.
Mobile Agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 282 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

(Change of pier to No. 43 North River.)
OLD LINE—LOW FREIGHT.

The well-known, first-class side-wheel steamship RAPIDAN, [illegible], Commander, will leave Pier No. 43 North River on SATURDAY, April 23, at 3 P. M. Freight taken at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Gardens, Paris.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

$5,000 REWARD.

Stolen from us on the 12th inst:
$62,000 KANSAS PACIFIC R. R.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
Nos. 677, 3,310, 3,350, 6,001, 6,020,

PAYMENT of which has been stopped. The above reward will be paid for recovery of the Bonds and apprehension of the party who absconded with the same.

DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

First-Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville Railroad Company.

These bonds are part of the first and only issue of the Company for $1,000,000, covering its entire property, and are at the rate of $13,700 per mile. Of the whole amount $600,000 have been already placed, leaving but $400,000 to be sold. They are 7 per cent. coupon bonds due in 1887, interest payable 1st January and July in New-York. The Road is in operation. It is 73 miles long, extending from La Porte on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern to Peru, where it connects with the Toledo, Wabash and Western and the Peru and Indianapolis Roads. It runs through one of the finest sections of Indiana, and makes a connecting link in the best through line from Chicago to Indianapolis, and thence to Cincinnati and Louisville.

We confidently offer these bonds as a desirable security to investors, AS THE NET EARNINGS OF THE ROAD FROM THE OPENING HAVE BEEN IN EXCESS OF THE INTEREST ON ITS BONDED DEBT, AND ARE CONSTANTLY INCREASING. Besides it is designed to extend the Road to Lake Michigan at New Buffalo or Michigan City the coming season, which will also greatly increase its earnings.

J. A. UNDERWOOD & SON,
No. 18 Exchange-place.
CALDWELL & CO.,
No. 27 Wall-st.

The Undersigned Offer for Sale

The First Mortgage Eight per Cent. GOLD BONDS

OF THE

St. Joseph and Denver City R. R. Co.

Interest payable February and August. Price, 97½ and accrued Interest in Currency. Pamphlets, with Map, &c., furnished on application.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO.,
Commercial Agents, No 54 Pine-st.
TANNER & CO.,
Fiscal Agents, No. 49 Wall-st.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

We offer for sale $150,000
FIRST MORTGAGE
EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS
OF THE
SELMA, MARION AND MEMPHIS RAILROAD COMPANY,
Indorsed by the State of Alabama.

The bonds are issued upon each section of the road only as the same is completed and in successful operation as a first-class road. The State indorsement can only be obtained by full compliance with these terms. The provisions of the law on this point are of the most stringent character.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st.
Bankers and Financial Agents of the Company.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,

BANKERS, No. 50 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue letters of credit for travelers available all parts of the world, through the
MESSRS. DE ROTHSCHILD,
and their correspondents.
Also, make telegraphic transfers of money on California, Europe and Havana.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,

No. 52 Wall-st.,
JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris,
BANKERS.
Issue Letters of Credit; draw Bills on Paris; buy and sell Bonds and Stocks in London, Paris and Frankfort, and negotiate loans on same.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,

NO. 18 WALL-ST.,
Issue letters of credit for
TRAVELERS,
Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,
PARIS.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 59 Exchange-place, corner Broad-st.,
New-York,
Issue Letters of Credit for travelers payable in any part of Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America.
Draw Bills of Exchange and make telegraphic transfers of money on Europe and California.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY,
NO. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, April 18, 1870.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING SINKING fund convertible bonds of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Company have this day been designated by lot for redemption, numbered as follows: 764, 804, 995, 996, 997, of $1,000 each.

According to the terms of the sinking fund, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1870, and the bonds will be redeemed on presentation and surrender at the office of the Company, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

ISAAC H. KNOX,
THEO. ROOSEVELT, } Commissioners.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 7, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, for the election of managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, May 10, 1870, at 12 o'clock M.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 10th day of May inclusive.

By order of the Board of Managers.
CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, NOS. 142 AND 146 BROADWAY, New-York, April 18, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Safe Deposit Company of New-York, and for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the Company, Nos. 142 and 146 Broadway, New-York, on MONDAY, the 9th day of May, 1870, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.
FREDERICK FOSTER, Secretary.

SOUTH PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the South Pacific Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Walnut and 6th sts, St. Louis, Mo., on THURSDAY, April 28 inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of choosing directors for the ensuing year, for the amendment and adoption of by-laws, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting. By order of the directors.
WM. A. HAYES, Secretary.

THE EVANSVILLE AND CRAWFORDSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—Redemption of bonds by the sinking fund.—On the 1st day of May, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, nineteen bonds of the issue of April 1, 1854, presented by the lowest bidder by sealed proposals, indorsed "Bids for Sinking Fund," addressed to R. G. Ralston, President, will be redeemed for said Railroad Company.
(Signed,) R. G. RALSTON,
President Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

CITY OF MOBILE 8 PER CENTS. INTEREST July and January at Merchants' Bank, New-York, issued for gold coin. For sale at 80 per cent.
GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 24 Nassau-st.

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
NO. 336 BROADWAY.
CAPITAL - $1,000,000

PAYS 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.
PAYS 5 PER CENT. INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.
THE COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEYS PAID INTO COURT, AND RECEIVES MONEYS IN TRUST.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President. BENJ. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

A NEW-YORK STATE GOLD SECURITY.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
FIRST MORTGAGE TWENTY-YEAR SEVEN
PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE
MONTICELLO AND PORT JERVIS RAILWAY
COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.
FOR SALE AT 95 AND INTEREST.

Principal and interest payable at the counter of the Union Trust Company in the City of New-York.

COUPONS PAYABLE QUARTER-YEARLY,
Viz.: Jan. 1, April 1, July 1, Oct. 1.

QUARTER-YEARLY COUPONS ARE A NEW FEATURE, and will prove a most convenient form of income.

JOHN B. MURRAY, 17 Nassau-st., New-York.

BANKING HOUSE OF

Geo. Opdyke & Co.

25 NASSAU ST.
CORNER OF CEDAR ST.

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.

PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.

INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Governments, Gold, Bonds and other Securities.

COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS

OF THE

CITY OF MONTGOMERY,

CAPITAL OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA, AT 90 PER CENT. AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

HOWES & MACY, Bankers,

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Offer for sale the bonds of the City of Montgomery, Ala., 18 years to run, bearing interest at EIGHT (8) per cent. per annum, with coupons attached, payable 1st of January and July, both principal and interest payable in the City of New-York.

These bonds ($500,000) five hundred thousand dollars, are the only debt against the city, and are regarded as first-class security and very desirable for investors. Further particulars may be had of

MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.
JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
NO. 8 WALL-ST.,
New-York.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 52 Wall st., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1870.

PROPOSALS FOR BONDS.

WINONA AND ST. PETER RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Company offer for sale $650,000 of its First Mortgage and $614,000 of its Second Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Bonds, which are authorized and issued for the construction and extension of its line of road from Winona to St. Peter, about 140 miles, in the State of Minnesota; 118 miles of which are already in operation, completed and equipped.

This Company is wholly owned by and operated in the interest of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, and these Bonds, besides being a special and ample mortgage security on the property, are guaranteed, principal and interest, by the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, by authority of the State of Wisconsin.

The Bonds are a part of an issue of $20,000 per mile of the first mortgage, and $12,000 per mile of the second mortgage, respectively bearing interest at seven per cent., coupons payable semi-annually in New-York,—the first mortgage interest on 1st of January and July, and the second mortgage on 1st of May and November.

Sealed proposals will be received until Monday, April 25, 1870, at 12 noon, by the Treasurer, A. L. Pritchard, to whom they should be addressed, at the office of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, where any further information will be given.

Bidders, in naming their rate, will please take notice that these bonds will be awarded FLAT, to wit:

The First Mortgage Bond will have the coupon on, which will mature July 1, 1870.

The Second Mortgage Bond will have the coupon on, which will mature May 1, 1870.

Successful bidders will be notified immediately, on or before April 26, and the bonds will be delivered, and payment required, at this office, on or before 2 P. M., Saturday, April 30, 1870.

The Company reserves the right to reject any bids not considered for its interest in offering this first-class security.
A. L. PRITCHARD,
Treasurer Winona and St. Peter Railroad Company.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.

Sealed proposals addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon on FRIDAY, April 29, 1870, for the sale of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1860.

The bids will be opened at the office of the Company in Boston on SATURDAY, April 30, and the accepted bids declared.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER, } Trustees.
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1870.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,

BANKERS,
NO. 70 BROADWAY,
NO. 23 RUE DU DIX DECEMBRE, PARIS.
Issue letters of credit for travelers in Europe, draw bills of exchange on the City Bank of London and on Paris, and the principal cities of Germany and Italy.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,

BANKERS,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.
Stocks, bonds, gold and Government securities bought and sold on commission.
W. B. LEONARD,
W. C. SHELDON,
W. H. FOSTER.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

UNION PACIFIC SECURITIES.

FIRST MORTGAGE, 6 Per Cent., Gold; LAND GRANTS, 7 Per Cent., Currency; INCOME BONDS, 10 Per Cent., Currency; and STOCK, bought and sold.
J. S. STANTON, No. 25 Broad-st.

INDIANA STATE STOCK.

Notice is hereby given to holders of Indiana five per cent. certificates of State stock that the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners will, on the 1st day of July next, redeem said certificates in full, in the order of their presentation, at the office of the Agent of State, No. 27 Pine-st., New-York City.

Holders of stock who desire to surrender certificates for payment are required to notify the Agent of State on or before the 20th of June next.

By order of the Board of State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners.
J. C. BURNETT,
Secretary.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 8, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY, CLEVELAND, March 30, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of other appropriate business, will be held at the office of the Company in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of May next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed April 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopened May 6.
GEO. B. ELY, Secretary.
JAMES H. BANKER, Treasurer.

CITIZENS' BANK OF LOUISIANA,
NEW-ORLEANS, April 14, 1870.

PARTIES INTENDING TO BID FOR the $3,000,000 6 per cent. 40 years Louisiana State Bonds, authorized by act of the Legislature, March 16, 1870, are requested to send their proposals in to this bank, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., at 12 o'clock M.

A deposit of 5 per cent., in cash, will be required on accepted bids, the same to be deducted from the last payment under the contract.

The Commissioners reserving the right to reject any and all bids.
JOHN G. GAINES, President.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD D. LATHROP, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment of himself as assignee of Richard D. Lathrop, of New-York City, State of New-York, who has carried on business in the City, County and State of New-York, and district aforesaid, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—New-York, April 14, 1870.
ap14-law3wTh* RICHARD WARREN, Assignee.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 6 MADISON-SQUARE, 23D-ST.
Mrs. PUTNAM will have an elegant suite of rooms, consisting of parlor, dining-room, two bed-rooms, bath, &c., vacated May 1, to rent, with private table only, for the season or year.

NO. 2 WEST 39TH-ST.—A HANDSOMELY furnished floor, consisting of parlor, three bedrooms, private dining-room and bath-room, can be had May 1; also, arrangements can now be made for rooms for the season in a finely situated house on the shore at Long Branch.

A LARGE WELL-FURNISHED ROOM on second floor, with good table for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; also a hall-room if desired; Summer prices; family private. Apply at No. 216 West 15th-st.

FIFTH-AV., OPPOSITE BREVOORT HOUSE.—Handsomely-furnished parlor floor, with or without private table; also rooms for gentlemen on reasonable terms for the Summer or year, in the first-class house 16 5th-av.; references exchanged.

ONE OR TWO LARGE WELL-furnished, second story rooms to let to gentlemen, without board, on 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; family private; references required. Address Box No. 984 Post-office.

TO LET—BEAUTIFUL PARLORS, FRONT and rear basement, bath-room, three front rooms, third story; modern improvements; good order. House No. 322 East 19th-st. Apply to G. WELSH, No. 196 3d-av.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET ON second floor, to single gentlemen, in private family, at No. 45 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.; reference exchanged.

A FEW BOARDERS WILL BE TAKEN in a private family, in first-class brown-stone house, No. 357 West 29th-st. (No. 28 Lamartine-place;) terms reasonable.

NO. 255 WEST 25TH-ST.—FRONT AND hall room on second floor, with board, to gentleman, or gentleman and wife; also rooms on fourth floor; terms moderate. No moving.

FAMILIES DESIRING THE WHOLE or part of first-class houses or furnished rooms, with or without board, apply at Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

NO. 51 EAST 10TH-ST., NO. 8 BREVOORT-PLACE.—Handsomely-furnished room to let, without board; no moving in May; first-class restaurant opposite; references.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, DESIRING a handsomely-furnished room in a strictly private family in 30th-st., east of Madison-av., may address J. C., Box No. 120 *Times* Office; references exchanged.

NO. 71 WEST 36TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.—Front parlor and bedroom on second floor, to let with board; also, rooms for single gentlemen.

NO. 122 WEST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN 6th and 7th avs.—A handsome suite of rooms to rent, together or separate, with board; references exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, TO gentlemen only, at No. 68 South Washington-square. Also an office suitable for a physician or surveyor; references required.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, suitable for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; family small. Apply at No 138 West 45d-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL TAKE A few boarders in a first-class brown-stone house No. 28 Lamartine-place, (No. 357 West 29th-st.;) references exchanged.

TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN, WITHOUT board, nicely-furnished room on second floor; also a small one on third floor, at No. 75 Amity-st.; reference required.

TO LET—AT NO. 411 2D-AV., TWO LARGE rooms and two bedrooms; very pleasant and convenient; adults only; rent $22 per month.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM ON SECOND floor, with board, at No. 134 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

A PLEASANT SUITE OF ROOMS ON second and third floors to rent, with board, at No. 17 East 37th-st.; references exchanged.

LARGE, AIRY, WELL-FURNISHED rooms, with board, may now be had in a superior house at No. 29 West 15th-st.

NO. 34 WEST 36TH-ST.—ROOMS, WITH board; couples preferred.

COUNTRY BOARD.

CORNWALL SANITARIUM.—FOR INVALIDS, and all requiring a quiet and healthful Summer resort; located on the Highland range, near the home of the late N. P. Willis; 700 feet above the river; full water treatment, together with electrical, vapor and medicated baths, gymnastics, &c. Address Drs. BALDWIN & PELTIER, Cornwall Landing, N. Y.

A FEW FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED at a farm-house among the mountains; accessible by Erie Short-cut Railroad; ten minutes' walk from Valley Station; reference, Daniel Titus, No. 44 Barclay-st. Address S. C. TITUS, Cornwall, Orange County.

COUNTRY BOARD FROM 1ST OF MAY.—Pleasant farm-house, well shaded, 80 miles from City, opposite Hyde Park, two miles from river; high land. Terms moderate. Address H. E., Esopus, New-York.

BOARD AT WEST POINT, FOR May and June, or the season. Address A. MEARNS, Sr., Highland Falls, Orange County, N. Y.

BOARD AT CORNWALL.—THE HOUSE open from May 1. JAMES G. ROE.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, in a good location, a parlor and bedroom on second or third floor, with board; a private family preferred, but would not object where a few boarders are taken. Address, stating particulars, J. L., Box No. 4,804 Post-office.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD BY A GENTLEMAN and wife on second floor, front, on west side, between 14th and 30th sts. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, W. G., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

ROOM WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN wants a pleasant, nicely-furnished room, without board, between 14th and 30th sts., and 4th and 6th avs. Address, with particulars as to room, price, family, &c., W. H. H., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF MOBILE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.

THE COUPONS OF STERLING Bonds and Interest Bond of this Company, due May 1, 1870, will be paid to English holders at office of C. M. LAMPSON & CO., No. 64 Queens, London; to holders in the Northern States at office of SOUTTER & CO., No. 53 William-st., New-York, and to holders in the Southern States at the office of the Company, in Mobile.
A. L. WILLOUGHBY,
Secretary and Treasurer Mobile and Ohio Railroad Co.

A SEVENTH AND FINAL DIVIDEND of the estate and effects of the late American Insurance Company of New-York has this day been declared by the receivers thereof, of ten cents per share of the capital stock, to be paid at the office of J. & S. Ferguson, No. 35 Pine-st., on and after the 20th inst. Stockholders are reminded that some of the fourth, fifth and sixth dividends remain unpaid.
ALBERT SMITH,
JOHN FERGUSON,
Receivers of the American Insurance Co. of New-York.
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO R. R. CO.,
NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 19, 1870.

THE COUPONS AND REGISTERED interest due May 1, 1870, on the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company will be paid, free of Government tax, on and after May 1, at the banking-house of Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

The transfer books for bonds registered, coupons detached, will be closed April 29 and reopened May 2.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, President.

OFFICE OF DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY AND BATTERY RAILROAD COMPANY, EAST 14TH-ST. AND AVENUE B, NEW-YORK, April 18, 1870.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared their usual quarterly dividend, free of Government tax, payable on and after 2d May next at the office of the Company.

Transfer books will close 20th inst. until 2d May.
WM. WHITE, President.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 19, 1870.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of this bank has been declared payable, free of Government tax, on and after the 2d day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from 20th inst. to May 2d. By order
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY,
ST. JOSEPH, MO., April 18, 1870.

THE COUPONS ON THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the St. Louis and St. Joseph Railroad Company due May 1, 1870, will be paid in Gold upon presentation on and after May 1, 1870, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, free of Government tax.
L. M. LAWSON, President.

DENVER PACIFIC RAILWAY OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1870.

THE INTEREST COUPON DUE MAY 1, 1870, on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company, will be paid in gold coin on presentation at the banking-house of DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., New-York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

INTEREST FROM THE FIRST OF EACH MONTH.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 58 Bowery, south-west corner of Canal-st.

Money deposited NOW will draw interest from May 1, at the rate of Six per Cent. on all sums exceeding $5.

Interest paid or credited in July and January of each year.

Bank open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS and SATURDAYS from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

F. W. PACHTMANN & BROTHER have removed from No. 425 Canal-st. to the spacious store No. 363 Canal-st., near Wooster-st., where they offer to their numerous friends and the public, a very large assortment of gold and silver watches, fine gold and hair jewelry, solid silver and silver-plated ware, spectacles, eye-glasses, &c., &c., at prices to correspond with the present rate of gold. Established 1838.

Every article warranted as represented.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—On and after MONDAY, April 25, the business of the New-York Life Insurance Company, will be transacted at its office in its new building, Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, corner of Leonard-st.
WM. H. BEERS,
Vice-President and Actuary.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

PATTI ON FRIDAY.
[illegible]
MISS CARLOTTA PATTI IN OPERA
TO-MORROW (Friday) EVENING, April 22, at 8.
One grand PATTI MAGIC FLUTE Matinee,
SATURDAY, April 23, at 1 P. M.
Miss CARLOTTA PATTI in her triumphant role of
QUEEN OF NIGHT,
In Mozart's Grand Opera, the
MAGIC FLUTE,
assisted by
CANISSA, DZIUBA, HABELMANN, FORMES,
and
JOSEF HERRMANNS in his great role of
SARASTRO.
GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.
Musical Director..............Mons. THEO. RITTER
Admission, $1; reserved seats, $1 extra.
Reserved seats to Matinee, $1 50.
Seats in Boxes to Matinee, $2.
Seats can be secured at the Academy, at Schuberth's, No. 701 Broadway, and at No. 114 Broadway.
BY REQUEST,
NEXT MONDAY, April 25, at 8,
EXTRA REPRESENTATION OF
THE MAGIC FLUTE.
Seats can now be had for Monday as above.

GRAND BAZAAR

IN AID OF

THE SHELTERING ARMS,

AN ASYLUM FOR
CRIPPLED, INCURABLE AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN,
IS OPEN
in the spacious and beautifully-decorated rooms of the
THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY,
Broadway, 6th-av., 35th and 36th sts.

The Bazaar is held for the purpose of making $40,000, with which to pay off the building debt of the Asylum.

It is with pleasure that the Executive Committee announce, as a matter of public interest, that the
NAVY-YARD,
FORT HAMILTON AND
GOVERNOR'S ISLAND BANDS
have kindly offered to furnish music on alternate afternoons.

LANDER'S BAND
will attend every evening.

One of the leading attractions will be an elegant FLORAL TEMPLE, for the sale of flowers. This department of the Bazaar will be constantly supplied from the choicest private greenhouses of the City and vicinity.

A GALLERY OF PAINTINGS,
containing over one hundred pictures by modern and old European masters, selected with the greatest care from the private galleries of the City, will make this a feature of the Bazaar. Many pictures thus exhibited have never before (in this generation) been exposed to public view. Connoisseurs speak of the collection as having never been equaled in this country. Some idea of its choice character may be obtained from the fact that no gallery has furnished more than four paintings.

ADMISSION TO GALLERY 25 CENTS.

A RESTAURANT, under the charge of a well-known and experienced caterer, will supply all that can be desired in that line.

A GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT offers an unusual opportunity to purchase fine goods at very moderate prices.

LAPORTE'S CELEBRATED
KID GLOVES
A SPECIALTY.

Doors open from 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.
Admission, 25 cents, until 5 o'clock; after that time, 50 cents.

THE BELMONT GALLERY.

OPEN FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
APRIL 22 AND 23,
FROM 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M.,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
"THE SHELTERING ARMS."
Admission, $1. Tickets for sale at Goupil's, No. 170 5th-av., corner of 22d-st.

A GRAND CHARITY CONCERT

Will be given by the
RIVARDE MUSICAL CLUB,
AT APOLLO HALL,
Broadway and 28th-st.,
IN BEHALF OF THE SHELTERING ARMS,
On SATURDAY EVENING, April 23, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets, $1; are for sale at the Bazaar.

EASTER WEEK—BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

On THIS EVENING, April 21, will be performed by THE BROOKLYN CHORAL UNION,
MENDELSSOHN'S FIRST WALPURGIS NIGHT,
with the full chorus and grand orchestra of the Union, on which occasion will appear
Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG and Mr. GEORGE SIMPSON and several soloists of the Society.
GEO. W. COLBY, Accompanist.
HARVEY B. DODWORTH, Conductor.
Tickets, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra.

MRS. EDWARD J. LODER.

COMPLIMENTARY TESTIMONIAL.
STEINWAY HALL.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 27.
Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
Mme. ANNA BISHOP,
Miss NETTIE STERLING,
Mr. S. B. MILLS, Mr. G. W. MORGAN and others.
Tickets, $2. For sale at the music-stores.

WILLIAM MASON EVANS,

Who has received the highest possible encomiums from the PRESS, the PULPIT, and the BAR, as one of the first living
ELOCUTIONARY INTERPRETERS
of the classic works of the best authors, will appear at
COOPER INSTITUTE,
ON FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 22.
Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, $1; to be had at the door and bookstores.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SATURDAY POPULAR CONCERT, APRIL 23, Mme. ANNA BISHOP, Mrs. JENNY KEMPTON, Kilian's Band, thirteen pieces. ANTONIO L. MORA, Organist. Owing to the great popularity of these concerts, doors will open at 2 o'clock. Concert at 3. Admission, 25 cents.

THE MADRIGAL CONCERT.

Subscribers are notified that the first Madrigal Concert in aid of the Wilson Industrial School and Mission will be given THIS EVENING, at Steinway Hall, at 8 o'clock.

Tickets may be had at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at the door on the evening of the concert.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

REHEARSAL, FRIDAY, April 22, at 2½ P. M.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND ORCHESTRA OF 100.
HERR CARL BERGMANN, Conductor.
R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., President.
D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Trains leave 30th-st. as follows:
8:00 A. M., Cincinnati and Chicago express, drawing-room cars attached.
10:30 A. M., day express, drawing-room cars attached.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express, drawing-room cars attached.
6:30 P. M., Pacific express, with sleeping cars through to Chicago without change, via M. C. Railroad, also L. S. and M. S. Railroad, (daily.)
11:00 P. M., night express, sleeping cars attached.
7:00 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M., Poughkeepsie trains.
9:00 A. M., 4:15 and 5:50 P. M., Peekskill trains.
1:00 and 6:50 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:40, 7:30, 9:10 A. M., 12 M., 3, 4:25, 5:10, 7 and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
(9:00 A. M. to Poughkeepsie Sundays.)
NOV. 15, 1869. J. M. TOUCEY, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS WILL LEAVE depots at foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., as follows:

Through Express trains leave Chambers-st. at 8 A. M., 10 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., (daily;) leave 23d-st. at 7:45 A. M., 9:45 A. M., and 6:15 P. M. (daily.) New and improved Drawing-room Coaches will accompany the 8 A. M. train through to Buffalo, connecting at Hornellsville with magnificent Sleeping Coaches through to Cleveland and Galion. Sleeping Coaches will accompany the 10 A. M. train from Susquehanna to Buffalo, and the 6:30 P. M. train to Rochester, Buffalo and Cincinnati. An Emigrant train leaves daily at 8 P. M.

For Port Jervis and Way, 4:30 P. M., (23d-st. 4:15 P. M.,) Orange County Express, (Sundays excepted,) connecting for Warwick, Montgomery, Guilford, Pine Island and Unionville.

For Middletown and Way, at 3:30 P. M., (23d-st. 3:15 P. M.)

For Otisville and Way at 8:30 A. M. daily, (23d-st. 8:15 A. M.)

For Newburg and Way at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M., (23d-st. 7:45 A. M., 3:15 and 4:15 P. M.)

For Suffern and Way, 5 P. M. and 6 P. M.; (23d-st. 4:45 and 5:45 P. M.) Theatre train, 11:30 P. M., (23d-st 11 P. M.)

For Paterson and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 11:45 A. M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 3:45 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.

For Hackensack and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 8:45 A. M., 11:45 A. M., 3:45 P. M., 5:15 P. M., 5:45 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.

For Piermont, Monsey and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 8:45 A. M., 12:45 P. M., *3:15 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 4:45 P. M., *6:15 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight. From Chambers-st. Depot at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 5 P. M., *6:30 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight.

Tickets for passage and for apartments in Drawing Room and Sleeping Coaches can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 529 and 957 Broadway; corner 125th-st. and 3d-av., Harlem; No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; depots foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., New-York; No. 3 Exchange-place and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City, and of the agents at the principal hotels.

* To Piermont only.
L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Winter Arrangement.—On and after Oct. 25 the trains will leave the Roosevelt and Grand st. Ferries as follows: 8:45 A. M., mail and passenger for Patchogue; 10 A. M., for Merrick; 3:30 P. M., express to Patchogue; 4:30 P. M., accommodation for Islip, on Saturdays through to Patchogue; 6:30 P. M., for Merrick, on Saturdays through to Babylon. All trains connect at Valley Stream, except the Merrick late and early trains.
C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of HAVILAND, LINDSLEY & CO., is by mutual consent this day dissolved. JOHN G. HAVILAND will sign in liquidation.
JOHN G. HAVILAND,
W. H. LINDSLEY,
THOMAS HOWARD,
BYRON M. DE MUNN.
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1870.

COPARTNERSHIP.

ELI MYGATT, Jr., JNO. G. HAVILAND, THOS. HOWARD and BYRON M. DE MUNN, have this day formed a copartnership as dry goods jobbers under the name and firm of
MYGATT, HAVILAND & CO.
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1870.

WE HAVE AUTHORIZED MR. G. G. BECK to sign our firm by procuration.
GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO.
NEW-YORK, April 16, 1870.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. Lester Wallack
LAST NIGHT OF
TOM TAYLOR'S LAST NEW COMEDY,
MEN AND ACRES.
Characters by Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. CHARLES ROCKWELL, Mr. MILTON HOLLAND, Mr. PECK, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. CURRAN, Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES, Miss EMILY MESTAYER, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Mrs. LAURA PHILLIPS, and Miss ROWE.

A COMEDY WEEK.
MONDAY, April 25,
For the first time in some years,
THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM.
TUESDAY, April 26,
First time this season,
MARRIED LIFE.
WEDNESDAY, April 27,
THE LOVE CHASE.
In preparation, several Novelties.
SATURDAY NEXT, April 23—MATINEE, "OURS."

EXTRA
WALLACK
MATINEE,
SATURDAY NEXT, APRIL 23.
"OURS,"
with its fine military pictures and charming effects.
COMMENCE AT 1½ P. M.
BOX BOOK NOW OPEN.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

ANOTHER DECIDED TRIUMPH.
MORE LAURELS FOR G. L. FOX.
CONFIRMED SUCCESS
of
MACBETH,
WITH ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY,
COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS.
MACBETH..............Mr. GEO. L. FOX
NOTICE.
LOCK'S ORIGINAL MUSIC.
The management have spared no expense in order to give proper effect to this quaint and popular music. Additional vocal talent have been expressly engaged for the proper execution of
THE WITCHES' CHORUSES.
MATINEES OF MACBETH,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
Seats secured two weeks in advance, at the box office, and at the theater ticket-office, 114 Broadway.

GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ.

GRAND CONCERT,
For the benefit of the
GERMAN HOSPITAL.
STEINWAY HALL,
SUNDAY EVENING, APRIL 24, 1870,
At 8 o'clock, with the assistance of
Miss CLARA PERL, Contralto,
Miss ANNA MEHLIG, Pianiste,
and other eminent soloists and a
FULL ORCHESTRA.
Conductor..............AGRICOL PAUR.

The programme will comprise, among others, the following compositions:
"Das Alexander Fest," Oratorio..........Handel.
Concert in E flat, Piano and Orchestra..........Liszt.
"Gang um Mitternacht," Male Chorus..........Liszt.

Tickets of admission at $1, and reserved seats at $1 extra, can be obtained at G. Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway, and at Steinway Hall.

The entire gross receipts will be devoted to the German Hospital fund.

OLE BULL

Respectfully announces his
FAREWELL CONCERT,
prior to his departure for Europe, at
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
FRIDAY EVENING, April 22, and at
ASSOCIATION HALL, cor. 4th-av. and 23d st.,
SATURDAY EVENING, April 23,
assisted by his celebrated Troupe. Admission $1. No extra charge for reserved seats. Sale of tickets begins WEDNESDAY, April 20, at Box Office, Academy of Music, Brooklyn; Schirmers, No. 701 Broadway; Pattison's under the Hall, and the evening of performances.
Doors open at 7. Commence at 8 o'clock.
J. JAY WATSON, Agent.
ALEXANDER BULL, Business Manager.

HIPPOTHEATRON.

14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
GREAT SUCCESS OF
PROF. RISLEY'S GRAND EUROPEAN COMBINATION,
who will appear EVERY EVENING in their diversified entertainment. Grand MATINEE WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2 o'clock.

A SPLENDID PIANO-FORTE.

J. N. PATTISON & CO.,
Nos. 48 and 50 East 23d-st., under Association Hall.
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES,
Which for durability, purity, richness and melody of tone and rare perfection of touch are
UNSURPASSED IN THE WORLD.

The professional reputation of Mr. J. N. PATTISON as a concert pianist is widely known. The most celebrated makers of pianos have constantly quoted his opinion as a guarantee of the excellence of their instruments.

Mr. J. N. PATTISON has concentrated his knowledge and experience upon the manufacture of the pianos he now offers to the public, and pledges his reputation upon their unsurpassed durability, their purity, depth and brilliancy of tone and perfection of action and touch which have never been achieved in any pianos before.

J. N. PATTISON & CO. invite the public and the profession to inspect these instruments, which they can offer at a price which will defy competition.
J. N. PATTISON & CO.,
Nos. 48 and 50 East 23d-st.
Pianos to rent and for sale by installment.

APOLLO HALL,

BROADWAY AND 28TH-ST.
The famous RIVARDE CLUB will give a Concert in aid of the SHELTERING ARMS, an asylum for crippled incurable children.
A very attractive programme will be rendered. Tickets, $2.

LECTURES

REV. H. M. GALLAHER WILL LECTURE for the Union Temperance Society, of the Presbyterian Church of Sea and Land, corner Market and Henry sts., THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*America and the Americans.* Admission, 25 cents. Music by the choir.

STEAMBOATS.

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.
GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.
Fare always as low as by any other line.
The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.,
Arriving ahead of all other lines.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 319 Broadway, corner New Pearl-st., and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.
The ST. JOHN, DREW, and DEAN RICHMOND.
One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, EVERY AFTERNOON (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination; also, at Dodd's Express Offices, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR BOSTON.

Via FALL RIVER, touching at NEWPORT.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
The world-renowned steamers
BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE
Com. A. G. SIMMONS. Com. B. M. SIMMONS.
Having been thoroughly overhauled and elegantly refitted, leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st.
JAMES FISK, Jr., President.
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director.
C. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent.
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.

The steamer ANTELOPE leaves every morning, without exception, from the foot of Harrison-st., at 8 A. M., landing at 34th-st. at 8¼. Yonkers, Dobbs' Ferry, (Tarrytown and Nyack by ferry,) Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Verplank's and Peekskill. Tarrytown omitted on Sundays.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN,

Capt. JAY L. CLARK, for Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 3¼ P. M., from Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., one block above Catharine Ferry, touching at 37th-st. at 3¾ for passengers only.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.			LEAVE RED BANK.		
Tuesday, 12th	2	P. M.	Wednesday, 13th	2	P. M.
Thursday, 14th	2	P. M.	Friday, 15th	7	A. M.
Friday, 15th	2½	P. M.	Saturday, 16th	7½	A. M.
Saturday, 16th	3½	P. M.	Monday, 18th	8	A. M.
Tuesday, 19th	10	A. M.	Wednesday, 20th	9	A. M.
Thursday, 21st	8	A. M.	Thursday, 21st	12	M.
Friday, 22d	8½	A. M.			

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—The fastest elegant steamers on the Hudson leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, connecting at above places with morning express trains for the north, west and east. Fare, $1 50; through tickets issued and baggage checked. Sunday fare $1. Freight taken at low rates. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock.

FOR HUDSON, ATHENS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.—The clipper steamboat NEVERSINK leaves foot of Warren-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., for the above places.

STEAMERS FOR SALE.—SIDE-WHEEL and screw steamers of various dimensions, for coast and river service. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 64 Broadway.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND ALL points on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—Steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily, foot of Market-st. at 2¼, and 32d-st. at 3 P. M.

FOR NEW HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1 25. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3,500.—WANTED—A PARTNER IN an established manufacturing business in Philadelphia; a business man capable of taking charge of the sales department; can realize a handsome income. Address J. J. D., Box No. 2,886, New-York, with name, &c.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND lease of the old established jewelry-store, No. 362 Bowery; one of the best locations in the City. For further particulars apply at the store.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND FURNITURE of one of the most popular hotels; always full to its capacity; which will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.
JAMES FISK, JR..........................Proprietor
JOHN F. COLE..........................Manager
EASTER HOLIDAYS.
OVERWHELMING ATTRACTION.
ELEVENTH WEEK OF THE
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.
First week of the
AMAZON BALLET.
First week of the
AJAX SPECIALTY.
COLIN AND NINETTE.
THE GREATEST ATTRACTION IN THE CITY.
EVERY NIGHT and SATURDAY MATINEE.
Shortly, a new, complete, and genuine
SPANISH BALLET TROUPE.
Seats secured ten days in advance at the box-office; also, at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway ticket-office, corner 23d-st. and Broadway.

BOOTH'S THEATER.

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
SEASON OF COMEDY.
ON MONDAY, APRIL 18,
AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK,
The eminent Comedian,
MR. JOHN S. CLARKE,
will appear in his celebrated characters of
MAJOR WELLINGTON DE BOOTS,
In the comedy, in three acts, (altered by Stirling Coyne, from his play of "Everybody's Friend,") entitled,
A WIDOW HUNT,
AND
TOODLES.
In an entirely new version, never acted in New-York, of the comic drama of that name, both of which plays will be produced with special attention to detail.
A MAJOR DE BOOTS and TOODLES MATINEE,
ON SATURDAY NEXT, AT 1½.
Seats secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE, at the box-office of the theater, or at its branch ticket-office, at the music-store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.

24th-st., one door from Broadway. Begins at 8.
Sole Lessee and Manager....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK,
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY'S significant comedy of contemporaneous society, entitled,
FROU FROU.
Characters by Miss ETHEL, Mrs. GILBERT, Miss NEWTON, Miss AMES, Mr. CLARKE, Mr. DAVIDGE, Mr. LEWIS, Mr. PARKES, Mr. DE VERE and others.
FROU FROU MATINEE SATURDAY NEXT at 2 o'clock.
Fifth WEDNESDAY MATINEE will be given on April 27, at 1 o'clock.
MONDAY, April 25, BENEFIT of Miss ETHEL.
**VICTORIEN SARDOU'S new comedy, FERNANDE, received.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers......JARRETT & PALMER.
Wonderful success of the
LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE,
And generous appreciation
By the New-York public.
THURSDAY, APRIL 21,
Will be presented,
PIPPIN;
OR, THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES,
In which
MISS LYDIA THOMPSON
And troupe will appear.
Musical Director..............Mr. M. CONNOLLY.
PIPPIN MATINEE, SATURDAY AT 2.
Seats secured six days in advance.

FRENCH THEATER.

FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
of the
GREAT EUROPEAN ARTIST,
CHARLES FECHTER,
who will reappear in New-York with
MISS LECLERQ,
and an admirable company,
MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1870,
in the
LADY OF LYONS.
Every appointment will be complete, and the public are respectfully informed that no expense has been spared by the management in mounting the piece, which will be placed upon the stage in the manner that the talents of the artist imperatively demand.
Box-office open daily from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

TAMMANY.

THE ALHAMBRA PALACE, 14TH-ST.
Mr. JOSH HART..............................Manager
EVERYTHING NEW.
For the week commencing April 18,
Johnny Wild, J. W. McAndrews, Dick Ralph and
FIFTY OTHERS. FIFTY OTHERS.
PLEASE GET A PROGRAMME.
PLEASE GET A PROGRAMME.
LADIES' MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE

Successor to Barnum's,
BROADWAY, CORNER 30TH-ST.
OPEN EVERY DAY AND EVENING.
EVERY EVENING A new burlesque by the
THE BLONDES, THE BOHEMIAN GIRL,
Introducing LIVING WILD ANIMALS.
MATINEE DAILY. THE WHITE CAT.

BOWERY THEATRE.

EASTER WEEK—NEW LOCAL DRAMA. NEW-YORK 1840—1870. CLODOCHE TROUPE. CONCHITA RONZANTI. Variety Troupe. Le Quatre Amour. Pride of the Ocean.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

CREAM DE LA CREAM OF MINSTRELSY.
Immense success of ROLLIN HOWARD, the great Burlesque artist.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD and BACKUS.
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
Real Fun, Genuine Humor, Lovely Screams.
Birch, Bernard and Backus in new acts.

APOLLO HALL. APOLLO HALL.

Corner Broadway and 28th-st.—Thirteenth Week.
McEVOY'S NEW HIBERNICON; Or, A TOUR OF IRELAND.
All the principal cities and places, of interest in Ireland portrayed on over 12,000 feet of canvas making the largest and most beautiful panorama in the world.
BARNEY AND THE GHOST.
"The scene between Barney and the Ghost regularly awakens the wildest laughter."—*Mercury.*
Admission, 35 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents.
MATINEES, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 2 P. M.; children, 15 cents; adults, 25 cents.

"A WIDOW HUNT."

As produced at Booth's Theater by J. S. Clarke.
Price, 15 cents.
For sale at all bookstores.
ROBERT M. DE WITT, Publisher,
No. 13 Frankfort-st., New-York.

LEEDS ART GALLERIES.

The sale of the works of art belonging to
J. P. BEAUMONT,
the largest collection of original paintings ever offered in this City, will be continued each EVENING at 7 o'clock.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

The FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES is now open, DAY AND EVENING, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

MEETINGS.

TO BOSS BARBERS.—A SECOND MEETING of boss barbers will be held on THURSDAY, April 21, at 9 P. M., at the Germania Assembly-rooms, Nos. 291 and 293 Bowery. Business of great importance will be brought forward. Every proprietor is urged to attend.
F. REESE,
— RAYENKAL,
— WOLTZ, } Committee.

INSTRUCTION.

DOLBEAR'S WRITING PARLORS for ladies, Nos. 873 and 875 Broadway, over Aitken & Miller's. Ladies desiring first-class instruction in penmanship are invited to call.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE, No. 40 Washington-square, (South,) GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits boys of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms.

A HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

AT GLEN COVE SEMINARY, GLEN COVE, L. I.
J. R. BURWOOD, PRINCIPAL.
Spring term commences April 4. Terms $300 per annum. Music and French the only extras. Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, D. D., visitor.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NORWALK, CONN.,
C. M. SELLECK, Principal.
The Summer session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 11.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 212 5th-av., with primary department.

A WIDOW LADY AND DAUGHTER keeping a select school in Fordham, would take two or three children (under ten) to board, with or without tuition; they would have all the comforts of a home and a mother's care. Apply for particulars at CODDINGTON'S bookstore, No. 388 Bowery.

RURAL HOME SCHOOL.—A SELECT family boarding-school, in the beautiful village of Sharon, Conn., for boys from 7 to 14 years of age. Session begins May 4. CHAS. H. SHEARS, M. A., M. D., Principal and Proprietor.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.—THE care, comfort and progress of the student guaranteed. Cost per year, $210. Address THOS. HANLON, Pennington, N. J.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE—A FAMILY School for Boys. Spring term begins April 11. For circulars, &c., address H. W. Siglar, Newburgh, N.Y.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY, FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Miss EMILY NELSON, Principal.

MOUNT VERNON INSTITUTE, MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.—Spring session begins May 2. For circulars address J. OAKLEY, Principal.

THE SPRING TERM OF MRS. BOOREAM'S Boarding-School for Young Ladies and Misses will commence April 20, in Brookfield, Ct.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK COMMON PLEAS—MARY E. B. DAVIS, plaintiff, against HIRAM DAVIS, defendant.—Summons for relief.—Com. not served.—Action of divorce to the defendant Hiram Davis.—You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of New-York, at the City Hall, New-York City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 20 Centre-st., New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, July 25, 1869.
ISAAC G. BOYCE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in this action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas in the County of New-York, on the 23d day of March, 1870.—Dated New-York, March 23, 1870.
ISAAC G. BOYCE, Plaintiff's Attorney.
mh24-law6wTh*

HON. ANSON BURLINGAME.

Reception of His Remains—Departure for Boston.

A large number of distinguished citizens, representing the Chamber of Commerce and the Union League Club, embarked on the revenue cutter *Beaux*, Capt. CONSTABLE, at the Battery, yesterday afternoon, and was subsequently taken on board of the German steamer *Silesia*, at Hoboken, for the purpose of receiving the remains of the late Mr. BURLINGAME. In addition to the gentlemen named as funeral escort in the TIMES of yesterday, there was also present on the occasion Gen. N. P. BANKS, Gen. MCDOWELL and Gen. MCCLELLAN, beside numerous private friends of the deceased Minister. The Boston City Council was also represented on the mournful occasion by Alderman F. W. JACOB and Councilmen HOLLIS R. GRAY and F. WILLIAMS, and the Governor of Massachusetts by Adjutant-General CUNNINGHAM and Maj. CAPELLO of his staff. At the time of the arrival of the escort on the *Silesia*, the gangway of the vessel was draped in mourning, the flags was at half-mast, and the officers and crew were assembled on the main deck, with heads uncovered, surrounding the coffin, which lay inclosed in a large black case, studded with silver stars. An American flag also covered the coffin. An address was made by Mr. WM. E. DODGE, President of the Chamber of Commerce, who said that, although it was only right that the illustrious dead should receive marks of respect at the hands of all citizens of New-York, it was felt that anything like a procession or formal display, at this time, would be unnecessary, and therefore they had met in this quiet way. Several persons were deeply affected during the delivery of the remarks. The ceremony of transferring the coffin to the revenue cutter was then performed by means of ropes and pulleys attached to the yard-arm. It was conducted in a very impressive manner. The remains were subsequently conveyed on board of the steamer *Providence*, and were taken charge of by the Massachusetts escort, together with Gen. BANKS, Mr. ISAAC LIVERMORE, father-in-law of Mr. BURLINGAME, and Mr. E. L. BURLINGAME, son of the deceased. The steamer sailed for Boston with the remains at 4 o'clock. On her departure the flags on several vessels in the river and bay were placed at half-mast. Previous to the transfer of the body Gen. BANKS presented the regrets of the Vice-President, Speaker BLAINE, and of the Congressional delegation from Massachusetts for being compelled to absent themselves from the ceremony on account of official business.

BOSTON, April 20.—The remains of the late ANSON BURLINGAME, on their arrival to-morrow morning, will be deposited in Faneuil Hall, which, on Friday, will be open to the public. A guard of honor, detailed from the cadets, will pay military respect, and the Company will act as an escort at the funeral on Saturday.

A MYSTERY SOLVED.

Body of a Missing Waterman Found—Strong Presumptive Proof of Murder.

Some weeks ago a quantity of clothing and other articles were stolen from the cabin of a barge lying in Harlem River by one RICE, a hand employed on the vessel, in whose possession a portion of the stolen property was found when he was arrested by Detectives HAMILTON and LEVINGS, of the Nineteenth Precinct, and being subsequently tried in the Court of General Sessions, RICE was convicted and sentenced to a term of four and a half years in Sing Sing State Prison.

This phase of the case was extremely simple, and the result swiftly and inevitably reached. But the detectives encountered a more difficult task in the fact of the disappearance, almost simultaneously with the larceny as it afterward proved, of THOMAS SCOTT, the Captain of the barge. No trace of him could be found, and it was at last thought possible that detecting RICE in the act of committing the theft a scuffle between the two men, who were the only persons known to have been on the barge on the night of the robbery, had occurred, in which RICE had killed the other and thrown the body overboard. This hypothesis was so strenghtened by other circumstances of the case that it was reported to Mr. KENNEDY, then Superintendent of Police, and by his order the Police steamer *Metropolitan*, under Capt. TODD, was employed in thoroughly dragging the river in the vicinity of the anchorage of the barge, but without finding the body. The search was then discontinued, but watch was kept upon the Morgue, so that if the body of SCOTT should be washed ashore and taken up it could be identified. This precaution in the end proved unnecessary, for the body of the missing man was washed ashore yesterday at Ward's Island, and at once identified by some persons who knew the man in life. The Nineteenth Precinct was at once notified, and took charge of the body, which was removed to the Morgue. The supposition of murder is almost made a certainty by its condition, as there is a large cut on the back of the head. As yet, however, the remains have not been subjected to a medical examination, which will exactly determine the cause of death. The detectives have, however, again begun an active investigation of all the circumstances attending the disappearance of SCOTT, and hope to fully solve the mystery.

Crimes and Casualties.

Yesterday morning a small boat loaded with rope was found adrift, at Pier No. 28 East River, by an officer of the Fourth Precinct, who secured it and subsequently ascertaining that it had been stolen from the schooner *Molly*, lying at Pier No. 27 East River, returned it to the owners.

MARY HUNTINGTON was arrested at a late hour Tuesday night in an intoxicated condition, and next morning it was found that her hip was seriously injured from a fall previous to her arrest. She was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

The Police steamer *Metropolitan* while cruising in the bay off the Battery, yesterday, collided with the brig *Excelsior*, but without doing any further damage than to break off a portion of her own port rail and carry away the martingale-stay and back rope of the brig.

JOHN KIRBY, who lives at High Bridge, while at work yesterday laying Croton pipes at One Hundred and Fifty-second-street and Eleventh avenue, was struck by a derrick and had his leg broken. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital by the Thirty-second Precinct Police.

DAVID OLIVER, nineteen years of age, yesterday fell from a ladder at the corner of Eighteenth-street and Ninth-avenue, and was severely injured. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Yesterday afternoon, MARY ANN ALEXANDER, a Frenchwoman, seventy-two years of age, was detected in the act of stealing a piece of satin, valued at $100, from the store of JAMES MCCREERY & Co., in Broadway. She was given in charge of Officer WOOLSEY, of the Broadway Squad, who took her to Police Head-quarters, where she claimed to have been in this country only seven months, but was recognized by Superintendent JOURDAN and several of the detectives, as a shop-lifter of many years' experience in New-York, who had once been sent to State Prison for that offense. She will be arraigned at the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning.

Patrolman CHAS. HARVEL, of the Nineteenth Precinct, was attacked yesterday afternoon at the corner of Fifty-eighth-street and Third-avenue by HENRY VAN HAGEN, who, being armed with a chisel, cut open both of HARVEL's lips. The assailant was immediately arrested by Officer HAMILTON, of the Nineteenth Precinct, and being arraigned before Justice COULTER at the Fifty-seventh-street Police Court, was committed for examination.

New-York Alumni of Rochester University.

The Alumni of Rochester University resident in this City, met at the Astor House at 3½ P. M., yesterday, for the purpose of forming an Alumni Association. MANTON MARBLE, Esq., being the oldest Alumnus present, was called to the chair. The Committee which inaugurated the movement for founding the Association, reported, through its Secretary, a plan of organization, recommending that the officers of the society be a President, Vice-President and Secretary, and a Board of Managers, all officers and Professors of the University to be entitled to membership, and the Society to be called "The New-York Society of the Alumni of the University of Rochester;" the President, Vice-President and Secretary of the Society to be *ex officio* members of the Board of Managers; an annual reunion to be held yearly, about the holidays; the membership fee to be fixed at $2. This report was adopted, and the following gentlemen were elected officers: President, MANTON MARBLE; Vice-President, Rev. C. C. NORTON; Secretary, W. O. STODDARD. Board of Managers: J. C. OBERHEISER, H. B. BACON, J. R. HOWARD.

The Secretary was instructed to notify the Faculty of the University, and the parent Alumni Society of Rochester, of the formation of this organization. Dr. MARTIN B. ANDERSON, President of the University, congratulated the Alumni on the formation of this association, and predicted that good results would flow from it, both to themselves, to the University and to the community. The meeting then adjourned.

The Tontine Association—Election of Trustees.

The election of five trustees of the Tontine Association fund to fill vacancies occasioned by death, which took place yesterday, in Room No. 1 of the Tontine Building, corner of Wall and Water streets, was an occasion of more than ordinary interest, from the fact that the time is fast approaching when the trustees will surrender their trust and the property will be distributed. The election of yesterday will probably be the last which will ever take place. In 1790 the Tontine Association was formed, and was completed in 1792. The original number of shares was 203, and each shareholder paid $200, at the same time nominating an owner for the share, giving the age and sex of the one so selected. These persons, according to the terms agreed upon, possessed a life interest only in the rents, issues and profits of the fund, which was invested and placed in trust of a board of trustees, they holding a title in fee simple to the property of the Association. It was further agreed that when the number of shareholders should be reduced by death to seven, the property, or the proceeds thereof, should be divided into seven equal parts, and each part should become the absolute property of one of the seven survivors. With the fund originally contributed, the old Tontine Coffee-house was built, which was torn down in 1854-6 and the present structure erected. The property is now worth several hundred thousand dollars. In May, 1855, fifty-one shareholders were alive. The number is now reduced to eight, the youngest of whom is eighty years of age and the oldest ninety-two. The survivors are Robert Benson, Wm. Bayard, J. D. De Wint, Daniel M. Hoffman, Gouverneur Kemble, Horatio Gates Stevens, Maria Bayard and Mary Ray. Great excitement and interest is said to exist among these elderly persons as to which one of them will die first, as upon the death of one of them the property will then be distributed. The late GULIAN C. VERPLANK and GEORGE PIXTON ROGERS were both shareholders in this fund, and the latter is reported, prior to his death, to have bought up a number of other shares, with the hope that he would live to be one of the "last seven."

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Resignations—Corporal Punishment—Election of City Superintendent and Assistants.

The Board of Education met at 4 P. M. yesterday, Mr. LARREMORE in the Chair.

A resolution was adopted instructing the Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward not to release the buildings used for school purposes in that ward, the leases of which will expire on 1st of May next, but to transfer the schoolars to the other school buildings.

Communications were read from THOMAS F. HARRISON, N. A. CALKINS and WM. JONES, resigning their positions as Assistant Superintendents of Schools, to take effect on 1st of June next.

The resignations were accepted.

A communication was received from the Association of Female Assistants in the Male Department of the Public Schools, earnestly begging the Board of Education to rescind the law forbidding corporal punishment, otherwise the public schools will become demoralized.

It was referred to the Committee on By-laws.

The President announced that he had received a communication signed "A Tax-payer," reflecting severely on the conduct of a school trustee. As it bore no name, he should not have it read, or made public.

On motion of Mr. WOOD a ballot was taken to fill the office of City Superintendent. Mr. WOOD nominated Mr. HENRY KIDDLE, Assistant Superintendent, for the office, his salary to be $4,500 per annum.

On the first ballot Mr. KIDDLE having received the whole number of votes cast was declared duly elected.

Messrs. Thos. F. Harrison, John H. Fanning, N. A. Calkins and Wm. Jones were then elected Assistant Superintendents. Mr. Harrison's salary was fixed at $4,200; Mr. Fanning's at $3,800; Mr. Calkins' at $3,800, and Mr. Jones' at $3,600.

Mr. WOOD offered a resolution extending the Summer holiday in the public schools from 4th July to first Monday in September. It was referred to the Committee on By-laws.

A communication was received from Mr. JOHN HECKER on the subject of normal schools, the points of which were precisely the same as those already given in a similar communication some weeks ago.

It was referred to the Committee on Normal Schools.

The Board then adjourned.

Election of Delegates to the Tammany General Committee.

The election of delegates to the Tammany General Committee from the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Twenty-first Wards was held last evening, pursuant to the order issued at Tammany Hall on Monday evening last. The election passed off with the utmost quietude, and with the following result:

First Ward—Nicholas Muller, Daniel Kennedy, John Hayes, James E. Hasson, Michael Halpin, Jr., Henry Bick, Jr., James Cherry, William H. Holmes, Charles Shultz, James Woods, Herman Schmidt, John Eagan, John Cavin, and Matthew Toole.

Second Ward—John Petit, Wm. Furlong, John Walker and Michael Fay.

Third Ward—Andrew D. Purtenn, James Feore, Daniel E. Finn and Neils Kelly.

Fifth Ward—Terence Duffy, John L. Whitton, John H. Welsh, Michael Madigan, John Ray, Thomas Condy, John McCrea, Geo. M. Curtis, Claus Puckhaser, Geo. W. Mason, Denis Dermody, James Kernan, Michael O'Brien and Wm. H. Maloney.

Thirteenth Ward—Michael Healy, Frederick Zimmer, Patrick J. McLoughlin, Jacob Scherding, Patrick O'Connor, Matthew Patten, Daniel F. McIntyre, Jacob Seebacher, Patrick Carrher, Francis Coan, Michael Maloney, Wm. Hennessey, Thomas H. Smith, Wm. H. Tracey and Timothy J. Campbell.

Fourteenth Ward.—John Hayes, Patrick R. White, Hugh O'Brien, James J. Slevin, Michael Finnerty, Robert Racey, Joseph Murphy, Walter Burke, Charles M. Clancy, Henry Mauron, Ambrose O'Neil, Cornelius P. Jourdan, Charles Crofton, James Goodwin, Charles D. Reiss, James Carty, Timothy O'Brien and Owen Cavanagh.

Twenty-first Ward—Richard B. Connolly, Bernard O'Neil, Lawrence D. Kiernan, Bernard Costello, Edward Kelly, Solomon Mehrbach, Samuel B. Garvin, James M. Smith, Michael Kane, Richard M. Tweed, James Everhard, John Murray, Patrick Looram, Nicholas Hoffman, Daniel A. Bostwick, Stephen O'Brien, Hugh Reilly, John O'Donnell and James Gorrey.

The Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris Railroad.

The Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the matter of securing the right of way for the Spuyten Duyvel and Port Morris Railroad, consisting of HORACE GREELEY, EDWARD F. SHONARD and JACKSON O. DYKEMAN, presented their report to Justice JOSEPH F. BARNARD, of the Supreme Court, at Brooklyn, yesterday, when it was duly confirmed, so that Commodore VANDERBILT, after footing the bills for land to be taken, can at once commence the construction of the proposed railroad, which will enable the trains of the Hudson River and Central Railroads to switch off at Spuyten Duyvil, run along the east side of the Harlem River to Mott Haven, thence down the present track of the Harlem Railroad to the new Grand Union Depot at Forty-second-street and Fourth-avenue; while freight brought down the Hudson River, and intended to go eastward, can be run down the branch railroad to Port Morris, from which point it can be placed on board of vessels for any desired port. The length of the new road, from Spuyten Duyvil to its junction with the Harlem Railroad, will be about six miles.

Brooklyn Internal Revenue.

The following returns for March have been made to the Assessors of the Second and Third Districts, Brooklyn:

RAILROAD COMPANIES.	Receipts.
Brooklyn City and Newtown	$11,992
Brooklyn City	93,556
Wm. Richardson, Atlantic and Flatbush	16,122
Broadway	9,120
Grand-street and Newtown	5,582
Southside	12,313
Brooklyn City, Hunter's Point and Prospect Park	10,280
Van Brunt-street and Erie Basin	1,389
Brooklyn, Bath and Coney Island	540
Brooklyn and Coney Island	7,691
Bushwick-avenue	4,703
BANKS.	Deposits.
Brooklyn Bank	$900,244
Long Island Bank	818,251
Brooklyn Trust Co.	1,836,453
Mechanics' Bank	1,507,359
Central Bank	302,840
Fulton Bank	137,344
Commercial Bank	140,000
Mechanics' and Traders' Bank	213,775
FERRY COMPANIES.	Receipts.
Union	$75,458
Greenpoint	11,873
Bay Ridge	350
Houston-street	9,907
Grand-street	2,365
INSURANCE COMPANIES.	Premiums.
Brooklyn	$5,421
Firemen's Trust	4,030
Long Island	5,949
Mechanics'	7,350
Montauk	5,053
Nassau	4,099
Phenix	98,045
Lafayette Fire	15,095
Atlantic	69,007
GAS COMPANIES.	Cubic feet.
Brooklyn	30,453,900
Citizens'	12,086,300
Williamsburg	9,631,329
Flatbush	388,024
Union, East New-York	227,200
AMUSEMENTS.	Receipts.
G. Harrison, Academy of Music	$729
R. M. Hooley, Minstrels	4,673
Mrs. Conway, Park Theater	8,960

The Frontier Smuggling Frauds—McCrun Held.

The case of JOHN H. MCCRUN, an Ex-Inspector of Customs, charged by Gen. CURTIS, Special Agent for the Treasury Department, with having smuggled large quantities of nutmegs into the United States from Canada, was resumed before Commissioner OSBORN yesterday afternoon. Evidence was introduced for the defense for the purpose of proving that the accused was secretly detailed to ferret out smuggling frauds on the frontier, and was authorized to use every means in his power in his undertaking. Mr. E. D. WEBSTER, Ex-Revenue Assessor, gave evidence as to the good character of the accused from his knowledge of him while he, witness, was Deputy Surveyor. He said he believed that a detective was justified in dealing with smugglers and customs, and in violating the law, provided his only motive was to subserve the interests of the Government.

TIMOTHY C. DWIGHT, an Ex-Custom-house official, deposed to having recommended MCCRUN as an efficient and honest officer. Subsequently the case was summed up by Mr. ABRAM WAKEMAN for the accused, and by Assistant District-Attorney JACKSON for the prosecution, after which the Commissioner announced that he should hold MCCRUN to await a warrant from the Northern District of New-York, in which his offense was committed.

FENIAN CONGRESS.

Second Day's Session—Arrival of the Delegates from the Chicago Convention—Gen. O'Neill's Message.

At 9½ yesterday morning the second day's session of the Fenian Congress commenced, a permanent organization having been effected the previous evening with Gen. J. J. DONELLY, of Utica, as Speaker, and DANIEL MURPHY, of Bridgeport, Conn., as Clerk. As on Tuesday the fore part of the day was occupied in the examination of credentials by the Committee appointed for that purpose, several delegates having arrived as per announcement, swelling the number to 178. The usual Congressional Committees, Ways and Means, Finance, &c., were appointed, and the business fairly commenced, when the delegates sent by the Chicago Convention, J. F. FINERTY, of the Chicago *Republican*; Major W. MCWILLIAMS, of Philadelphia, and Capt. P. C. MCLOUGHLIN, of Central City, Colorado, presented their credentials, the examination of which occupied the greater portion of the afternoon. These gentlemen came here with the intention of restoring harmony and unity to the organization, if possible. They have been empowered to make any fair concessions to the O'Neill party so far as is compatible with the interests of the Brotherhood at large. If, as has been alleged, the latter party object to certain members of the Executive Committee, these delegates will agree that four of that body shall be appointed by the O'Neill party, four by their own, and the ninth shall be elected by both. They are in reality the friends of Gen. O'NEILL, and are willing to co-operate in any well-organized move against the common enemy; in other words, they prefer to make war against England as an army, and not as unsuccessful raiders. Their object is to make matters tend to this end. At 3½ in the afternoon, a Committee of three, J. A. MCGUIRE, J. FINN and Mr. KING, were sent to them by the delegates then in session to interview them and report their sentiments and object in desiring admission. While this was going forward, another Committee of three was dispatched to head-quarters to wait upon Gen. O'NEILL, who returned with the gentlemen to the house. He was greeted with cheers, and on being introduced, reviewed in a lengthy speech the history of the organization for the past year, and the existing relations between the co-ordinate branches thereof. The matters in this "message" bearing upon the graver questions to be brought before this Congress were kept secret from all but members. When he concluded, the report of the Committee who waited on the Chicago delegates was heard, and the afternoon session closed at 6 o'clock, without any action being taken on it.

The evening session opened at 7½ o'clock with a debate upon the propriety of admitting them. The friends of Gen. O'NEILL strongly opposed, and the discussion lasted until 10 o'clock, when a division took place, resulting in favor of their being permitted to enter and explain the views of the Chicago Convention, which they represented. Mr. FINERTY, as Chairman of the delegation, did so, and his statement was under consideration until long after midnight, when the Congress adjourned to meet at an early hour this morning.

Partial Organization of the Health Board—Col. Emmons Clark Secretary, and Dr. Moreau Morris Sanitary Inspector.

The first open session of the new Board of Health was held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Commissioners BOSWORTH, BRENNAN, STEPHEN SMITH, CECCARINI, CARNOCHAN, GROSS and MULLALY being present, and Commissioners MANIERRE and HENRY SMITH being absent. Upon motion of Mr. BRENNAN, Judge BOSWORTH was elected President *pro tem.* in consequence of the absence of Mr. MANIERRE, who had previously been chosen at a private session for that position. The minutes of the previous meeting being read, Mr. BRENNAN objected that they did not show the understanding that the officers elected at that time should resign, and leave the Board free to fill the various positions by formal ballot, but the objection was withdrawn, and the minutes approved. Mr. BRENNAN then moved that the Board proceed to the election of a permanent Secretary and of a City Sanitary Inspector, which was carried. The vote was then taken by ballot, and Col. EMMONS CLARK having received seven votes, was declared duly elected Secretary; Dr. MOREAU MORRIS receiving six votes, and Dr. ELISHA HARRIS one vote, Dr. MORRIS was declared duly elected City Sanitary Inspector. In consequence of the absence of Mr. MANIERRE, the election of a permanent President was postponed, and Col. CLARK being asked if there was any business upon his table, answered that there was nothing but the huge bundle of applications for office, which he displayed, and at the sight of which the dismayed Commissioners abruptly adjourned until Wednesday next at 1 o'clock.

The Sheltering Arms Bazaar.

The second day of the Bazaar witnessed no falling off in either the attendance or the enthusiasm. It is in fact the only place where every one will be pretty sure to find his friends. The crowding is fearful, the heat well-nigh intolerable, the pretty faces innumerable, but all these are patiently endured "for the sake of the cause, you know." The floral temple, the picture gallery, (the hanging of some of the pictures, by the way, is exceedingly bad,) the restaurant, the handsome parish tables, the Post-office, all have their devotees. SANDERS' Band furnishes capital music every evening, while the Fort Hamilton band discoursed sweet music yesterday afternoon. The Bazaar has its own organ in the shape of a lively little daily paper. A commendable feature of the Fair is the absence of all "buttonholing." You invest if you feel disposed to do so, otherwise, you go on your way rejoicing. No committees of young ladies to ply their artful wiles upon your susceptible heart. And, says the *Daily Bazaar*, "any one who buys a bargain and feels that he has got too much for the consideration paid, can send his stamps to the Treasurer, who will receive them and credit them to the conscience fund, which he will open for the purpose." A splendid Weber grand is to be given to the clergyman's wife receiving the largest number of votes, while a handsome watch goes to the most popular clergyman, as indicated by the infallible ballot. For the latter prize the voting up to last night stood as follows: Bishop POTTER, 84 votes; Dr. MONTGOMERY, 33 votes; Pope PIUS IX., 32 votes; Dr. MORGAN, 16 votes; Dr. PETERS, 15 votes, etc. The sale of tickets already amounts to over $6,000 and the number of visitors the first day was over 4,000. More particuldr attention to some of the most noteworthy features of the Fair will be given in future notices. At present too much praise cannot be awarded to Major MONTGOMERY and his assistants for what bids fair to be a grand success, pecuniarily and every other way.

Base Ball.

The picked nine game on the Union Grounds, yesterday, was a very enjoyable one. The players were selected from the Mutual, Eckford and Oriental Clubs, these being the occupants of the Union Grounds. The sides were respectively Captained by HATFIELD and DEVYR—luck favoring the former with a much superior in-field. MCDERMOTT, the pitcher on DEVYR's side, is the new man for that position on the Eckford nine, and gives fair promise of excelling. If he had been even fairly supported there would not have been such disparity in the score of runs. NELSON led in batting. HATFIELD's score being aided by loose fielding. On DEVYR's side, WILSON and D. HUNT led the batting score, the former being unfortunately left three or four times. The fielding was marked by a neat fly by PATTERSON, and good base play by MCKEGAN and HATFIELD. NELSON scored the only home run of the game by a long hit over the house. The score follows:

DEVYR'S SIDE.	O.	R.	HATFIELD'S SIDE.	O.	R.
McDermott, p.	2	1	Perrine, r. f.	2	3
Devyr, s. s.	3	0	Bunting, c.	3	2
D. Hunt, l. f.	1	2	Nelson, 3d b.	1	3
Allison, 1st b.	2	1	Patterson, l. f.	3	1
McKegan, 2d b.	2	1	Swandell, 1st b.	2	3
Eggler, c. f.	3	1	D. Eggler, c. f.	2	3
Jewett, c.	2	1	Hatfield, s. s.	0	5
Phelps, 3d b.	2	1	Delmage, 2d b.	2	2
Wilson, r. f.	1	0	McGee, p.	3	1
Total	18	8	Total	18	23

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	
Devyr's	2	1	2	1	0	2	—8
Hatfield's	0	2	1	7	3	10	—23

Today the Atlantics and Unions, of Morrisania, play on the Capitoline grounds—the first match-game of the season.

Western Demand for Farm Laborers.

An agent of the Children's Aid Society, who has just returned from Missouri, reports that he has never before seen so great a demand for farm "help" in that section of the country. He was able to obtain satisfactory homes and employment for a large party of boys in a few hours, and in most cases the larger boys were promised good wages. Another party, numbering about 140, left the Society's office yesterday, destined for Iowa. The company was composed of homeless boys and poor families unable to provide for their children in the City. These are going where the fields are wide and the laborers too few, and it were well if many more would follow them.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

MORRIS S. HILL's case was summed up before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday. Counsel for the accused claimed that there was nothing in the records of the Farmers' and Drovers' National Bank of Somers, Westchester County, or in the evidence produced for the prosecution which could be taken as in any way substantiating the charge of defalcation. The decision was reserved.

The American Phonographic Society held its April meeting last evening at Mr. PACKARD's new rooms, corner of Eleventh-street and Broadway, Mr. J. E. MUNSON in the chair. Mr. PACKARD was present, and made a brief but interesting address. Eighteen new members were elected and five more proposed. The reports showed that the Society is in every way in a very prosperous condition. Mr. MUNSON gave his usual lesson in phonography. After the transaction of a large amount of routine business, the Society adjourned until the second Wednesday in May.

A correspondent writes that more bird-houses should be erected on the trees in the City Hall Park, and a bird fountain (like that at St. Paul's churchyard,) placed in the Park. Instead of one dozen houses for the sparrows, there should be 100 in the City Hall Park, fifty on Bowling-Green 200 at the Battery, and erected without delay. These valuable birds have done a good work in this City, and should be as well provided for down town as they are in six of our parks between Fourth and Forty-second streets.

The following have been elected officers of the Church of the Heavenly Rest: Senior Warden, Gen. J. Watson Webb; Junior Warden, Hon. Edw. Haight; Vestrymen, Edward Carter, S. K. Conrad, W. A. Ridabock, W. B. Dick, A. H. Bancker, P. R. Jackson, J. H. Sherwood, R. A. McCurdy.

The New-York Liberal Club held its twenty-third meeting last evening at the rooms of the Society, No. 23 Third-avenue. Prof. DOUAI read a paper entitled "A Rational System of Education," in which he contended that the system of education as practiced in the public schools of New-York is all wrong. There should, he said, be more object lessons given and not so much attention paid to text-books. Above all, the moral development of children should be more attended to. After the essay Prof. LEVESON, Dr. LAZARUS and others made some interesting and pertinent remarks in regard to the public school system.

The Engineering Society met last evening in the rooms of the Geographical Society. A paper was read by Mr. C. WILLIAMS on "The Old and New Methods of City Transportation." He argued that elevated railways would accomplish all that could be obtained by the present system, both as to convenience and profit. He said the most feasible, if not the only practical mode of propulsion adapted to the present necessities of City travel, was atmospheric pressure.

The Brown-stone Cutters' Association request us to state that their present strike is not one for wages solely, but rather for the maintenance of the eight-hour system and against the demands of the "bosses" that they should work nine hours daily for the sum of four dollars.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, before Judge BEDFORD, a pickpocket named JAMES COLLINS was convicted of having stolen a watch, valued at $40, from JOHN S. MULLIN, of Jersey City. He was sent to State Prison for four years and six months. JOHN GLENNON was sent to the Penitentiary for six months for having stolen $50 worth of wearing apparel belonging to JOHN SHANKS and CHRISTOPHER WOLF. THOMAS GORMAN, aged ten years, was sent to the Catholic Reformatory. He was shown to have stolen a gold watch from the room of LOUIS DAVIS, at No. 211 East Thirteenth-street, during his absence. The Court subsequently adjourned until this morning.

A notorious counterfeiter named WILL CROSBY was arrested at Stuyvesant-square by a member of Col. WHITLEY's secret service force yesterday, and on being searched was found in possession of $200 worth of spurious money on the Oneida National Bank, besides a bad $50 legal-tender bill. He was committed to Ludlow-street Jail by Commissioner OSBORN, to await an examination.

JOHN P. KENNEDY was appointed to the position of United States Deputy Marshal yesterday.

The Easter election in St. Timothy's Church resulted as follows: Wardens—A. B. McDonald, J. J. Smith. Vestrymen—George Montague, W. G. Hitchcock, Samuel R. Wells, William Irwin, A. S. Church, Sidney T. Smith, Hubbard G. Stone, Archibald Turner.

Yesterday afternoon a woman, whose name is not given, while employed in cleaning the house No. 47 South Washington-square, was taken suddenly ill, and was dead before assistance could reach her. The physician who was summoned stated that death was caused by the bursting of a blood-vessel. The Coroner was notified and an inquest will be held.

FRANCIS HOFFER, three years of age, who lives with his parents at No. 2 Avenue A, was run over yesterday afternoon by a car of the Avenue A line, and had his right leg severely injured. The driver of the car, PATRICK GALLY, was arrested and locked up in the Seventeenth Precinct Station-house.

WM. MESSICK was arraigned before Justice HOGAN yesterday, at the Tombs, on a charge of having obtained $20 on false pretenses from BUNDY BROS., at No. 30 Ann-street, by means of a loan on some worthless bonds of the Brooklyn and Coney Island Railroad. He was held for examination.

A young fellow, who refused to give his name, was yesterday committed by Justice HOGAN on a charge of attempting to pick the pocket of an unknown man. He was sent down for trial under the name of John Doe.

WILLIAM LEONARD, aged 4 years, of No. 420 Eleventh-avenue, was run over yesterday by a down freight train on the Hudson River Railroad, and instantly killed. An inquest will be held today.

JOHN LEVELLE, a French Canadian, was accidentally drowned, yesterday, at Pier No. 4, North River, by falling off the string piece. The body was removed to the Morgue for inquest.

JAMES RYAN, a small boy, while waiting to cross the track of the Hudson River Railroad, on Tenth-avenue, was caught by the driver's whip around the neck, thrown with his hand on the rail and had two fingers cut off by the wheel of the car. For this loss a jury in the Superior Court has awarded damages to the amount of $1,450 against the Company.

ISAAC J. SYLVESTER was arrested yesterday, as the result of a raid which has just been commenced by the Revenue Department on the numerous itinerant peddlers infesting this City, in consequence of their failure to take out licenses from the Government. He was held in $100 bail for examination by Commissioner SHIELDS.

Collector HARLOW, of the Fourth Revenue District, has appointed Messrs. ALBERT DAGGETT, formerly stamp clerk in the Thirty-second District, OLIVER FISH and JOHN M. COONEY as Deputy Collectors under him.

An unknown man was found drowned in the East River off Ward's Island, yesterday.

BROOKLYN.

In the United States Circuit Court yesterday judgments were entered for a suit in a bond given for the transportation of spirits in the sum of $1,923 07; MICHAEL SHIELDS, HAMILTON WADDELL and J. F. GARDINER. For $112 55, the amount of a distillery bond; EDWARD HILKER, CHAS. ROSCHER, FREDERICK SCHWARTZ.

JOHN WEDELS, a German, aged forty-five, a butcher by trade, was found dead, yesterday morning, in a hallway at the corner of Johnson-street and Graham-avenue, E. D. He was lying in a pool of blood, and death had evidently resulted from the bursting of a blood-vessel. An inquest was held in the evening by Coroner WHITEHILL, and a verdict returned accordingly.

The case of JOSEPH LAURENT, who is accused of having in his possession a counterfeit plate for twenty-five cent currency notes, was argued before United States Commissioner JONES yesterday by Mr. SPOONER for the defense, and District-Attorney PARRIS for the Government. The case was submitted and decision reserved.

NEW-JERSEY.

Yesterday afterooon a woman named LOUISA ARNOLD, who was living on a canal-boat lying in Harsimus Cove, fell overboard and was drowned. She was missed from the boat, and after a lapse of about two hours her body was observed floating alongside the boat. Coroner BURNS held an inquest last evening, when a verdict of accidental drowning was returned.

The Presbytery of Elizabeth have just held their annual meeting at Elizabethport. Rev. Mr. VAN DOREN, of New-Vernon, was elected Moderator, and Rev. Mr. LIGGETT, of Rahway, Clerk. Mr. THOMAS C. MURRAY, son of the late Dr. MURRAY, of Elizabeth, was accepted as a student for the Christian ministry.

Two policemen discovered a human body floating in the Hackensack River, near the New-Jersey Railroad Bridge, yesterday morning, which is supposed to be that of PATRICK LANE, who fell from the New-Jersey Railroad Bridge a few months ago. The body, which was recovered near the bridge, was decomposed, and was almost beyond recognition. Coroner BURNS, who was notified, and took the body in charge, sent word to the LANE family at East Newark to come and identify the body if possible.

ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The following officers of the United States steamer *Iroquois* have been detached and wait orders: Commander Richard L. Law; Lieutenant-Commander, Nicoll L. Ludlow; Surgeon, Thomas W. Leach; First Assistant Engineer, H. B. Nones; Second Assistant Engineer, W. W. Heaton. The following officers are detached from the *Iroquois* and ordered to examination for promotion: Lieut. John McGowan; Masters—George A. Bicknell, H. R. Wilson and W. H. Emory; Ensigns—John F. Meigs, F. M. Wise and H. G. O. Colby, Midshipmen—Duncan Kennedy, Huntington Smith, Wm. J. Barnette and George W. Tyler. Paymaster A. D. Bache is detached from the *Iroquois* and ordered to settle accounts.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, April 20.—The market for American Securities and Stocks opened steady and continued quiet. The following table shows the course of the market for Securities and Stocks during the day:

	11½ A. M.	2 P. M.	5 P. M.
Consols for money	94¼	..	94¼
Consols for account	94⅜	..	94⅜
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	88¼	88¼	88¼
U. S. 5-20s, '65, old	87½	87¾	87¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1867	89¼	89⅜	89¼
U. S. 10-40s	86	..	86
Illinois Central Rail. shares	113⅛	..	113⅛
Erie Railroad shares	20¼	..	20
Atlantic and Gt. West. shares	27¼	..	27¼

PARIS, April 20.—The Bourse opened quiet, and closed firm. RENTES opened at 74f. 85c., and closed at 74f. 72c.

PARIS, April 20—11 P. M.—Late in the day the Bourse was buoyant; Rentes were last quoted tonight at 75f. 5c.

FRANKFORT, April 20.—United States Bonds opened firm; Five-twenties of 1862, 95¼@95¾.

ANTWERP, April 20.—PETROLEUM opened quiet and steady, and closed firm at 50¾f.

LIVERPOOL, April 20—5 P. M.—COTTON opened quiet and closed quiet and steady at 11⅛d. for Middling Uplands, 11⅛d.@11½d. for Middling Orleans. The sales of the day foot up 12,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export. BREADSTUFFS—Peas, 36s. 6d. ℔ quarter for Canadian. PROVISIONS—Pork firm. Lard quiet and steady at 68s. 6d. ℔ cwt. PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum, 1s. 1d. Linseed-oil, £34.

LONDON, April 20—5 P. M.—TALLOW easier at 44s. 6d. LINSEED-OIL dull; Linseed Cakes quiet. SUGAR quiet, both on spot and afloat; No. 12 Dutch Standard on the spot, 32s.@32s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Calcutta Linseed firm at 59s. 9d.@60s.

HAVRE, April 20—COTTON opened quiet on spot and afloat.

BREMEN, April 20.—PETROLEUM opened flat at 6 thalers, 12 grotes.

HAMBURG, April 20.—PETROLEUM opened firmer.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, April 20.—FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT steady at $1 10@$1 12. CORN advancing with a good demand; sales at 88c.@90c. OATS firm at 55c.@60c. RYE sold at 97c., with a good demand. BARLEY quiet and unchanged. COTTON firm, with a good demand at 22c. TOBACCO firm; the demand exceeds the offerings; sales 179 hhds. at $5 50@$29 40. WHISKY in demand at $1, with little offering. PROVISIONS firmer under advices from other markets, and in good demand for BACON and Bulk MEATS. Mess PORK held at $28 25@$28 50, with no sales. LARD held at 16c. for kettle, with no demand. Bulk MEATS sold at 10¾c. for Shoulders; generally held at 10¾.; Sides held at 13¾c. for Clear Rib, and 14¼c.@15c. for Clear. BACON held at 11¾c.@12c. for Shoulders, 15¾c. for Clear Rib Sides; 16¼c. for Clear Sides; buyers offer 15⅝c. for Clear Rib, and 16¼c. for Clear Sides; sales made at these rates; Clear Rib Sides sold in the morning at 15½c. Sugar-cured HAMS, 17¾c.@18½c., with a fair demand. EXCHANGE firm at par@50 premium buying, 1-10 premium selling.

CHICAGO, April 20.—EXCHANGE unchanged. FLOUR firm and unchanged. WHEAT easier at 82½c. cash; 83½c. for No. 2, seller May; in the afternoon, unsettled and heavy at 82¼c., cash; 82¾c.@83c., seller May. CORN dull and unsettled; No. 2, 89c.; no grade, 78c.; in the afternoon firm at 89½c.@90¼c., cash, and seller May, for No. 2. OATS declining; No. 2, 46c.@46½c. RYE quiet at 77c. for No. 2. BARLEY firmer at 50c.@60c. for No. 2. HIGH-WINES firm and more active at $1 03 in wood and $1 04 in iron-bound packages. PROVISIONS steady. Mess PORK, $27 75@$28. LARD, 15⅝c.@15¾c. Dry-salted SHOULDERS, 10½c.@10⅝c. CATTLE very dull at $6 40@$8 for light to extra heavy smooth Beeves. Live HOGS quiet and easy at $8 30@$9 05 for common to choice. RECEIPTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 19,000 bushels Wheat, 28,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats, 1,400 bushels Rye, 1,500 bushels Barley, 4,200 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—6,000 bbls. Flour, 310,000 bushels Wheat, 24,000 bushels Corn, 17,000 bushels Oats, 3,200 bushels Rye, 1,800 bushels Barley, 2,800 Hogs.

BALTIMORE, April 20.—COTTON unchanged in every respect: Middling, 22¾c.; sales, 400 bales; net receipts, 50 bales; coastwise, 91 bales; total, 141 bales; exports, coastwise, 20 bales; stock, 3,825 bales. FLOUR very firm and higher on low and medium grades; Howard-street Superfine, $5@$5 25; do. Extra, $5 50@$6; do. Family, $6 50@$7 50; City Mills Superfine, $4 87½@$5 50; do. Extra, $5 50@$6 25; do. Family, $6 75@$8 75; Western Superfine, $4 75@$5; do. Extra, $5 25@$5 75; do. Family, $6@$6 75. WHEAT firm; Maryland, $1 45@$1 50; Pennsylvania, $1 32@$1 35. CORN active and in demand; White, $1 13@$1 14; Yellow, $1 14. OATS firm at 64c.@66c. RYE steady at $1 05@$1 12. Mess PORK quiet at $29. BACON quiet; Rib Sides, 16c.; Clear Sides, 16¾c.@17c.; Shoulders, 13c.; Hams, 19c.@20c. LARD quiet at 16½c.@17c. WHISKY firm at $1 06@$1 07.

OSWEGO, April 20.—FLOUR in good demand and the market is unchanged; sales 2,000 bbls. at $5 50@$5 75 for No. 1 Spring; $6@$6 25 for Amber Winter; $6 50@$6 75 for White, and $7@$7 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT unchanged; sales 3,200 bushels choice White Canada at $1 45, and 720 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 10. CORN quiet but firm; sales 700 bushels at $1 03@$1 05. BARLEY and RYE quiet. CORN-MEAL, $2 25 for bolted and $2 15 for unbolted ℔ cwt. MILL-FEED in good demand; Shorts, $20; Shipstuffs, $23@$25; Middlings, $30@$33, ℔ ton, as to quality. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 65c.; to New-York, 55c.; to Albany, 47c.; Grain and Mill-feed to Boston, $6 50; to New-York, $5 50; to Albany, $4 70, ℔ ton.

ST. LOUIS, April 20.—TOBACCO active. COTTON nominally 22c. FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT—Spring dull at 80c.; Fall easier; No. 2 Red, $1 02@$1 05; Choice to Fancy, $1 18@$1 32½. CORN—Mixed, 90c.@91c.; Yellow, 91c.@94c.; White, 95c.@98c. OATS firm at 54c.@56c. BARLEY quiet at $1 for Choice Minnesota. RYE firm at 77c. WHISKY, $1@$1 02. PORK quiet; round lots held at $29. Dry-salted MEATS—Nothing doing. BACON firm; Shoulders, 12c.; Clear Rib Sides, 15¾c.; Clear Sides, 16¼c. LARD quiet at 15c. for Prime Steam. CATTLE steady at $4 50@$7 50. Live HOGS dull at $8@$9. RECEIPTS—Flour, 4,200 bbls.; Wheat, 103,000 bushels; Corn, 23,000 bushels; Oats, 23,000 bushels; Barley, 2,600 bushels.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.—COTTON, small business; Middling Uplands, 23c.@23½c. FLOUR unchanged; Superfine, $4 44@$4 62½; Indiana and Ohio Extra Family, $5 25@$6 50; other grades unchanged; WHEAT, demand light; Red, $1 25@$1 33. RYE unchanged. CORN unsettled and higher; Yellow, $1 17@$1 20. OATS steady; Pennsylvania and Western, 62c.@64c. PETROLEUM steady; Crude, 18¾c.; Refined, 25¾c.@25½c. COFFEE firm; Rio, 14½c.@17½c; Laguayra, 18½c., gold. SUGAR—Sales 200 hhds. Cuba, at 9½c.@9¾c. PROVISIONS—small business. WHISKY—Sales at $1 03 for wood and $1 05 for iron-bound

LOUISVILLE, April 20.—COTTON firm; Middlings, 21¾c. FLOUR unchanged. GRAIN unchanged. PORK, $29. BACON, 12½c. for Shoulders; 16c. for Clear Rib Sides; 16¼c. for Clear Sides. Bulk MEATS, 11¼c. for Shoulders; 15c.@15¼c. for Clear Sides. LARD, 16¼c. WHISKY, $1. TOBACCO—Sales 247 hhds. at unchanged rates.

CLEVELAND, April 20.—WHEAT firm; No. 1 Red Winter held $1 12; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 05. CORN very firm; Old and New Mixed held 95c. OATS firm; No. 1 State held 55c. RYE held 90c.@95c. BARLEY quiet at 85c.@$1 05 for State and Canada.

MOBILE, Ala., April 20.—COTTON in good demand, and tendency upward; Middling, 21½c.@21¾c.; sales, 1,400 bales; receipts, 208 bales; exports, to New-Orleans, 81 bales; stock, 52,545 bales.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—FLOUR—Receipts large and transactions light; quotations unchanged. WHEAT dull; Superfine, $1 30; strictly Choice, $1 45@$1 60. LEGAL-TENDERS, 89¼.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 20.—COTTON firm and in fair demand; Middling, 22¾c.; sales, 4,500 bales; net receipts, 749 bales; coastwise, 280 bales; total, 1,029 bales; stock, 155,948 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 20.—COTTON in fair demand, and prices have advanced; Middling, 21¾c.; sales, 500 bales; receipts, 1,069 bales; exports, coastwise, 589 bales; stock, 38,234 bales.

MEMPHIS, April 20.—COTTON firmer at 22½c.; receipts, 808 bales. OATS, 65c.@68c. LARD, 16c.@17¼c. PORK, $29. BACON—Shoulders, 12¾c.; Sides, 17c.@17¼c. Bulk MEATS—Shoulders, 11¼c.; Sides, 16c.

NORFOLK, Va., April 20—COTTON firm; Low Middling, 20½c.@21c.; sales, 60 bales; receipts, 425 bales; exports, coastwise, 271 bales; stock, 4,995 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 20.—COTTON firmer and more active; sales, 805 bales; receipts, 174 bales; Middling, 21¼c.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 20.—COTTON firm; Middling, 21¾c.@22c.; sales, 100 bales; receipts, 298 bales; exports, coastwise, 458 bales; stock, 12,070 bales.

BOSTON, April 20.—COTTON dull and unchanged; Middling, 23⅛c.; sales, 300 bales; receipts, 585 bales; stock, 11,000 bales.

GALVESTON, Texas, April 20.—COTTON firm; Good Ordinary, 18¾c.; sales, 500 bales; receipts, 661 bales; stock, 25,624 bales.

DETROIT, April 20.—WHEAT firm; Extra, $1 30; No. 1. $1 21; Regular, $1 66; Amber, $1 08. CORN steady at 90c. OATS, 56c.@57c. for State.

ALBANY, April 20.—Owing to the freshet nothing is doing in the grain market.

[Advertisement.]

HUMAN EYES.—"What they say." Black eyes, blue eyes, hazel eyes, green eyes, creamy eyes, marble eyes, gray eyes, brown eyes. What traits of character are revealed by the eyes? For rich reading on choosing husbands and wives by the color of the eyes, see May number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. Newsmen have it. 30 cents, or $3 a year. S. R. WELLS, Publisher, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

"That's a superb hat, Charley, worn by that gent." "It is that, Ned. It's dollars to dimes that it came from KNOX'S. He's a friend of mine—I'll ask him where he got it." "If it came from KNOX'S, I'm off for No. 212 Broadway for one just like it." Of course the hat came from KNOX'S. No other hat so attracts the eye by its beauty and style. That's so.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 20—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Port Hastings	S. W.	Hazy	37
Portland	N. W.	Raining	40
Boston	N. W.	Cloudy	50
New-York	S. W.	Clear	55
Philadelphia	S. W.	Clear	47
Wilmington, Del.	N. E.	Clear	48
Washington	N. E.	Cloudy	45
Fortress Monroe	S. W.	Clear	44
Richmond	N.	Clear	53
Charleston	W.	Clear	62
Savannah	W. S. W.	Cloudy	61
Augusta, Ga.	W.	Cloudy	56
Oswego	N. E.	Raining	—
Buffalo	E.	Raining	50
Pittsburg	S. W.	Cloudy	45
Chicago	N. W.	Raining	47
Mobile	N.	Clear	65
New-Orleans	N.	Clear	62
Key West	S. E.	Clear	75
Havana	—	Clear	74

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Hermann	April 21	New-York	Bremen.
City of Washington	[illegible]	New-York	Liverpool.
Union	[illegible]	New-York	Bremen.
France	April 23	New-York	Liverpool.

FOR ASPINWALL, HAVANA, ETC.

Arizona	[illegible]	New-York	Aspinwall.
Morro Castle	[illegible]	New-York	Havana.
Merrimack	[illegible]	New-York	Rio.
Cleopatra	April 23	New-York	Havana.

Foreign Mails Close at Post-Office.

THURSDAY.

For Havana, Nassau and the West Indies, by the *Morro Castle*, at 2 P. M. For Aspinwall, Panama, and Central and South Pacific ports, by the *Henry Chauncey*, at 10:30 A. M. For Europe, via Southampton and Bremen, by the *Hermann*, at 12 M. Supplementary mail, for [illegible] letters only, on pier at foot of Third-street, Hoboken, until 1:30 P. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 3 P. M.
North, through via H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	7 A. M.
East, via New-Haven	7 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	7 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

APRIL 20.—*In steam-ship Cuba, for Liverpool.*—G. W. Osler, J. Lupton, Miss Mattie D. Breen, A. C. Baldwin, Mrs. C. Habicht and servant, O'Neill Bayley, Rev. H. W. Knapp, Rev. T. M. Weston, D. French, B. Tinch, J. Grose, Miss A. C. Bracher, Miss E. M. Livingston, Mrs. L. Egleston, Mrs. S. MacVickar, Mr. and Mrs. T. Rutherford and child, Mr. and Mrs. Seaverns and child, W. H. Gall, Miss Johnson, Mrs. Williamson and daughter, Master J. Kellogg, Otto Jaffer, Rev. J. P. Kellogg and wife, S. W. Baldwin, D. D. Baldwin, J. N. Pastor, Mrs. Sheppard, Mrs. Hutton, J. Hutton, Miss Maggie Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. Lockmeyer, Mrs. Butcher and servant, J. Dixon, J. Steinberg, J. Don, W. E. Brand, W. P. Jaffrey, L. W. Kennard, R. L. Kennard, L. D. Howell, Mrs. E. Lane, Mrs. A. Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. E. V. McKinn, 4 children and 2 nurses, H. Bloodgood, Thos. Deacon, W. Parsons, C. H. Jackson, J. Lever, Mrs. L. Dana, Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Wright, child and nurse, Mrs. R. B. Hackett, Miss Hackett, Miss J. Bates, Miss Mary Bates, Miss Edith Lombard, Prof. and Mrs. J. S. Lombard, J. C. Jackson, John Orpe, A. Mitten, E. T. Steele.

APRIL 20.—*In steam-ship Nevada, for Liverpool.*—Mrs. and Miss Ward, Mr. and Mrs. H. Partow, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson and two children, Mrs. E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Freeman, Master Francis Freeman, Dr. A. R. Strachan, Mr. J. E. Percival, Master Percival, Mr. W. K. Kitchen, Mr. John Cartledge, Miss Achert, Miss Mary Cartledge, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Farr, Master John Farr, infant and nurse, Rev. A. H. Hilliard, Isidor Woetshon, Fred. Hostock, Mr. Thompson, H. C. Whipple, J. R. Partridge, Mme. Isabella Cantine, E. H. Hall, Mrs. Kate Troy, Mr. Murray, S. J. Pardissus, A. L. McDonald, Will A. Kissam, Mrs. J. G. Wright, Mrs. J. W. Wright and three children, Col. Sidney, A. A. Allen, Miss Phillips.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Huntsville, from Savannah.—T. D. Elliott, Mrs. T. D. Elliott, Mrs. Elliott, A. Sturgess, Rev. G. A. Hartley and wife, Mrs. Ann Diaz.

APRIL 20.—*In steam-ship Columbia, from Havana.*—Domingo Gomez, Salvador Ferrer, M. Zincadda, Frank Hay Newton and servant, John Bradney and servant, M. Gonnie and wife, Mrs. E. Saportas, family and nurse, Mrs. E. Cassaigne, Miss Josefa Trisan, Daniel Thomas, Benj. Thomas.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 13 | Sun sets...... 6 45 | Moon rises.12 19

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.12 17 | Gov. Island. 1 06 | Hell Gate.. 2 28

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, April 20.

Cleared.

Steamers Thomas Swan, Pitt, South Amboy; E. C. Biddle, McCue, Philadelphia.

Barks Lamplighter, Beach, Brunswick, Ga., T. M. Mayhew & Co.; Yokohama, Paul, Hong Kong, A. A. Low & Bros.; Hellespont, Crowell, Buenos Ayres, R. W. Ropes & Co.

Brigs F. Nash, (Br.,) Ray, Matanzas, W. Ray & Co.; Raleigh, (Br.,) McCarty, London, Arkell & Tufts; M. E. Corning, (Br.,) Gandy, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Smile, (Br.,) Richards, Bristol, G. F. Bulley; Sparkling Water, Hichborn, Cardenas, Walsh, Field & Way; D. R. Stockwell, Smith, Montevideo and Rosario, J. Norton, Jr.; Martha, Cassidy, Mobile, J. D. Hurlburt & Son.

Schrs. Adelia, (Br.,) Gilliott, Bear River, N. S., Heney & Parker; Mary Ellen, Hubbard, Eleuthera, J. Douglass; Frances French, Throckmorton, Eleuthera, Jas. Douglass; Frank Howard, Demot, Para, B. J. Wenberg; Hattie McClintock, Norfolk, C. E. Staples & Co.; H. Nichols, Dupuy, Richmond, Van Brunt & Slaght; Zeta Rea, Thompson, Norfolk, S. C. Loud & Co.; J. F. Farland, Collum, Cienfuegos, A. Abbott; W. T. Burden, Adams, Baltimore, Van Brunt & Slaght.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Columbia, Van Sice, Havana April 16, with mdse. and passengers to Atlantic Mail Steamship Co. April 19, off Hatteras, passed schr. King Bird, (Br.,) bound N.; same day, 45 miles N. from Hatteras, passed schr. Galena, bound N. The bark Carrier Dove, from —, arrived at Havana April 16.

Steam-ship Huntsville, Crowell, Savannah April 17, with mdse. and passengers to R. Lowden.

Bark Eintracht, (N. G.,) Hintze, Shields 72 ds., with coal to Funch, Edye & Co. Came the southern passage, and had heavy westerly gales the first part, during which split sails, stove bulwarks, and was obliged to throw some coal overboard.

Bark Teresa, (of Curacao,) Galle, Maracaibo 20 ds., with coffee to Maitland, Phelps & Co. Has had light winds the entire passage.

Bark Anton, (N. G.,) Fricke, Bremen 31 ds., with mdse. and 151 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Came the middle passage, and had fine weather.

Bark Preciosa, (Swed.,) Lindaren, Girgenti 79 ds., with sulphur to Wendt, Tetens & Bockmann. Came the southern passage and had variable weather.

Bark H. D. Stover, Pierce, Trinidad de Cuba 18 ds., with sugar to Latasse & Co.—vessel to James E. Ward & Co.

Brig Messina, (of Digby, N. S.,) Leavy, Aracaibo, P. R., 19 ds., with sugar to Geo. A. Phillips & Collins. Has had westerly gales most of the passage.

Brig Fanny, (Swe.,) Boden, Malaga 48 ds., via Gibraltar 42 ds., with wine and lead to S. E. Amsinck & Co., vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Had westerly gales the first part of passage; the latter part light winds and calms; April 10 and 11, lat. 24, lon. 50, had a gale from N. W. to S. E., during which shipped heavy seas.

Brig Herman, (of Stockton,) Hitchborn, Matanzas 10 ds., with sugar to Harvey Barnes. Sld. in company with bark Arthur Kinsman and brig J. H. Lane, for Boston.

Brig Alexander Nickels, Rosebrook, Havana 18 ds., with sugar to Thompson & Hunter. April 9, lat. 33, lon. 76 30, in a gale from N. E., shipped a sea which stove bulwarks, &c.; has been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. gales.

Brig San Pietro, (Ital.,) Lauro, Castellamare 76 ds., via Gibraltar 40 ds., with fruit to Chamberlain, Phelps & Co. Has had westerly gales the entire passage.

Brig E. McLeod, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) McLeod, Demerara 25 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to Jeremiah Laycraft. April 16, lat. 35 11, lon. 71 50, spoke brig Camille, hence for Cuba.

Schr. Willie, (of Belize, Hon.,) Reeyse, Truxillo 19 ds., with mdse to G. Wessels. Has had light winds and calms on the passage; April 5, saw a ship ashore on Colorado Reef, all masts and yards standing, painted black, with white ports, of about 700 tons burden; the wreckers were alongside, and appeared to have been ashore but a short time; 10th, saw a ship ashore on the Bahamas, 5 miles north of Memory Rock, with all her masts and yards standing, and sails on the yards; a number of wreckers were around her, and appeared to have just gone ashore; was about 600 tons burden, painted black, with white ports.

Schr. Dexter Washburn, (of Boston,) Harkness, Trinidad de Cuba 14 ds., with sugar to Latassa & Co.—vessel to Bryan & Pease. Sld. in co. with brig R. M. Hassell, for New-York; left in port brigs Oroit and Sharon, for New-York, ldg.

Schr. Alpha, (of East Machias,) Munson, Manzanilla 23 ds., via New-London April 18, with palm leaf, &c., to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. H. Carmon, Burtis, of Harrington, Curtis, Arroyo, P. R., 15 ds., with sugar, &c., to J. V. Onativia & Co.—vessel to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. Emma Gilliat, (of Annapolis, N. S.,) Jones, Arroyo, P. R., 19 ds., with sugar and molasses to Moller & Theband—vessel to Heney & Parker.

Schr. S. C. Evans, Tuthill, Cienfuegos 12 ds., with sugar to Brugiere & Aviles—vessel to A. Abbott. Has had fine weather.

Schr. Glengarry, Yates, Matanzas 10 ds., with molasses to Yates & Porterfield.

Schr. Isaac C. Hertz, Clinton, Baracoa 10 ds., with fruit to Joseph Eneas—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Ella Matthews, McElwee, Jacksonville 11 ds., with lumber to John W. Bussell.

Schr. Wave Crest, Davis, Jacksonville 12 ds., with lumber to Van Brunt & Slaght.

Schr. Ann E. Valentine, Baylis, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to Edwards & Co.

Schr. Helen M. Condon, (of Belfast, Me.,) McDonald, Jacksonville 11 ds., with lumber to R. Fairchild.

Schr. Mary Curley, (Br.,) Mealey, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Briggs & Chapman.

Schr. Ann Twibell, Edwards, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Nathaniel Holmes, Northup, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. C. J. Errickson, Smith, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Connecticut, Stevens, Elizabethport, for Pawtucket.

Schr. G. W. Crouch, Smith, Elizabethport, for Black Rock.

Schr. T. P. Cooper, Sleeper, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. Margaret Jane, Atwood, Elizabethport, for Haverstraw.

Schr. E. Nelson Hall, Jones, Elizabethport, for Cromwell, Conn.

Schr. Chas. L. Hulse, Niel, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Dwight Davidson, Smith, Virginia for New-Haven.

Schr. Morning Star, Lynch, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Baltic, Keene, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Capitol, Staples, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Gen. Scott, Hopper, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Henrietta, Davis, Saybrook, for Rondout.

Schr. Racer, Howard, Providence.

Schr. A. G. Pease, Raynor, New-Haven.

Schr. Mary Tice, Tice, Newport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Eclipse, Sammis, Norwalk.

Schr. Clara Post, Ferris, Portchester.

Schr. Moses G. Leonard, Linnman, Virginia.

Schr. J. J. Ward, Inman, Baltimore, with coal.

Schr. John Mosser, Cubberly, Virginia.

Schr. Ann and Amelia, Hutchinson, Virginia.

Schr. Maria, Marting, Virginia.

Schr. R. Mason, Egbert, Virginia.

Schr. Wm. Myrick, Decker, Virginia.

Schr. Annie Freeman, Wright, Virginia.

Schr. Sunnyside, Wright, Virginia.

Schr. Sunny South, Lawson, Virginia.

WIND—At sunset, moderate, S. clear.

Sailed.

Steam-ships Cuba and Nevada, for Liverpool; ships Zouave, for Cadiz; Bessie Parker, for St. John, N. B.; Chandos and Tecumseh, for San Francisco; barks Alert, for Cronstadt; Goethe and Hattie M., for Bremen; Queen of the Fleet, for Rotterdam; M. E. Corning, for Havre; St. Ursula, for Rio Janeiro; Emily, for Buenos Ayres; Tynedale, for Miramichi; brigs Amy A. Lane and Maurice, for Cadiz; Maria Crowell, for Bahia; Camilla, for Kingston, Jam.; Montrose, for St. Jago; Jura and Wm. McKeon, for St. John's, N. F.; Annie Seymour, for Bermuda; E. F. Du[illegible], for —; schrs. King Dove, for Para; Louise S[illegible], for Jacksonville; Speculator, for —.

Notice to Mariners.

CHARLESTON HARBOR, S. C.—UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Range Lights for the Main Ship, or Pumpkin Hill Channel.

Notice is hereby given, that on the night of May 1, 1870, and on every night thereafter, from sunset to sunrise, the two lights on Morris Island, designed to serve as a range for the Main Ship, or Pumpkin Hill Channel, into Charleston Harbor, will be exhibited.

The front Beacon is a wooden structure, 15 feet in height, surmounted by a lantern, and painted [illegible], from which a fixed white lens light of the 5th order, illuminating the entire horizon, will be shown.

The rear Beacon is an open-work wooden structure below, and one room closed under the lantern, [illegible] in height, painted black, from which a fixed red light, of the 5th order, will be shown.

To cross the Bar, and enter Charleston Harbor through the Main Ship, or Pumpkin Hill Channel, bring these lights in range, and keep in on a W. by ¾ N. course, until the Weehawken light vessel bears due north, when steer for and pass her on the [illegible] hand.

Rattlesnake Shoals Light Vessel.

Upon the exhibition of the Morris Island range lights on the night of May 1, 1870, the Rattlesnake Shoals light-vessel will be restored to her old station, in 5½ fathoms water, with the east end of Rattlesnake Shoals bearing N. by W.; Front Beacon (range) Morris Island, bearing W. by S. ¼ S.; Fort Sumter W. ¾ N.; and the north end of Sullivan's Island, N. W. by W. ¼ W.

By order of the Lighthouse Board,

W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office Lighthouse Board, Washington, D. C., April 7, 1870.

LONDON, April 20.—A light-ship has been stationed at a point 40 miles S. W. ½ W. from Land's End. It will show a black cone at the masthead during the day and a globular light at night, and during fogs a bell will be rung and guns fired every fifteen minutes. The light-ship will add greatly to the safety of vessels passing through either channel.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 20.—Arr. steamer Nereus, from New-York; ship W. J. Hatfield, from London; bark Barracouta, from Messina.

Sld. Steam-ship Palmyra, for New-York.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 20.—Arr. steam-ships Manhattan, from New-York; Falcon, from Baltimore; schrs. J. S. Clark, from Philadelphia.

Sld. schrs. H. A. Hunt, for Baltimore; C. H. Paton, for Georgetown, D. C.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., April 20.—Passed in for Baltimore brig Anchor, Harbor, from Liverpool.

PROVINCETOWN, April 20.—In port brig W. A. Rogers, from Porto Rico, for Boston.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—Arr. ship Globe, from Liverpool.

Sld. ship Mary Bangs, for Kong Kong; bark Niobe, for Liverpool.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 20.—Cld. steam-ship Alhambra, for Boston; schrs. Daniel Pierson, for Boston; Samuel Castner, Darien, to load for New-York.

Arr. steam-ships San Salvador and Montgomery, from New-York; brig Abbey Ellen, from New-York; schr. B. H. Jones, Richmond.

Marine Disaster.

LIVERPOOL, April 20.—The ship Paragon, which cleared from Cardiff March 30, for Quebec, put back and arrived at Milford Haven leaking.

Spoken, &c.

Ceres—Brig, from Cienfuegos, for New-York, April 5, in lat. 21 42, lon. 84.

Esk—Brig, from Cienfuegos, for New-York, April 9, off Cape Antonio.

Juno—Brig, from Cienfuegos, for New-York, April 15, lat. 33 12, lon. 79 30.

Dove—Brig, from Cienfuegos, for Halifax, April 15.

Edith Hall—Brig, from Cienfuegos, for New-York, off the Capes of Virginia.

Eveline—Schr., for Barbados, April 13, lat. 33, lon. 70 15.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, April 20.—The steam-ship Missouri arrived this morning from New-York; also, bark Rosevelt, from New-York.

LIVERPOOL, April 20.—The steam-ship Sirius, from Liverpool, for Calcutta, was spoken off Ceylon 15th inst., proceeding for destination.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrived Out.

BREST, April 20.—The steam-ship Bellona, of the London and New-York line, arrived today from New-York.

LONDONDERRY, April 20.—The steam-ship Dorian, from New-York, for Glasgow, arrived today.

AIR-LINE ROUTE.

THE FIRST MORTGAGE

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS

OF THE

New-Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad Company of Connecticut

ARE BEING ABSORBED AS RAPIDLY AS THE WANTS OF THE COMPANY REQUIRE. The line is located between New-Haven and Willimantic, is fifty-two miles in length, and forms the CONNECTING LINK IN THE AIR-LINE ROUTE between New-York and Boston, reducing the distance TWENTY-SEVEN MILES, and the time about one hour.

One-half of the Road will be completed and Trains running early in May; two-thirds of the total cost of the enterprise has already been expended; nearly three thousand men are engaged on the work, and before the close of the year it is expected the WHOLE LINE WILL BE IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.

The FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS present an attractive investment. They bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST, payable half yearly—May and November, in New-York—FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX, AND FROM STATE AND LOCAL TAXES IN CONNECTICUT; are issued in denominations of $500 and $1,000, and can, at the option of the holder, be REGISTERED, with or without coupons attached.

This deservedly popular Security possesses advantages which will always make it a FAVORITE INVESTMENT, and one which must be constantly in demand.

PRICE PAR AND INTEREST.

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Bankers and Dealers in Government Securities,

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SPRING OVERCOATS—Tweeds, Cassimeres and Waterproofs, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING OVERCOATS—Silk Mixtures, Tricots and Fine Cloths, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING OVERCOATS—Fine Meltons, Coatings and Crepes, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING OVERCOATS—All the Newest Colorings and Mixtures, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING SUITS—In Fancy Cassimeres, Tweeds and Flannels, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING SUITS—In Silk Mixtures, Cheviots and Tricots, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING SUITS—In Plaid, Striped and Diagonal Cassimeres, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

SPRING SUITS—In English Meltons, Coatings and Cassimeres, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

BOYS' SUITS—Garibaldi, Bismarck and Sailor Suits, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

BOYS' SUITS—For Home, School and Dress, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

BOYS' SUITS—All the Favorite Designs and Most Fashionable Materials, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

BOYS' SUITS—For all ages, from 3 to 15 years, at FREEMAN & BURR'S.

ORDERS BY MAIL ATTENDED TO with care and punctuality. The easy and accurate system of SELF-MEASURE introduced by FREEMAN & BURR enables them to send clothing to any part of the country, and guarantee PERFECT FITTING.

RULES FOR SELF-MEASURE, Patterns of Goods, Prices and Fashion Plate sent free on application.

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